

DIVIDINDO LEGAL

Vamos fazer de acordo com o modelo.

$$5 \times 3 = 15, \text{ então } 15 \div 3 = 5$$

a) $4 \times \underline{\quad} = 12$, então $12 \div 4 = \underline{\quad}$

b) $3 \times \underline{\quad} = 30$, então $30 \div 3 = \underline{\quad}$

c) $2 \times \underline{\quad} = 18$, então $18 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$

d) $5 \times \underline{\quad} = 40$, então $40 \div 5 = \underline{\quad}$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{d} \text{ u} \\ 5 \ 5 \ \overline{) 15} \\ \underline{10} \\ 5 \\ \underline{5} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{d} \text{ u} \\ 3 \ 6 \ \overline{) 18} \\ \underline{12} \\ 6 \\ \underline{6} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{d} \text{ u} \\ 6 \ 6 \ \overline{) 12} \\ \underline{12} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{d} \text{ u} \\ 9 \ 1 \ \overline{) 63} \\ \underline{18} \\ 45 \\ \underline{45} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{d} \text{ u} \\ 8 \ 4 \ \overline{) 24} \\ \underline{16} \\ 8 \\ \underline{8} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{d} \text{ u} \\ 8 \ 1 \ \overline{) 49} \\ \underline{24} \\ 25 \\ \underline{24} \\ 1 \end{array}$$