

STUDENT'S WORKSHEET 2

PRESENT PERFECT TENSE

Name :

Class :

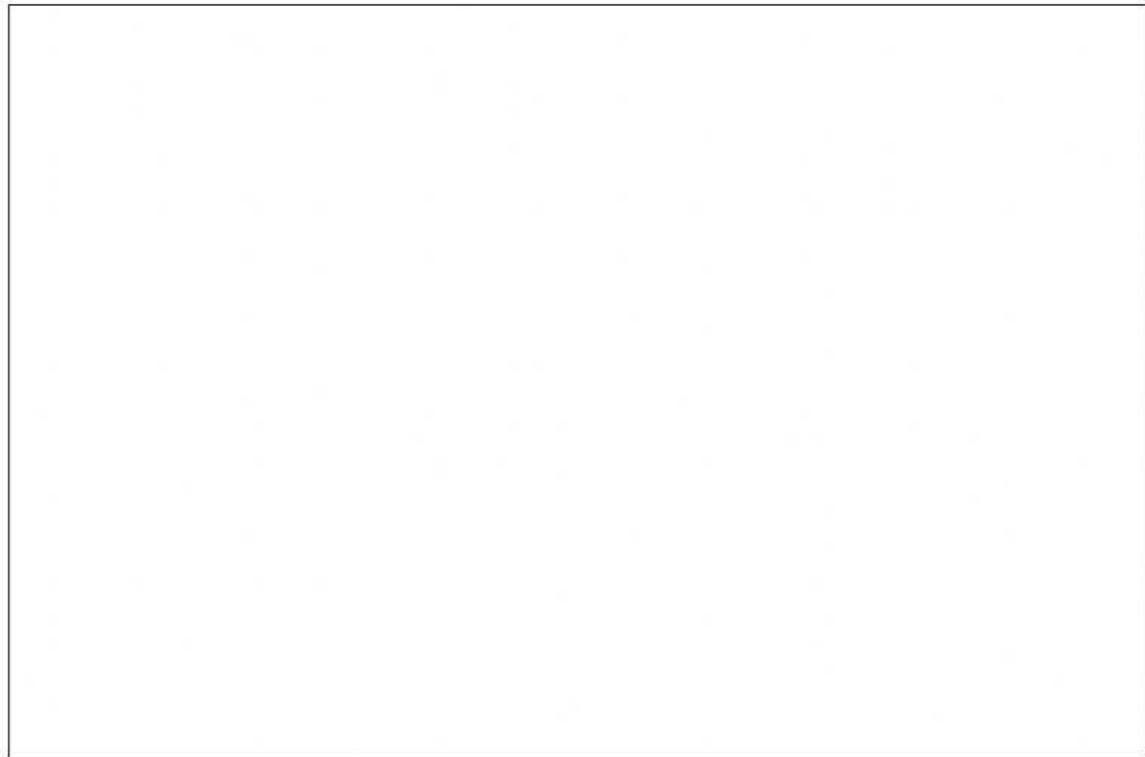
A. INSTRUCTION:

1. Watch carefully the video about the use, the sentence structure, and the characteristics of "Present Perfect Tense"!
2. Read the addition explanation to help you more about why we use "Present Perfect Tense"!
3. Do the exercise correctly based on what you have learned on video and the reading material!
4. Use your English dictionary to help you find the meaning of some difficult words in this Student's Worksheet!

B. MATERIALS

a) Activity 1

Watch carefully the following video and study well the explanation about "Present Perfect Tense"!



b) **Activity 2**

Read and study the following addition explanation about "Present Perfect Tense" to help you more understand about this material!

★ Present Perfect Tense indicates:

1. An action that happened in an indefinite time in the past (suatu perbuatan/peristiwa yang terjadi di waktu yang tidak bisa ditentukan di waktu lampau)

Examples:

- John has travelled around the world. (We don't know when)
- She has never met the manager.

2. An action that happened more than one in the past (Suatu perbuatan/peristiwa yang terjadi lebih dari satu kali di waktu lampau)

Examples:

- I have visited Bali three times
- Jeane has read the book many times

3. An action that has recently occurred (Suatu kegiatan/peristiwa yang baru saja terjadi)

Examples:

- We have just arrived here.
- Maya has just gone to the office.

