

**ЧАСТЬ А****Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа**

Hi Scott!

I (A1) ... online all morning for tickets to the football match. Most of them appear to be expensive, even for season ticket holders! I don't know about you, but dad (A2) ... that it's a waste of money. I actually agree with him. I mean why go through all the hassle? I remember when I (A3) ... to find tickets to the cup final last season! It took weeks to get some, and they cost me a fortune! Since you (A4) ... that weekend in Central London, why don't we try watching the game at the Sports Cafe in town? I can meet you when your conference finishes at four o'clock. I know you like that Sports Cafe, and it's been ages since I've been myself. I still remember the first time we (A5) ... there. You (A6) ... the game for ages before I joined you at your table. I bet the waitress thought you (A7) ... ! Have a think about it and let me know. I told dad this morning that we can plan things together today.

Take care, Jason

- | | | | |
|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| A1. | 1) check | 2) have been checking | 3) am checked |
| | 4) was checked | 5) had checked | |
| A2. | 1) is thought | 2) is thinking | 3) had thought |
| | 4) thought | 5) thinks | |
| A3. | 1) was tried | 2) have tried | 3) was trying |
| | 4) had tried | 5) try | |
| A4. | 1) will be worked | 2) had worked | 3) have been working |
| | 4) are working | 5) worked | |
| A5. | 1) have gone | 2) have been going | 3) go |
| | 4) had gone | 5) went | |
| A6. | 1) had watched | 2) were watching | 3) were watched |
| | 4) have been watching | 5) have watched | |
| A7. | 1) are never left | 2) would never leave | 3) will never leave |
| | 4) are never leaving | 5) never leave | |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа

Why do so many people enjoy risky sports like mountain climbing? More and more people are taking up this very dangerous sport. So what's the attraction? Devotees of mountain climbing are incredibly enthusiastic (A8) .. their sport. Many of them claim to do it because of the difficulty involved (A9) ... reaching (A10) ... the summit, and to find out what they are able to achieve. The first people that tried mountain climbing (A11) ... pleasure had none of the clothing and equipment that modern climbers use to protect them from the weather. I'd like to find out how they survived the inhospitable conditions on mountains like Everest. I can't imagine just how they did it These days thousands of climbers gather at the base of Everest every year until the camps become overcrowded. The thrill seems to be part of the reason why people insist (A12) ... trying.

- | | | | | | |
|------|---------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| A8. | 1) of | 2) to | 3) with | 4) about | 5) in |
| A9. | 1) by | 2) in | 3) at | 4) to | 5) for |
| A10. | 1) to | 2) with | 3) at | 4) on | 5) - |
| A11. | 1) with | 2) by | 3) for | 4) in | 5) at |
| A12. | 1) on | 2) for | 3) to | 4) by | 5) - |

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа

(A13) Sally Parsons is a good example of the competent driver we should all try to be. She says, "I obey the rules even if sometimes I can't see ... point of them. I keep my hands on ... wheel and my eyes on the road."

(A14) Sally stays within ... speed limit and makes a point of keeping a safe distance from other vehicles. This does not mean that Sally is ... timid driver.

(A15) She is simply aware of ... fact that any vehicle can be ... dangerous weapon if it is not handled properly.



(A16) Drivers like Sally have ... respect for their own lives and the lives of other people and it shows in the confident, careful way they drive their vehicles. If everyone drove with the proper care and attention, road accidents would be almost non-existent. Sadly, this is not ... case.

- A13. 1) -, a 2) a, - 3) the, the 4) -, the 5) the, -
 A14. 1) the, a 2) -, - 3) -, the 4) a, the 5) the, -
 A15. 1) a, the 2) a, - 3) a, a 4) -, a 5) the, a
 A16. 1) the, - 2) a, a 3) -, - 4) -, the 5) a, -

Прочитайте предложения. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа

- A17. I haven't seen ... of those two films, so I don't mind which one we go to.
 1) both 2) no 3) either 4) neither 5) none
 A18. My grandparents moved from London to Windhaven in the late ..
 1) fifty 2) fifties' 3) fiftieth 4) fifties 5) fifty's
 A19. I remember ... *The Sound of Music* when I was a child. I loved it!
 1) to watch 2) watch 3) to watching 4) watched 5) watching
 A20. There were telephone points every kilometre ... drivers whose cars had broken down would be able to summon help.
 1) so that 2) despite 3) although 4) since 5) so as

Прочитайте предложения. Укажите номер подчеркнутого фрагмента, в котором допущена ошибка

