

Ecuaciones Cuadráticas Incompletas

Resuelve la ecuación cuadrática incompleta: $Ax^2 + C = 0$

$$2x^2 - 98 = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$x^2 - 8 = 8$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$3x^2 - 75 = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$12x^2 - 3 = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$\frac{x^2}{18} = 2$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$7x^2 = 343$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$2(x^2 - 10) = 30$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$x^2 - 8 = 1$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$x(3x) = 300$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$2(x^2 + 3) = 56$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$5x^2 = 3x^2 + 162$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$3x(x + 3) - 12 = 9x$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

Resuelve la ecuación cuadrática incompleta: $Ax^2+Bx = 0$

$$x^2 + 8x = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$x^2 + x = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$4x^2 + 24x = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$x^2 + 20x = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$-5x^2 - 45x = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$5x^2 - 30x = 10x$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$\frac{20x^2 - 12x}{2} = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$2x^2 + 16x = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$5x(x + 3) = 5x$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$(x^2 + 3x) = 2(x^2 + 8x)$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$3x(2x + 1) = 5x(x - 1)$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$2x(5x - 7) = 8x^2$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

Resuelve la ecuación cuadrática incompleta: $x^2 + Bx + C = 0$

$$x^2 - 7x + 10 = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$x^2 + 8x + 12 = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$x^2 - 4x - 12 = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$x^2 + 25 = -10x$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$-x^2 = -3x - 54$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$2x^2 + 18x = -16$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$-5x^2 = 15x + 10$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$x^2 + 5x = -4$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$x^2 + 4x = -3$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$-x^2 - x + 20 = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$

$$x^2 + \frac{5}{6}x + \frac{1}{6} = 0$$

$x_1 =$

$x_2 =$