

## Nepromjenjive vrste riječi

### 1. Zadatak ima dva dijela.

Pozorno **PROČITAJ** rečenicu.

Tom je **polako** došao **do** ograde **s** četkom **i** kanticom u ruci.

Odaberi točnu tvrdnju:

- 1) U rečenici su istaknute **promjenjive riječi**.
- 2) U rečenici su istaknute **nepromjenjive riječi**.

### 2. POVEŽI rečenicu s vrstom priloga koji u njoj prepoznaješ.

|                                           |                  |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Tomu je <b>ubrzo</b> ponestalo energije.  | mjesni prilog    |
| Ben Rogers prilazio je sve <b>bliže</b> . | vremenski prilog |
| -Tome!-pozdravio ga je <b>veselo</b> .    | načinski prilog  |

### 3. Poveži rečenice s pitanjima na koja odgovaraju istaknuti prilozi.

|                                          |       |
|------------------------------------------|-------|
| <b>Ovuda</b> je upravo prošao Jim.       | Gdje? |
| <b>Ovdje</b> ima mjesta samo za jednoga. | Kamo? |
| Tetka me <b>onamo</b> poslala.           | Kuda? |

### 4. U svakoj rečenici odaberi prijedlog.

Tom se pojavi ispred tetke Polly.

Ona je sjedila uz otvoren prozor.

U vrtu su pjevale ptice.

5. Odaberi jesu li **TOČNO** ili **NETOČNO** napisani prijedlozi k/ka i s/sa u sljedećim rečenicama:

- a) Kad se Tom uputio ka Benu, već je pala večer.
- b) Ponio je sa sobom praćku.
- c) Sa Benom se nije često družio.
- d) Zajedno su se uputili ka knjižnici.

6. Odaberi veznike u sljedećim rečenicama:

Tom i Sid morali su ići spavati u deset sati.

Slušali su otkucaje sata, ali ih oni nisu uspavali.

Sutradan su zakasnili u školu pa ih je tetka kaznila.

7. Odaberi rečenice u kojima prepoznaješ **USKLIKE**:

- A) Tome, požuri se, zakasnit ćemo!
- B) Oh, kad će više ta nedjelja!
- C) Eh, Tome, kad bi to bilo samo tako!

8. Odaberi rečenice u kojima prepoznaješ **ČESTICE**:

- A) Zar je Tom zaboravio na svojega prijatelja?
- B) Uskoro će se dječaci naći pred školom.
- C) Ne, Tom svoje prijatelje nikad ne zaboravlja.

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are employed in the public sector has increased by 1.5 million, from 2.5 million in 1980 to 4 million in 1998. The public sector has also become an important employer of women, with 60% of the public sector workforce being female in 1998, compared with 55% in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of young people, with 15% of the public sector workforce being aged 16-24 in 1998, compared with 12% in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people with disabilities, with 10% of the public sector workforce being disabled in 1998, compared with 8% in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people from ethnic minorities, with 10% of the public sector workforce being from ethnic minorities in 1998, compared with 8% in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 50 years of age, with 15% of the public sector workforce being over 50 years of age in 1998, compared with 12% in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 60 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 60 years of age in 1998, compared with 8% in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 65 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 65 years of age in 1998, compared with 8% in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 70 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 70 years of age in 1998, compared with 8% in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 75 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 75 years of age in 1998, compared with 8% in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 80 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 80 years of age in 1998, compared with 8% in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 85 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 85 years of age in 1998, compared with 8% in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 90 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 90 years of age in 1998, compared with 8% in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 95 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 95 years of age in 1998, compared with 8% in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 100 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 100 years of age in 1998, compared with 8% in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 105 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 105 years of age in 1998, compared with 8% in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 110 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 110 years of age in 1998, compared with 8% in 1980.

The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 115 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 115 years of age in 1998, compared with 8% in 1980. The public sector has also become an important employer of people who are over 120 years of age, with 10% of the public sector workforce being over 120 years of age in 1998, compared with 8% in 1980.