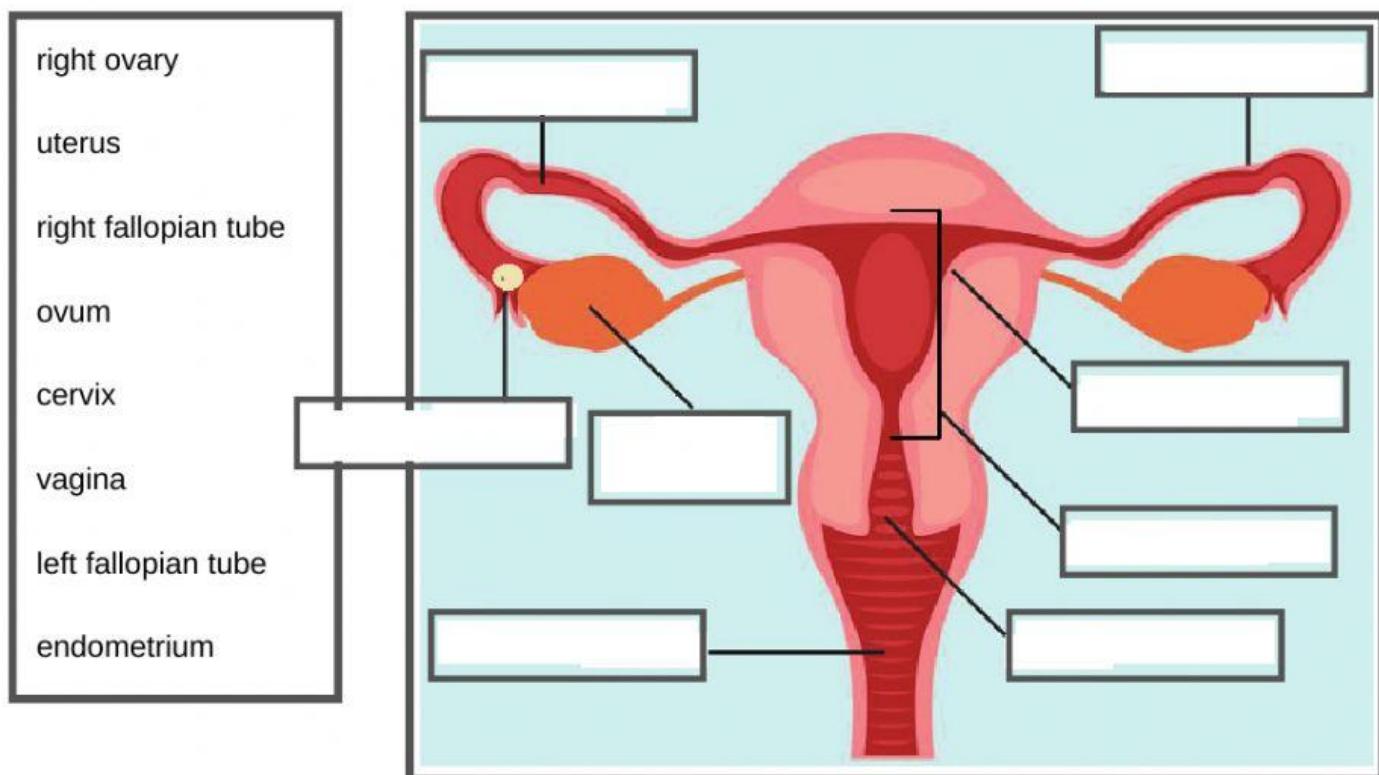


1. Label the **female reproductive system**. Use the vocabulary from the box.



2. Use the **vocabulary from exercise one** to answer the questions.

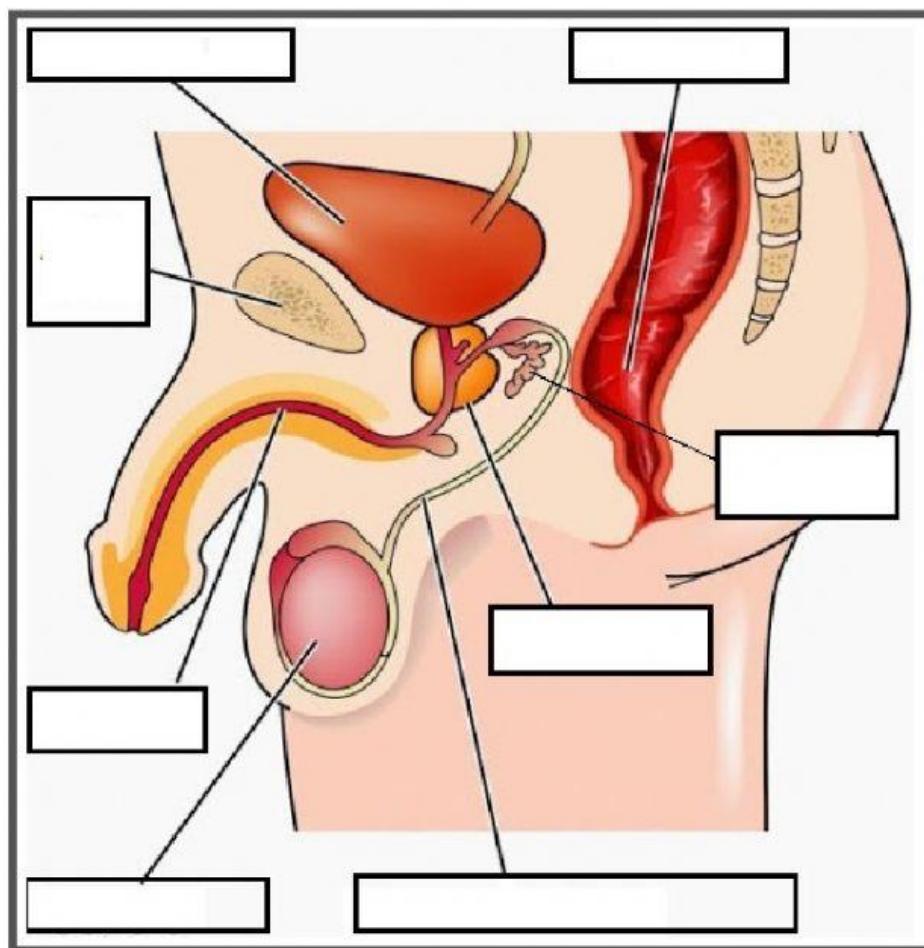
- a) Where can a fertilised egg grow into a baby?
- b) What closes to protect a developing baby?
- c) What do females release around every 28 days?
- d) What material leaves the body during menstruation?
- e) How does the ovum travel to the uterus?

