



Instagram account: english_zone.rocks



LISTENING ROCKS 8 ~ C1- Tech Addiction

LISTENING GAP FILL



FIRST, START BY READING THE TEXT AND GUESSING THE MISSING WORDS. Check. Do it again another time by LISTENING to the FOLLOWING AUDIO CLIP and FILL IN THE GAPS: check again-Finally, you can express your OPINION.

Presenter: The sound of kids
together. Or, at least, how it sounded a few years ago. Nowadays a group of, well, just about anyone – kids, teens, tweens, their parents – mighta lot more like this
Most of us spend hours a day with our heads our smartphones. Research suggests teenagers spend as many as nine hours a day, pre-teens spend up to six.
Teen voice : I don't know, it's, like, the first thing I do in the morning, check in and see who'sanything overnight. It's my so I kind of have to look at it and then, you know, it's pretty hard not to scroll through.
Presenter : And it's not just teenagers and millennials, Generation X and even the Baby Boomers are almost as bad.
Adult voice : I'm online most of the day for work and you'd think I'd be sick of screens by the time I get home, but most of my news comes through Facebook and I'm really into food so I'll hold my hands up toone of those people who posts photos of their meals.
Presenter: But are we addicted to our phones and apps? And does it matter? Former Google and Facebook employees certainly think so. So they've set up a
Expert : Anyone who's seen queues round the block for the

anyone else in the queue because they're on social media,
taking selfies in the queue to to Instagram. If
that's not, it's certainly
•
Presenter: A more formal definition of addiction describes it
as ainvolvement with an activity, despite the harm
it causes. Someone with an addiction has cravings - that
feeling that you haven't checked your phone for two minutes
and can't relax until you get your hands on it again. They may
have a lack of self-control and not realise their behaviour is
causing like texting while cycling oroff
a cliff taking a selfie. And, in case you're wondering, I read
about both of those via theapp on my phone,
whichevery couple of minutes with the latest
stories definitely So the 'Truth about Tech'
by Common Sense Media and the Center for
Humane Technology couldn't come fast enough for most of us.
But it's children who are probably most at risk because of the
effect might be having on their brain
development. Professor Mary Michaels of the Atlanta Future
Tech Institute has been working with very young children.
Mary, thanks for dropping by. What is your research telling
us?
Mary: Well, we know thatis affecting
key aspects ofchild development, like sleep,
healthy eating and what psychologists call 'serve and return'
moments, which are when parents respond to babies seeking
assurance and connection by making,
smiling or talking. All perfectly normal things we do and which
help lay the foundations of babies' brains. It's much harder to
engage with a baby normally if you're looking at your phone.
Or, even worse, if parents give a crying child a phone to
them instead of talking to them or hugging them,
and that might lead to them failing totheir ability
to regulate their own emotions.

Presenter: And what about older children?

Mary: Again, we know that teenagers who spend a lot of time on social media are 56 per cent more likely to report being unhappy and 27 per cent more likely to suffer depression. Teenagers are especially vulnerable because they're more sensitive to highs and lows anyway, so we're looking at,

and addiction in technology.	teens which is by dependence on
to get addicted t	ounds like a vicious circle. They're more likely o smartphones and social media and that nakes them candidates for other addictions.
Mary: Yes, that'	s right.
	e to stage an! Is there anything ke tech less addictive?
and white, might through a newsfo create the same	
	problem, bad situation, or negative feeling) worse.
Vocabulary	Definition
1 to scroll	a. to visit informally for a short time
2 to class	 to move information on a screen to see a different part of it

English Zone

f. easily damaged or harmed; at risk

g. to categorise; to name

h. to make something worse

c. a chemical reaction in your brain that makes things feel good

d. black and white and the shades in between

e. the generation currently in their late adulthood

3. greyscale

4. vulnerable

5. to drop by

7. a rush

6. to exacerbate

8. baby boomers

Are the following statements TRUE or FALSE?

		Answer	
1.	Millennials spend more time on smartphones than any other generation.	True	False
2.	Some people who work in the tech industry are fighting against smartphone addiction.	True	False
3.	The presenter thinks most adults' behaviour towards their phones and apps is under control.	True	False
4.	Babies' brain development is delayed because they're looking at screens.	True	False
5.	We're likely to see a rise in teenage mental health problems because of social media addiction.	True	False
6.	Changing the colour settings on your phone may make you spend less time on it.	True	False

TASK: MATCH THE EXPRESSIONS with their MEANINGS

Expression

- 1. I'll hold my hands up to being one of those people.
- They're not in their right mind.
- 3. It's a vicious circle.
- Time to stage an intervention!
- 5. There are queues round the block. e. I confess that's something I do too.
- 6. They're sensitive to highs and lows. f. It's not a sensible way to behave.

Meaning

- a. It keeps getting worse and we can't break the pattern.
- b. We need to do something about this now.
- c. They experience emotions deeply.
- d. A lot of people are waiting.

Discussion

Are you addicted to social media or smartphones?

