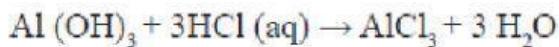



 A circular logo for 'Unit 9 Solutions'. The number '9' is in the center of a blue circle, which is part of a larger blue and yellow circular design. The word 'Unit' is to the left of the circle, and 'Solutions' is to the right, all contained within a yellow horizontal bar with arrows at the ends.
Choose the best answer.

1. The molality of a solution containing 1.8g of glucose dissolved in 250g of water is
 - 0.2 M
 - 0.01 M
 - 0.02 M
 - 0.04 M
2. Which of the following concentration terms is / are independent of temperature
 - molality
 - molarity
 - mole fraction
 - (a) and (c)
3. Stomach acid, a dilute solution of HCl can be neutralised by reaction with Aluminium hydroxide



How many millilitres of 0.1 M Al(OH)₃ solution are needed to neutralise 21 mL of 0.1 M HCl?

4. The partial pressure of nitrogen in air is 0.76 atm and its Henry's law constant is 7.6×10^4 atm at 300K. What is the molefraction of nitrogen gas in the solution obtained when air is bubbled through water at 300K?
 - 1×10^{-4}
 - 1×10^{-6}
 - 2×10^{-5}
 - 1×10^{-5}

5. The Henry's law constant for the solubility of Nitrogen gas in water at 350 K is 8×10^4 atm. The mole fraction of nitrogen in air is 0.5. The number of moles of Nitrogen from air dissolved in 10 moles of water at 350K and 4 atm pressure is

- a) 4×10^{-4}
- b) 4×10^4
- c) 2×10^{-2}
- d) 2.5×10^{-4}

6. Which one of the following is incorrect for ideal solution ?

- a) $\Delta H_{\text{mix}} = 0$
- b) $\Delta U_{\text{mix}} = 0$
- c) $\Delta P = P_{\text{observed}} - P_{\text{Calculated by Raoult's law}} = 0$
- d) $\Delta G_{\text{mix}} = 0$

7. Which one of the following gases has the lowest value of Henry's law constant ?

- a) N₂
- b) He
- c) CO₂
- d) H₂

8. P₁ and P₂ are the vapour pressures of pure liquid components, 1 and 2 respectively of an ideal binary solution if x₁ represents the mole fraction of component 1, the total pressure of the solution formed by 1 and 2 will be

- a) P₁ + x₁ (P₂ - P₁)
- b) P₂ - x₁ (P₂ + P₁)
- c) P₁ - x₂ (P₁ - P₂)
- d) P₁ + x₂ (P₁ - P₂)

9. Osmotic pressure (π) of a solution is given by the relation

- a) $\pi = nRT$
- b) $\pi V = nRT$
- c) $\pi RT = n$
- d) none of these

10. Which one of the following binary liquid mixtures exhibits positive deviation from Raoult's law?

- a) Acetone + chloroform
- b) Water + nitric acid
- c) HCl + water
- d) ethanol + water

11. The Henry's law constants for two gases A and B are x and y respectively. The ratio of mole fractions of A to B is 0.2. The ratio of mole fraction of B and A dissolved in water will be

- a) $\frac{2x}{y}$
- b) $\frac{y}{0.2x}$
- c) $\frac{0.2x}{y}$
- d) $\frac{5x}{y}$

12. At 100°C the vapour pressure of a solution containing 6.5g a solute in 100g water is 732mm. If $K_b = 0.52$, the boiling point of this solution will be

- a) 102°C
- b) 100°C
- c) 101°C
- d) 100.52°C

13. According to Raoult's law, the relative lowering of vapour pressure for a solution is equal to

- a) mole fraction of solvent
- b) mole fraction of solute
- c) number of moles of solute
- d) number of moles of solvent

14. At same temperature, which pair of the following solutions are isotonic?

a) 0.2 M BaCl_2 and 0.2M urea
b) 0.1 M glucose and 0.2 M urea
c) 0.1 M NaCl and 0.1 M K_2SO_4
d) 0.1 M $\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ and 0.1 M Na_2SO_4

