



GIA SƯ CHUNG CƯ
Chuyên cung cấp giáo viên gia sư ngoại ngữ chất lượng
Mọi ngôn ngữ- Mọi lứa tuổi- Mọi trình độ
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Part 1
Listening

Listen to a conversation between Jenny and Gavin. Put a tick to the question to which the question is "Yes"

		Jenny	Gavin
1	"Did you always work very hard?"		
2	"Did you always listen carefully to your teachers?"		
3	"Did you always behave well?"		
4	"Did you pass the exam easily?"		
5	"Did you always write down your homework slowly and carefully?"		
6	"Did you think school are/were the best days of your life?"		

Part 2
Pronunciation

Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. prepare B. preparation C. settle D. effect
2. A. critical B. academic C. university D. excited

Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

3. A. itinerary B. tourist C. emerge D. superb
4. A. environment B. responsible C. environmental D. response

Part 3
Vocabulary
and grammar

Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

1. The government must take measures to reduce _____.
A. diversity B. ecological balance
C. vehicle emissions D. consumption
2. _____ all necessary preparations, we put our plan into action.
A. Made B. Have made
C. Having been made D. Having made

3. "Think before print" is the slogan to encourage people to save _____.
A. forests B. soil C. water D. fossil fuels
4. I _____ two books on environment protection to complete this assignment.
A. read B. have read
C. have been reading D. had read
5. Everyone took a rest, _____?
A. aren't they? B. didn't they? C. weren't they? D. don't they?
6. The waste _____ system here is also innovative. There are no rubbish trucks or waste bins in the street
A. dump B. disposal C. landfill D. throwaway
7. The _____ of living in some places can be very high. Prices in London are particularly exorbitant.
A. value B. price C. worth D. cost
8. The roads are terrible. I'm always getting _____ in traffic.
A. stuck B. lost C. exhausted D. late
9. He was criticised _____ not having put the elephant poachers in jail.
A. at B. about C. for D. On
10. It's important for the figures _____ regularly.
A. to update B. updating C. to be updated D. being updated

Choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction.

11. (A) These companies were (B) accused on having released a large amount of carbon dioxide (C) into the (D) atmosphere.
12. (A) Having denied the (B) responsibility for the (C) environmental it caused, the factory (D) was forced to close down.

Part 4
Reading

Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbers blanks.

All of us are concerned with the environment we live in. The recent haze caused by forest fires and land clearing in Indonesia affected our health and our

work. Our country's economy was also affected. The number of tourists to our island declined during this period; for who would want to (1) _____ the risk of endangering their health? The release of carbon dioxide and other toxic chemicals into the air by any one country harms the earth we live on. Such gases are blamed (2) _____ damaging the ozone layer in the atmosphere and creating global warming - a term used to describe the increased temperature of the earth. Global warming occurs when certain greenhouse gases like carbon dioxide form a blanket in the atmosphere and trap the Earth's heat. World leaders meet (3) _____ to discuss this issue and are working hard to save the Earth. Many agree that they must attempt to reduce the emission of greenhouse gases in their countries by some 15% by the year 2010. It is envisaged that greenhouse gas emissions would have to be reduced to 0% if the current level of gases in the atmosphere is to remain (4) _____ by the year 2100. Climate changes caused by global warming would have potential ill-effects. Food and water supply could be affected. Health hazards like heat-related illnesses, cholera, dengue fever and bio-toxin poisoning could become more prevalent. It is (5) _____ important that we try to do what we can to save our Earth. That would help to ensure that we and the generations that come after us would have a beautiful and clean place to live.

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|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. take | B. make | C. bring | D. cause |
| 2. A. in | B. for | C. of | D. on |
| 3. A. primarily | B. regularly | C. occasionally | D. hardly |
| 4. A. stability | B. instability | C. stable | D. unstable |
| 5. A. however | B. so | C. therefore | D. consequently |

Read the following passage and choose the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The Amazon rainforest is home to more than a third of all the world's species of plants, birds and animals. Twenty percent of all the birds in the world live in the rainforest. Scientists have discovered thousands of types of plants and animals that can only be found there. There are thousands - probably millions more that we haven't discovered yet. There are at least 2.5 million species of insects there. Imagine what would happen if they all lost their home? It couldn't happen, could it? Unfortunately, it's happening right now. Yet, the rainforest is big. But it's getting smaller. The problem is that people are cutting down the trees, mainly to make room for cows. These provide meat and make money for their owners. This process of cutting down trees is called 'deforestation'.

The good news is that **it** is slowing down. In 2004, for example, more than 27,000 square kilometres were cut down. That's an area bigger than Wales. In 2006, because of all the campaigns to save rainforest, it dropped to just over 13,000 square kilometres. The bad news is that it's not enough. Scientists predict that by 2030, the rainforest will have become smaller by 40%. It's possible that by the end of the 21st century, the rainforest will have completely disappeared. With deforestation, thousands of the animals, birds, fish and plants that live in the Amazon rainforest lose their home, their natural habitat. Some of them move to other areas, but most of them die. Many species have already become extinct, and many more will if deforestation continues. That will change the balance of life in the rainforest and could cause **enormous** problems to the region's ecosystem.

There's another problem too. Trees and plants are a vital source of oxygen. If we cut them down, we lose that oxygen. But it's worse than just that. With deforestation, the trees and plants are burnt. This sends gases into the Earth's atmosphere, which stops some of the Earth's heat escaping. That then leads to the temperature here on the ground going up. This increase in the world's temperature is called 'global warming', and most scientists believe it's a very serious issue. If they stopped deforestation, it might help prevent global warming.

6. Which title best summarises the main idea of the passage?

- A. Chances for owners of cow ranches
- B. Threats to Amazon rainforest
- C. Global warming effects
- D. Habitat destruction

7. According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE?

- A. A fifth of all the birds in the world live in the rainforest.
- B. 20% of all the animals in the world live in the rainforest.
- C. Nearly two million species of insects are found in the Amazon rainforest.
- D. Nearly half of the world's species of plants grow there.

8. In paragraph 2, the word "**it**" refers to _____.

- A. room B. process C. rainforest D. deforestation

9. In paragraph 2, the word "**enormous**" is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. serious B. important C. common D. insignificant

10. What might help to restrain global warming?

- A. increasing deforestation B. stabilising deforestation
C. ceasing cutting down trees D. clearing more trees for farming

Part 5
Writing

Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it.

1. We have advised you on how to cut down your energy use. We remember that.

→ We remember _____.

2. Trang An Scenic Landscape Complex is the eighth World Heritage Site in Vietnam that has been recognised by UNESCO.

→ Trang An _____.