In the _____.
The _____ closes.
An _____ is released.
_____ from the walls of the uterus.
Through the _____.

3. Read the sentences about **puberty in girls**. Choose one option to complete each sentence.

- a) Puberty for girls can begin at any age between **10 and 16 years / 12 and 18 years**.
- b) Body changes include wider hips and **hair on the face / hair under the arms**.
- c) The menstrual cycle usually occurs around every **31 days / 28 days**.
- d) During puberty, **oestrogen / testosterone** is released to change the body.
- e) When an ovary releases an ovum, it's called **ovulation / fertilisation**.
- f) Pubic hair begins to grow around the **penis / vagina**.

4. Label the **male reproductive system**. Use the vocabulary from the box.



rectum
testicle
bladder
prostate
vas deferens
seminal vesicle
pubic bone
urethra

5. Complete the text. Use the diagram to help you. **You have the first letter** of each missing word.

During puberty, males release a hormone called testosterone. This chemical starts production of sperm cells in the **t**_____.

Sperm from the testicles passes into the **v**_____ and passes the **p**_____, where part of semen is made. The **s**_____
add more seminal fluid, providing nutrients and protection for sperm inside a woman's body.

The semen and sperm mixture passes into the **u**_____ and out of the penis during ejaculation. Urine from the **b**_____ cannot pass at the same time as sperm and semen.

3. Choose the changes which happen to **boys** during puberty.

ovum are released

muscles develop faster

skin changes

pubic hair grows

the voice gets deeper

hair grows on the face

the body produces oestrogen

breasts develop

7. Write the **pregnancy vocabulary** from the box **in the correct order**.

| | |
|---------------|-----------|
| birth | 1st _____ |
| fertilisation | 2nd _____ |
| foetus | 3rd _____ |
| cell division | 4th _____ |
| zygote | 5th _____ |
| embryo | 6th _____ |

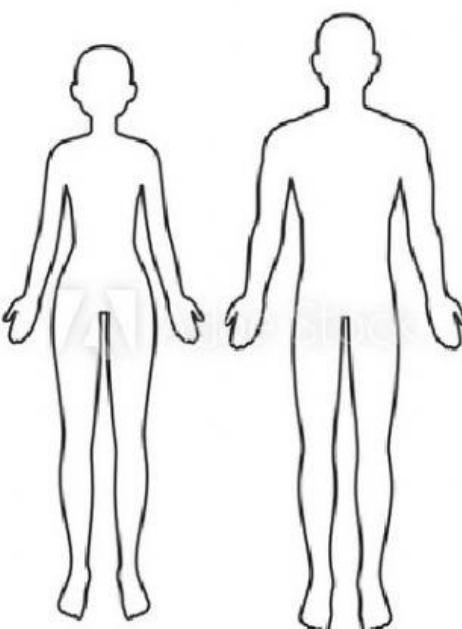


8. **Menstruation** occurs if an ovum (egg) is not fertilised by a sperm. **Write true or false** next to the statements about the menstrual cycle.

- a) The menstrual cycle usually starts in girls when they are between 10 - 15 years old. _____
- b) Approximately every 18 days, an ovary releases an ovum into one of the fallopian tubes. _____
- c) The process of releasing an ovum is called ovulation. _____
- d) Before ovulation, the ovaries release hormones called testosterone and oestrogen. _____
- e) Usually around 50 years of age, the menstrual cycle stops. _____

9. Read the sentences about sexual characteristics. **Click and select:** **primary sexual characteristics** or **secondary sexual characteristics**.

males have a penis and testicles



reproductive organs get bigger

hair grows under the arms

hair grows in the pubic area

hair grows on the face and body

females have a vagina and ovaries

the body gets taller and heavier

glands in the skin produce more oil

sperm are produced

menstruation begins