4. An action that happened repeatedly before now (Suatu perbuatan/peristiwa yang terjadi berulang kali di waktu lampau)

Examples:

- I have always seen him on the bus stop at 7 o'clock
- We have usually been at school until late night

5. An action that began in the past and is still occurring in the present (Suatu perbuatan/peristiwa yang dimulai di waktu lampau dan masih terjadi sampai saat ini)

Examples:

- Brenda has lived in Surabaya for 5 years
- John and Jeni have lived in the same house since 1970

- ◆ The sentence structure/form of Present Perfect Tense are:

Forms:

- (+) Subject + have/has + Verb₃ +
- (-) Subject + haven't/hasn't + Verb₃ +
- (?) Have/has + Subject + Verb₃ +

Note:

Subjects : I, you, we, they and plural form use 'have'

Subjects : He, she, it, singular form use 'has'

- ◆ The language features (characteristics) of Present Perfect tense:

1. Use Verb 3

- There are both regular and irregular verbs:
 - a. Regular Verb 3 (kata kerja beraturan)

Verb 1	Verb 3
Close	Closed
Turn	Turned
Play	Played
Study	Studied
Visit	Visited

- b. Irregular Verb 3 (kata kerja tidak beraturan)

Verb 1	Verb 3
Eat	Eaten
Write	Written
Read	Read
Sleep	Slept
Cut	Cut

2. Use adverb of time "For" and "Since"

- ✓ Use 'for' + duration of time: *for* five years, *for* five hours, *for* ten minutes

Example:

I have watched TV *for* ten minutes

- ✓ Use 'since' + beginning time: *since* 1970, *since* five o'clock, *since* January, *since* two hours ago

Example:

I have watched TV *since* this morning

3. Use the word "Already" or "Yet"

- ✓ '*Already*' is used to indicate that something has happened. It is used in affirmative/positive sentence

Example:

I *have already* done my homework

- ✓ '*Yet*' is used to indicate that something hasn't happened. It is used in negative sentence

Example:

I *haven't* done my homework *yet*

4. Use adverbial words "Just (baru saja)", "Ever (pernah)", "Never (tidak pernah)"

C. EXERCISES

Activity 1

Complete the following sentences with correct word in the box!

1. I two bananas today.
2. Winda the movie twice.
3. Riana and Yusuf each other since 2012.
4. The students the classroom. Now, they study English comfortably.
5. his lost motorcycle?

Have met

Have eaten

Has he found

Has watched

Have cleaned

Activity 2

Choose the correct answer!

1. Yanti : Can I have this newspaper?
Doni : Yes, I with it.
a. finished
b. have finished
c. haven't finished
d. has finished

2. Bobby : What are you looking for, Dimas?

Dimas : I can't find my umbrella. Somebody it.
a. Steal
b. Stole
c. Has stolen
d. Have stolen

3. George : Are Diane and Paul here?

Catherine : No, they
a. Haven't arrived yet
b. Hasn't arrived yet
c. Have already arrived
d. Has already arrived

4. Santi : Are you hungry?

Fani : No,
a. I've just had breakfast
b. I haven't had breakfast yet
c. I ate breakfast this morning
d. I didn't eat breakfast this morning

5. Naomi : Gerry, do you know Rudy Dewantara?
Gerry : Sure. I him for three years. We still meet once a month. Why?
Naomi : He's my cousin. He passed away yesterday.
Gerry : Really? Oh... I'm sorry to hear that.

a. Know
b. Knew
c. Has known
d. Have known

Activity 3

Complete the following sentences with "for" or "since"! Choose the best answer! Number one is the example!

1. I haven't seen you for three days.
2. We have been here March.

since

for

3. She hasn't spoken to me years.

since

for

4. They have lived in this town 10 years ago.

since

for

5. I haven't had time to do it I was ill.

since

for

6. It hasn't rained here more than a month.

since

for

If you have finished doing this worksheet, please click **FINISH** and choose **via e-mail** so that your teacher can check your score in her e-mail.

Send this worksheet to ikapujirahu82@gmail.com