- A21. I like being the centre of attention(1), for instance(2) I prefer getting(3) clothes that are different from(4) everybody elses'(5). *Фрагмент:*
 A22. The teacher will give us a handout at the end of the lesson(1), so(2) there isn't worth taking(3) notes during the talk(4), which is more convenient(5) of course. *Фрагмент:*
 A23. Most people say that(1) stress of exams and essay writing(2) can make you want to eat(3) food what is bad for you(4), like chocolate and cakes(5). *Фрагмент:*
 A24. My problem is that(1) I can never make up my mind(2); I usually put off doing a decision(3) until(4) the last possible moment(5). *Фрагмент:*

Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа

Mimi Ito carefully puts together her children's packed lunches each morning. She then (A25) ... photos of them and (A26) ... these on her online blog. In this way, Mimi is able to (A27) ... a record of meals that she's (A28) ... of, and everyone has the chance to look at her mouth-watering creations. For these are no ordinary lunches, Mimi prepares meals that are (A29) ... as bento meals for her children. A bento is a single-portion Japanese takeaway meal that traditionally (A30) ... of rice, fish or meat, with vegetables on the side. In Japan, they are normally served in trays divided into sections for the different parts of the meal. Mimi thinks that children in (A31) ... enjoy having small compartments with little bits of food that are (A32) ... to their small appetites. Mimi was born in Japan and currently lives in the USA. She is fairly health conscious, but believes that having wide tastes and finding pleasure in food is important.

- A25. 1) takes 2) performs 3) brings 4) has 5) lets
 A26. 1) mails 2) brings 3) posts 4) delivers 5) spends
 A27. 1) carry 2) keep 3) deal 4) remain 5) run
 A28. 1) happy 2) satisfied 3) pleased 4) proud 5) concerned
 A29. 1) titled 2) referred 3) called 4) known 5) said
 A30. 1) consists 2) includes 3) contains 4) involves 5) concludes
 A31. 1) regular 2) particular 3) special 4) precise 5) peculiar
 A32. 1) done 2) preferred 3) matched 4) designed 5) suited

Прочитайте диалог. Ответьте на вопрос, следующий после диалога, выбрав один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

Woman-. Did Bob study yesterday?

Man-. He would have if it hadn't been such a nice day.

A33. What does the man say Bob did yesterday?

- 1) He studied because it was a nice day.
 2) He didn't study because it was a very nice day.



- 3) He studied in spite of the beautiful weather.
- 4) He likes to study when the weather is nice.
- 5) He didn't enjoy such a nice day.

Выберите ответную реплику, подходящую по смыслу к предложенной реплике-стимулу

A34. I don't know how we're going to fix this.

- 1) I don't care if I do.
- 2) Me too.
- 3) Everything will work out just fine!
- 4) Not at all.
- 5) I don't think so.

Установите соответствие между репликами-стимулами 1—4 и ответными репликами А—Е. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Одна ответная реплика (А—Е) является лишней

- | | |
|---|------------------------------|
| 1. How do you like his last album? | A. It depends |
| 2. Would you care for some more coffee? | B. The pleasure is all mine. |
| 3. Are you staying here for long? | C. No, go ahead. |
| 4. Do you mind if I open the window? | D. I don't think much of it. |
| | E. No, I'm fine, thanks. |

A35. 1)1D2A3C4E 2)1A2B3D4E 3)1B2C3E4D
 4)1D2E3A4C 5)1A2C3D4B

Расположите реплики так, чтобы получился связный диалог. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа

- A. Yes, although I have to say it was one of the worst finals I've ever seen.
- B. I don't know. I felt quite bored most of the time. Neither of them played like champions — they just didn't seem to make any effort.
- C. I think that's a bit unfair really. They've both played more than fifteen matches in the last week so I'm sure they were exhausted.
- D. Did you see the tennis finals on TV last night?
- E. That's true, but it was certainly exciting at times, especially when it looked like Gunter might win.
- F. That's still not an excuse for playing bad tennis!

A36. 1) CDAFBE 2) DAEBCE 3) FDEACB 4) CADBEF 5) DBFAEC

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему

§1. Being a teenager in these troubled times isn't exactly a walk in the park. The uncertainty only adds to the typical list of problems you're already facing. So, what are the challenges you are up against and how can you so to speak "weather the storm and arrive safely on the other side"?

§2. As a teenager, the biggest challenge you, your family and friends face is mood swings. One minute you feel full of confidence and optimism and the next you feel depressed, angry at the world and certain that you are a failure. Personal appearance also becomes a huge issue. The hormones racing through your body affect your self-image. Suddenly, you have become too fat, too thin, too ugly, too short, too tall. In short, you are completely dissatisfied with your appearance.

