

Present and Past Passive Voice

GROUP:
GRADE:

When was modern football game started?

For centuries, people had local games where teams competed with a ball, but the rules of our modern game of football ⁽¹⁾ _____ (not write) until 1863 in England. Today this exciting and skilful sport ⁽²⁾ _____ (enjoy) all over the world. Every four years thirty-two countries ⁽³⁾ _____ (allow) to compete in the World Cup. The 2015 World Cup ⁽⁴⁾ _____ (hold) in Brazil, and the matches ⁽⁵⁾ _____ (watch) by a TV audience of over thirty billion people. The sport ⁽⁶⁾ _____ (not play) only by men. Women's football is quickly becoming more popular. The first Women's World Cup took place in 1991 in China, where the competition ⁽⁷⁾ _____ (win) by a team from the United States.



Who doesn't like sweets?



Who doesn't like sweets? Sweets ⁽¹⁾ _____ (love) by people everywhere – and not only by children. At our house, a sweet dessert ⁽²⁾ _____ (enjoy) by the whole family after every meal. My favourite dessert ⁽³⁾ _____ (invent) many years ago – by mistake!

One day in 1905, a drink ⁽⁴⁾ _____ (leave) outside by an eleven-year old boy named Frank Epperson. The drink had a mixing stick in it. It was very cold that night and the drink froze. When the frozen drink ⁽⁵⁾ _____ (take) out of the cup, it stayed on the stick. That's how the first ice lolly ⁽⁶⁾ _____ (create). Of course, ice lollies ⁽⁷⁾ _____ (not sell) in shops immediately. After all, their inventor was only a boy! But eighteen years later, Frank Epperson opened an ice lolly factory. Today, millions of his sweets creations ⁽⁸⁾ _____ (eat) worldwide.

Why were vaccines a great innovation?



give kill make need not protect not understand
Disease is one of man's greatest enemies. Between 1347 and 1351, about 25 million people in Europe ⁽¹⁾ _____ by the Black Death. Before vaccines, people ⁽²⁾ _____ from disease. The first vaccine ⁽³⁾ _____ in about 1800, but the theory ⁽⁴⁾ _____ for another 50 years. Today, vaccines ⁽⁵⁾ _____ to most children in developed world, but more vaccines ⁽⁶⁾ _____ in poorer countries.

Printing

buy invent make not teach print write

The earliest books ⁽¹⁾ _____ by hand. This took a long time, so very few copies ⁽²⁾ _____. They ⁽³⁾ _____ only by rich and important people. Ordinary people ⁽⁴⁾ _____ to read. The printing press ⁽⁵⁾ _____ in 1450 by Johann Gutenberg. He printed copies of the Bible. In the modern world, millions of books, magazines and newspapers ⁽⁶⁾ _____ every day.

