

- A: Is it true that some young offenders **‘like be / being** in prison because they have a better life inside than outside? **ex.1**
- B: Yeah. That’s definitely true. One of my mates was homeless ¹___ he came ²___ prison. He was worried ³___ being released – ⁴___ prison he got food and clean clothes and a warm cell. Outside, he was living in a box ⁵___ the street. The day he was released, he walked ⁶___ the prison car park and smashed the windows on five cars in the car park. He was back here ⁷___ a few days.
- A: Hm, well, that brings me to another point. The government **‘want to improve / improving** conditions in young offenders’ prisons. But some people say that this is wrong. They say that these are young people who have committed crimes and they **‘should to be punished / be punished**. One prison guard said, ‘They have education, they have a gym and television – it’s like a holiday camp!’ What do you say to that?
- B: But it’s not a holiday camp – we can’t see our friends or our family. Doors are locked. I don’t want to go back there. If you want young people to change, you **‘can’t lock / to lock** them in a cell and **‘expect them changing / to change**. You **‘have to educate / educating** them and **‘make them believe / to believe** that there is a better life in front of them. Simple as that.

Read the interview again and choose the correct answer, A, B or C, for gaps 1–7.

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| 1 A after | B before | C during |
| 2 A onto | B by | C into |
| 3 A about | B for | C of |
| 4 A on | B to | C in |
| 5 A by | B on | C along |
| 6 A into | B in | C on |
| 7 A with | B before | C in |

