



**Saint John School**

San Juan, San Ildefonso, Bulacan

**SECOND PERIODICAL EXAM IN SCIENCE IV**

**SECOND QUARTER**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_\_\_  
Teacher: Neslyn D.B Perez Grade 4 - \_\_\_\_\_

**IDENTIFICATION**

I. Write the correct answer on the blank.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. It is the basic unit of living things.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. It is a group of cells, in close proximity, organized to perform one or more specific functions.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. It is a group of different tissues that work together to do a particular job. Organs are grouped together into organ systems.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Are fibers that send signals throughout the body.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. It is main organs for respiration or breathing.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. It is a pear-shaped muscular organ located inside the chest.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. It is a J-shaped organ that is made up of muscles that expand to accommodate the food that you eat.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. It is the hardest organ in the body.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. It is the largest internal organ.
10. It is made of tiny air sacs known as \_\_\_\_\_.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11. There is the exchange of gases that happens in the lungs. Lungs are covered by a thin, moist membrane called "pleura".
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12. They are more than 600 muscles in the body.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13. They are found in hollow parts of your body, such as the esophagus, stomach, intestines, blood vessels, trachea, and urinary bladder.

\_\_\_\_\_ 14. It is the breakdown of food into simplest form with the help of gastric or digestive juices in the stomach.

\_\_\_\_\_ 15. It is involving the malfunction and death of vital nerve cells in the brain.

\_\_\_\_\_ 16. It is called abnormal growth of cells.

\_\_\_\_\_ 17. It is an inflammatory disease that begins with a strep throat or tonsillitis.

\_\_\_\_\_ 18. It is characterized by frequent, loose, and watery stools.

\_\_\_\_\_ 19. It is characterized by infrequent bowel movements or difficult passage of stool.

\_\_\_\_\_ 20. It results from any abnormal growth of tissue inside the brain.

\_\_\_\_\_ 21. It is animal that live on land.

\_\_\_\_\_ 22. It helps in the healing wounds.

\_\_\_\_\_ 23. It is for healthy eyes and general body development.

\_\_\_\_\_ 24. It is called setae which they use for locomotion.

\_\_\_\_\_ 25. It has long legs and neck to help it reach tall trees.

\_\_\_\_\_ 26. It has strong hind legs to help them hop from one place to another.

\_\_\_\_\_ 27. It has sharp teeth to chew on meat.

\_\_\_\_\_ 28. It has a long proboscis that enables them to extract nectar from flower.

\_\_\_\_\_ 29. It also has mouthparts for biting.

\_\_\_\_\_ 30. It can cause a decrease in the amount of oxygen in the blood.

#### **ENUMERATION**

**II. Give the eight (8) major organs of the body.**

31.

32.

33.

34.

35.

36.

37.

38.

**Give the four (4) common disease of the brain.**

39.

40.

41.

42.

**Give the three (3) common disease of the lungs.**

43.

44.

45.

**Give the six (6) types of vitamins.**

46.

50.

47.

51.

48.

49.

**Give at least five (5) examples of animals that live on grassland.**

52.

53.

54.

55.

56.

**Give at least four (4) examples of terrestrial animals.**

57.

58.

59.

60.

**ESSAY**

**61-65. Why is it important to know the signs and symptoms of common disease?  
(5points)**

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**66-70. How do terrestrial animals protect themselves? (5points)**

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