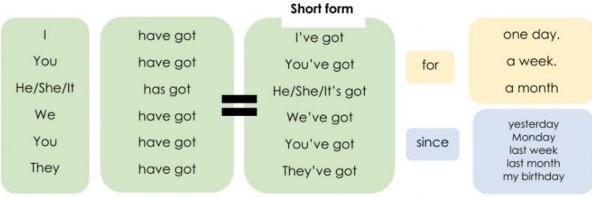
Unit 6. Grammar Salesianas

Have/has got

Los dos verbos "have" y "have got" (tener) indican posesión en inglés. No solo se pueden poseer objetos, también puedes tener un resfriado, una mascota, etc.

Affirmative



Negative

I have not got / haven't got
You have not got / haven't got
He/She/It has not got / hasn't got
We have not got / haven't got
You have not got / haven't got
They have not got / haven't got

Interrogative

Have I
Have you
Has he/she/it got?
Have we
Have you
Have they

Unit 6. Grammar Salesianas

	he sentences using the long forms. hasn't got rollerblades.
• Ihav	ven't got any pets.
• The	Hills haven't got a car.
• You	haven't got freckles.
• The	chair hasn't got one leg.
	e sentence. Circle the correct answer a cat and two dogs. has got / have got / got
	a rubber. Is got / has got / have got
	any brothers or sisters. Haven't got / hasn't got / hasn
	a car. Haven't / has / haven't got
M	blue eyes. 've got / ¡s got / are got
f)	a computer? Has she / Has she got / Has got she
g) I	some chocolate. 's got / 've / 've got
н)	a garden? Have they got / Got they / Has they
3. Describe	e the alien.



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4. C	Correct th	e senten	ces. Use	the word	s in	brackets.
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• e.g. I have got a sister. (brother)

No, I haven't got a sister. I've got a brother.

Ken has got a motorbike. (bike)

My grandparents have got two dogs. (one)

You have got a garden. (roof terrace)

Pat has got an encyclopedia. (dictionary)

• I have got a red scooter. (green)

A zebra has got spots. (stripes)

• My friends have got three kids. (two)