§3. Relationships with others also become more complicated. You may find you no longer have that much in common with the friends you've been hanging around with for years. As for family relationships, well, it often seems that a war has been declared, and parents and siblings have become the enemy.

§4. The teenage years are unique in a person's life. They mark the end of childhood and the important passage to adulthood. The key to a happy 'teenhood' is to **recognise** that no matter how your emotions change or how insecure you feel about yourself, you are perfectly normal! So here are a few tips to help you get through your darkest moments.



§5. Communication has got to be the first tip. If you keep negative feelings in, you'll come to a point where you think you're going to explode. Tell someone you can trust about how you are feeling. Even if they can't give you the advice you need, just getting it off your chest can make a world of difference.

§6. But, what can you do if you're at exploding point and there's no one to talk to? If you want to avoid conflict with others, go somewhere on your own for a minute or two to **process** things. Take time to breathe properly. When we are in stressful situations our breathing becomes short and rushed, and as a result less oxygen gets to the brain. This can heighten negative feelings that we have. **§ 7.** Physical exercise is also a great way to clear the mind and to keep fit. There's no need to push yourself to the limits, though. Listen to your body and stop when it says, 'No more!' **§ 8.** Finally, always try to focus on the positive aspects of your life. Being a teenager means you have more freedom. Use it in constructive ways so that feelings of frustration are replaced by feelings of accomplishment.

Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа в соответствии с содержанием приведенного выше текста

A37. As a result of the current world situation,

- 1) everyone has the same problems.
- 2) teenagers are coping better than others.
- 3) people feel insecure about the future.

A38. Teenagers often have to deal with

- 1) sudden emotional changes.
- 2) constantly putting on and losing weight.
- 3) the anger of relatives and friends.

A39. According to the writer, angry teenagers feel better

- 1) by taking short, quick breaths.
- 2) by talking about their feelings.
- 3) by listening to the advice of others.

A40. The writer encourages teenagers to

- 1) respect their body and its limitations.
- 2) exercise only when they are depressed.
- 3) ask their parents for more freedom.

Определите значение указанного слова в тексте

A41. recognise (§ 4)

- | | | |
|------------|----------|---------|
| 1) respect | 2) admit | 3) deny |
|------------|----------|---------|

A42. process (§ 6)

- | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1) complete | 2) forget | 3) think something over |
|-------------|-----------|-------------------------|

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания к нему

Joe Swanberg makes films about the lives of young people in the city. He shoots with a digital camera and asks actors to wear their own clothes. His low-budget films are hardly ever shown in cinemas. By distributing digitally, Mr Swanberg is making a living.

Technology was expected to help young people like him. A few years ago it was predicted that the Internet would vastly increase the supply of small independent films and increase their audiences. That has certainly happened. **(A43)** Blockbusters are also tightening their grip on audiences, whether it's in the area of film, music, television or books. The growth of both niche products and huge sell-out successes has been at the expense of the things in the middle which are just quite popular — the near misses. **(A44)** As in the past, people still want to have something to talk about with their friends. Which is why the latest blockbuster still breaks new records at the box office. Research shows that people still choose blockbusters more often than less well-known books and films.

Furthermore, all the technology that has made niche content so much more accessible has also proved handy for pushing blockbusters. Missed the last popular film? **(A45)** Blockbusters are doing well not in spite of the fact that people have more choice in entertainment, but because of it. Imagine walking into a music shop which has more than 10 million songs, as iTunes does, all of them arranged alphabetically. Making up your mind would



be impossible! (A46) Is this increasingly more common separation into blockbusters and niches good or bad? It certainly makes life harder for media companies. In a world where entertainment choices are growing, it is more important than ever to make a big impact with your product. (A47) The possibility of failing can make people anxious and more conservative. Television programmes must be successful quickly or they will be cancelled.

These days, with so many options, there is rarely nothing good on television. So the media industry must raise its game. Intelligent people naturally wish that more money were available to produce the kind of music, films and television programmes they like. (A48) Some may love watching a programme about the history of dance; others may want to spend an hour being told how to look after pet snakes. But not many want to do either of these things, which explains why such programmes are niche products. There are only a few things that can be guaranteed to delight large numbers of people. They are known as blockbusters.

Заполните пропуски A43—A45 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними

- 1) It's a great success to make films that are watched by millions of people.
- 2) Don't worry, because there will be other chances to see it, in a wide variety of formats.
- 3) However, so has the opposite.
- 4) State broadcasters like the BBC have some protection from the poor economic climate.
- 5) There are several reasons why big hits still do so well.

