

WEEK 29

10th

NAME:

GRADE:



# ENGLISH ACTIVITIES

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# ACTIVITY 5

Use **if** como la condicional del resultado o efecto en una oración del presente, no use la *coma* (,) si el resultado (oración en presente) se encuentra antes del condicional

## READ AND ANALYZE THE FOLLOWING GRAMMAR TIP:



When you express a general condition and the result of that condition, you use:

**If** + present tense (conditional), present tense (result)

**Example: If I am tired, I sleep.**

*Si estoy cansada, duermo.*

The position of the clauses does not change the meaning.

**Example: I sleep if I am tired**

*Duermo si estoy cansada*

Do **not** use **comma** (,) to separate the two clauses if the result clause is first as in the last example.



## 2. According to the table above, complete sentence using conditional IF.

De acuerdo a lo de arriba, complete usando el condicional IF.

a.

\_\_\_\_\_, you die.

*If you don't eat/If you want to play/If you drink/If my husband cooks*

b.

Take a ball \_\_\_\_\_.

*If you don't eat/If you want to play/If you drink/If my husband cooks*

c.

\_\_\_\_\_, he burns the food.

*If you don't eat/If you want to play/If you drink/If my husband cooks*

d.

\_\_\_\_\_, you don't drive.

*If you don't eat/If you want to play/If you drink/If my husband cooks*



## VOCABULARY



Take: tomar (coger cosas)  
Drink: beber  
Die: morir  
According: de acuerdo  
Table: cuadro, mesa  
above: arriba  
Complete: completar  
Conditional: condicional  
Ball: balón, pelota  
burn: quemar  
Food: comida  
Drive: manejar, conducir  
Sentence: oración  
Husband: esposo  
Cook: cocinar  
If: si (gramática de condicionales)  
Eat: comer  
Famous: famoso  
Clauses: clausulas

Music: música  
Call: llamar  
Friend: amigo  
My: mi (de pertenencia)  
Best: mejor  
Ask: preguntar  
Teacher: profesor (a)  
Sad: triste  
Understand: entender  
Feel: sentir  
Turn on: encender  
Suscribers: suscriptores  
Lots of: mucho de algo  
Right: correcto  
Pair: pareja, par  
Bellow: abajo  
Analyze: analizar  
Express: expresar  
Sleep: dormir



Change: cambiar  
Use: usar  
Meaning: significado  
Tip: recomendaciones de algo  
Grammar: gramática  
Read: leer  
Following: siguiente  
First: primero  
Students: estudiantes  
Contact: contactar  
Help: ayudar  
Holidays: fiestas  
Happy: feliz  
Be (am, is, are): ser o estar (soy, es, son)  
Want: querer  
Comma: coma (,)  
Last: último  
Tired: cansado (estado de ánimo mental o físico)  
Example: ejemplo



IF YOU WANT TO HELP, CONTACT  
TO ME BY WHATSAPP.

**THANK YOU  
SO MUCH!**

HAPPY HOLIDAYS!

