

1 Przeczytaj tekst. Z podanych odpowiedzi wybierz właściwą, zgodną z tekstem. Zakreśl literę A, B lub C.

Do you like dancing? What sort of dancing do you like? A lot of people today think that teenagers now only like modern music and dancing, but this isn't true! Yes, a lot of teenagers like going to clubs to meet their friends and dance, but some are interested in a new dance hobby.

What is it? Switch on your TV and you can see lots of programmes about dancing. In every country, there are popular dancing competitions, and the dancers are famous people. Every week, they learn a new dance, and perform it on a TV show. There are three or four people who watch, and decide which dancers are the best. They win a prize. These dances are often difficult, and sometimes the dancers fall over! But the programmes are very popular all over the world.

Everyone watches them because they want to see who the winner is. They also watch them now, because they like the dancing. Suddenly, everyone wants to learn to dance like them! And now there are lots of schools where you can learn these different types of dancing! Most of the dances are from different countries, and they are difficult to learn, like the tango from Argentina. But it's great fun and it is good exercise too!

- 1 Teenagers today like
 - A to have a lot of friends.
 - B to change their hobbies often.
 - C to go dancing.
- 2 The TV programmes are about
 - A a new sort of dance.
 - B dance competitions.
 - C the lives of famous people.

- 3 You can see these programmes

- A not very often.
- B in the USA.
- C in many countries.

- 4 The text is about

- A dancing.
- B TV dance shows.
- C dance schools.

2 Uzupełnij poniższe minidialogi (1–4), wybierając brakującą wypowiedź jednej z osób. Zakreśl literę A, B albo C.

- 1 X: ____

Y: No, I don't.

- A Is sport your hobby?
- B Do you collect anything?
- C How old is your dog?

- 2 X: How do you usually go to your yoga class?

Y: ____

- A On Mondays.
- B At 8:00 am.
- C On foot.

- 3 X: I don't like reading newspapers.

Y: ____

- A Why not?
- B I don't.
- C Do you like it?

- 4 X: Do you go to the theatre?

Y: Yes, ____.

- A hardly ever
- B sometimes
- C never

- 5 X: ____

Y: Certainly. How can I help you?

- A I'd like some information, please.
- B Can you tell me what time the film starts?
- C Do you need any help?

3. Z podanych słów utwórz pytania w czasie *present simple*.

- 1 Why / you / like / computer games?

- 2 your brother / often / play basketball?

- 3 Where / Ben and Jim / live?

- 4 Why / our teacher / always / give us homework on Fridays?

- 5 your friends / go to school / by bus?

4 Połącz odpowiednie fragmenty zdań.

- 1 I often chat ____
- 2 I always take ____
- 3 We hardly ever watch ____
- 4 My friend plays the ____
- 5 My mum doesn't do ____
- 6 I sometimes draw ____
- A a lot of sport.
- B guitar in a band.
- C online with my friends.
- D lots of photos on holiday.
- E films on my laptop.
- F pictures of my family.

5 Uzupełnij zdania odpowiednimi rzeczownikami.

- 1 We can eat burgers in a _____.
- 2 We can take out books from a _____.
- 3 We can see old things in a _____.
- 4 We can watch football matches at a _____.
- 5 We can watch films at a _____.

6. Z podanych słów ułóż zdania w czasie *present simple*. Dodaj potrzebne słowa.

- 1 you / do / what / on Friday evenings / ?

- 2 how / your sister / get to school / ?

- 3 read books / I / ever / in German / hardly / .

- 4 to a party with her / my sister/ takes me / sometimes / .

- 5 she / always / so much time at home / spend / ?

7 Uzupełnij zdania odpowiednimi słowami. Dwa słowa nie pasują do żadnego zdania.

books out take draw chat do listen

- 1 My dad is in London now, but we often _____ online in the evenings.
- 2 I collect _____ by American authors.
- 3 Me and my brother _____ sports every day.
- 4 Brain doesn't go _____ with friends very often because he has guitar lessons every day.
- 5 I want to make a family tree so I _____ photos of every aunt and uncle I meet.

8. Uzupełnij poniższe zdania odpowiednimi formami czasu *Present simple* czasowników podanych w nawiasach

1. Peter and his friends _____ to school by bus. (go)
2. Elephants _____ leaves and grass. (eat)
3. David's father _____ in a hospital. (work)
4. The bank opens at 9.30 and _____ at 4.30. (close)
5. Tom and Jim _____ football every day after school. (play)
6. Mr Jones is a teacher. He _____ History. (teach)
7. Our lessons _____ at 9.00 and _____ at 3.30. (start / finish)
8. My pen friend _____ in Japan. (live)
9. Mary and her brother _____ cartoons every Sunday morning. (watch)

Name

Class

10. John _____ his room every day. (tidy)

**9. Poniższe zdania uzupełnij formą przeczącą
Present simple od czasownika podanego
nawiasie**

1. Tommy (live) _____ at 107 Pine Lane.

2. Juana (cook) _____ dinner for her family.

3. They (eat) _____ lunch at 12:00.

4. Nina (take) _____ medicine when she is sick.

5. I (like) _____ chocolate.

6. He (drive) _____ a nice car.

7. We (want) _____ to see a movie tonight.

8. Mr. Anderson (teach) _____ chemistry at Hill
High School.

9. They (study) _____ English at school.

10. I (want) _____ to go home now.