Заполните пропуски A46—A48 одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов (1—5). Два фрагмента являются лишними

- 1) So, rather than having to decide, it's much easier to just grab what everybody is talking about.
- 2) The problem is that everybody has different ideas about exactly what they want to watch.
- 3) This is probably because people tend to try only things they have heard of.
- 4) If it isn't a hit, it will have to fight for attention together with thousands — perhaps millions — of other offerings.
- 5) Laughing at a funny film for 15 minutes is just as good for your heart as exercise.

ЧАСТЬ В

Прочитайте текст. От приведенных в скобках слов образуйте ОДНОКОРЕННЫЕ слова таким образом, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Помните, что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

The Sumatran Rhinoceros is one of the rarest members of the rhinoceros family. Nowadays, they are only found in the rainforests and cloud forests of Sumatra and Borneo. (B1) (FORTUNATE), they are now critically (B2) (DANGER), although they once lived across different parts of Asia. This rhino tends to live alone, moving around the hilly forests looking for plants and small trees to eat. In contrast to what some people say, they are (B3) (PEACE) creatures and there is little evidence of them fighting each other. Their numbers have decreased quickly in the last few decades due to hunting. Despite that, (B4) (RESEARCH) have been able to carry out various studies. They hope this information will help them to increase Sumatran Rhino numbers in the future.

Прочитайте текст. Заполните каждый из пропусков только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов

WWF is helping to safeguard our most cherished wildlife from threats such (B5) poaching (браконьерство) and habitat loss. I believe the WWF's 'Adopt an Animal' programme is a good cause, of course, but personally I would prefer to donate money to an ecosystem-based rather (B6) a species-based conservation programme. This is because large, popular animals get a lot of attention, but (B7) are many plants and insects that are equally threatened, (B8) people often forget about. All of these creatures that make up the ecosystem must survive if we truly want to save any animal.



Прочитайте текст. Выпишите по два лишних слова порядке их предъявления в тексте.

B9. I've never been such really interested in fashion. Don't get me wrong though, I regularly buy quite a lot of new clothes and I try to ensure that my purchases what are suitable for various situations.

Ответ:

B10. Admittedly, shopping for clothes it isn't one of my favourite activities. That's why it's great when you come across an online store that has all the styles you very like and that doesn't cost a fortune.

Ответ:

Переведите на английский язык фрагмент предложения, данный в скобках

B11. Very (немногие) people don't have an email these days.

B12. That gymnastics school has hardly ever produced champions, (не так ли)?

ЧАСТЬ C

(задания нового образца)

Прочитайте текст. Преобразуйте, если необходимо слова, данные в конце строк так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста:

Students are (C1 - RESPONSIBILITY) for familiarising themselves with the University Code of Student Conduct, as on enrollment with the University the student (C2 - REPLACE) themselves under the policies and regulations of the University and all of its duly constituted bodies. Disciplinary (C3 - AUTHORISE) is exercised through the Student Conduct Committee. The Committee has procedures in place for (C4 - HEAR) allegations of misconduct. Copies of the student conduct code are (C5 - AVAILABILITY) at the Student Services (C6 - OFFICIAL).

Прочитайте текст, выпишите из каждой строки слово, которое является лишним:

- C7** Academic dishonesty it is never condoned by the University. This includes
C8 cheating and plagiarism which violating the Student Conduct Code and
C9 results in expulsion or failing out the course. Cheating includes but is not
C10 limited to obtaining or giving unauthorized help them during an
C11 examination, getting an unauthorized information about the contents of an
C12 examination before it is administered, using such unauthorised sources of
C13 information during an examination, neither altering or falsifying the record
C14 of any grades, altering or supplying answers after having an examination
C15 has been handed in there.
C16

Прочитайте текст, заполните каждые из пропусков только одним, подходящим по смыслу словом:

Plagiarism includes but is (C17) limited to submitting any paper or other document, to satisfy an academic requirement, which has (C18) copied either in whole or in part from someone else's work without identifying that person; failing to identify as a quotation a documented idea that has not been thoroughly assimilated into the student's language and style, or paraphrasing a passage so closely (C19) the reader could be misled as to the source; or 'dry-labbing', which includes obtaining and using experimental data from fellow students without the express consent of the lecturer, utilizing experimental data and laboratory write-ups from other parts of the course or from previous terms during (C20) the course was conducted, and fabricating data to fit the expected results.