15. The empirical formula of a non-electrolyte(X) is CH_2O . A solution containing six gram of X exerts the same osmotic pressure as that of 0.025M glucose solution at the same temperature. The molecular formula of X is
a) $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}_2$ b) $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_8$
c) $\text{C}_4\text{H}_8\text{O}_4$ d) CH_2O

16. The K_{H} for the solution of oxygen dissolved in water is 4×10^4 atm at a given temperature. If the partial pressure of oxygen in air is 0.4 atm, the mole fraction of oxygen in solution is
a) 4.6×10^3 b) 1.6×10^4
c) 1×10^{-5} d) 1×10^5

17. **Normality of 1.25M sulphuric acid is**
a) 1.25 N b) 3.75 N c) 2.5 N d) 2.25 N

18. **Two liquids X and Y on mixing gives a warm solution. The solution is**
a) ideal
b) non-ideal and shows positive deviation from Raoult's law
c) ideal and shows negative deviation from Raoult's Law
d) non-ideal and shows negative deviation from Raoult's Law

19. The relative lowering of vapour pressure of a sugar solution in water is 3.5×10^{-3} . The mole fraction of water in that solution is
a) 0.0035 b) 0.35
c) $0.0035 / 18$ d) 0.9965

20. The mass of a non-voltaile solute (molar mass 80 g mol^{-1}) which should be dissolved in 92g of toluene to reduce its vapour pressure to 90%

a) 10g b) 20g
c) 9.2 g d) 8.89g

21. For a solution, the plot of osmotic pressure (π) versus the concentration (c in mol L^{-1}) gives a straight line with slope $310R$ where 'R' is the gas constant. The temperature at which osmotic pressure measured is

a) $310 \times 0.082 \text{ K}$ b) 310°C
c) 37°C d) $\frac{310}{0.082} \text{ K}$

22. 200ml of an aqueous solution of a protein contains 1.26g of protein. At 300K, the osmotic pressure of this solution is found to be 2.52×10^{-3} bar. The molar mass of protein will be ($R = 0.083 \text{ L bar mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$)

a) $62.22 \text{ Kg mol}^{-1}$ b) 12444 g mol^{-1}
c) 300 g mol^{-1} d) none of these

23. The Van't Hoff factor (i) for a dilute aqueous solution of the strong electrolyte barium hydroxide is (NEET)

a) 0 b) 1
c) 2 d) 3

24. What is the molality of a 10% W/W aqueous sodium hydroxide solution ?

a) 2.778 b) 2.5
c) 10 d) 0.4

25. The correct equation for the degree of an associating solute, 'n' molecules of which undergoes association in solution, is

$$a) \alpha = \frac{n(i-1)}{n-1} \quad b) \alpha^2 = \frac{n(1-i)}{(n-1)}$$

$$c) \alpha = \frac{n(i-1)}{1-n} \quad d) \alpha = \frac{n(1-i)}{n(1-i)}$$

26. Which of the following aqueous solutions has the highest boiling point?

- a) 0.1M KNO_3
- b) 0.1 MNa_3PO_4
- c) 0.1 M BaCl_2
- d) 0.1 M K_2SO_4

27. The freezing point depression constant for water is $1.86^\circ\text{K Kg mol}^{-1}$. If 5g Na_2SO_4 is dissolved in 45g water, the depression in freezing point is 3.64°C . The Vant Hoff factor for Na_2SO_4 is

- a) 2.50
- b) 2.63
- c) 3.64
- d) 5.50

28. Equimolal aqueous solutions of NaCl and KCl are prepared. If the freezing point of NaCl is -2°C , the freezing point of KCl solution is expected to be

- a) -2°C
- b) -4°C
- c) -1°C
- d) 0°C

29. Phenol dimerises in benzene having van't Hoff factor 0.54. What is the degree of association?

- a) 0.46
- b) 92
- c) 46
- d) 0.92

30. **Assertion : An ideal solution obeys Raoult's Law**

Reason : In an ideal solution, solvent - solvent as well as solute-solute interactions are similar to solute-solvent interactions.

- a) both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of assertion
- b) both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion
- c) assertion is true but reason is false
- d) both assertion and reason are false