

## Limits on Government (pages 314-316)

1. Why is our government set up to have 3 different branches?
2. \_\_\_\_\_ is divided up among the branches.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ are a system that lets each branch limit the power of the other two.
4. The President can reject, or \_\_\_\_\_ a law.
5. The Articles of Confederation had a \_\_\_\_\_ federal government.
6. Another word for ratify is \_\_\_\_\_.
7. What amendment gave women the right to vote? \_\_\_\_\_
8. What amendment gave African-American men the right to vote?  
\_\_\_\_\_
9. How many years did women have to wait to vote AFTER African-American men were given the right to vote? \_\_\_\_\_
10. What amendment changed the voting age from 21 to 18? \_\_\_\_\_
11. Which has more power? Federal or State government?
12. Which has more power? Senate or House of Representatives
13. Which has more power? State or City government?

Use the bank below to write the LETTER of the way each branch can prevent the other 2 branches from becoming too powerful.

The Executive Branch	The Legislative Branch	The Judicial Branch
WHITE HOUSE	GOP CONGRESS	SUPREME RUBBER STAMP

### Checks and Balances Bank

A	Laws passed by Congress can be determined unconstitutional by the highest court of the land
B	A law can be Vetoed or approved (ok'd) by the President
C	Congress must approve judges picked by the President
D	President chooses the Supreme Court justices
E	Supreme Court can declare what the President does as unconstitutional
F	Even if the President vetoes a law, Congress can pass it if they have 2/3 vote agreeing to pass the law
G	President can be impeached