PASSIVE VOICE

BASIC PASSIVE STRUCTURE.

Facebook is commonly used in eastern countries

A new brand of car will be released soon

Where was it stolen?

English is being all over the world

Passive Voice with BY + agent. We use BY when the agent is important.

The future will be dominated by a minority

The door was closed by the wind

The Guernica was painted by

In all of these cases, the agent is essential. Otherwise, the sentences are unfinished



We do not use BY + agent when the agent is not specific: by someone, by them, ...

The criminal was arrested

Nobody was hurt

It will be hidden

BE ALLOWED TO / BE SUPPOSED TO. These structures are passive in themselves.

Present: You're not allowed to be here

What I allowed to do now?

Where are we allowed to sit?

..... we allowed to stay?

Past: They allowed to speak

She allowed to sit the exam

Future neg: You allowed to leave

Present: You're not supposed to be here

What I supposed to do now?

Past: They were supposed to help

You supposed to pay

PASSIVE SENTENCES WITH PREPOSITIONS

The managers will speak to you as soon as possible

= You will be spoken to by the manager as soon as possible

I know they spoke about me at the party

= I know I was at the party

She took care of the baby all day

= The baby was all day

CAUSATIVE When another person (usually a professional) is the one who did a job for us, we use a specific HAVE + SOMETHING + DONE (GB) passive structure: GET + SOMETHING + DONE (USA) This is also called THE CAUSATIVE. I had my car repaired = I got my car repaired (= the mechanic repaired my car) She'll have her room decorated (= a designer will decorate her room) our hair cut (= a hairdresser will cut our hair) She has had her eyes tested (=an optician.....) We have got our bikes checked (=a mechanic) TWO-OBJECT SENTENCES (Direct + Indirect object) Two-object verbs: send, give, promise, offer, teach, pass, write,... They sent him a letter A letter was sent to him He was sent a letter She promised us a new car NON-PERSONAL or IMPERSONAL PASSIVE SENTENCES Impersonal sentences do not have a clear subject (general). ACTIVE PASSIVE People say It is said It was People commented People will suggest It will People imagine that the crisis will be over It that the crisis will be over People believed soon It believed soon People have known It known

INFINITIVE PASSIVE.

1.Introductory verbs

She <u>hopes</u> c<u>hose</u>n

The baby to be fed

Shetold everything

Weshouted at

I lovehugged

2. To refer to the present or future we use present simple infinitive.

It is believed that he is a good manager.

= He is believed to be a good manager.

It is known that those people are criminals

= Theycriminals

To refer to an activity in progress at the moment of speaking we use present continuous infinitive.

It is rumored that inflation is increasing.

= Inflation is rumored to be increasing.

It was generally believed that things were improving

= Things were generally improving

To refer to the past we use perfect infinitive.

It is said that they suffered huge losses last year.

= They are said to have suffered huge losses last year.

It is worldwide known that they got over the crisis

= They the crisis

We use this structure for newspaper reporting or formal structures

Complete these sentences with the missing words.

ACTIVE	IMPERSONAL PASSIVE	INFINITIVE PASSIVE
People say inflation is over	It is said inflation is over	Inflation is said to be over
They expect the economy will expand	It is the economy will expand.	The economy expected expand
They believe he's a good manager	lt	He