

THIRD TERM TEST
FIRST COURSE
YOUR OWN WAY INSTITUTE
2020

1) For questions 1 to 12, read the text below and decide which answer A, B, C or D best fits each gap (25 pts.)

Signage!

City centres have 1_____ problems these days, from crime to sufficient parking, to keeping them clean. On top of these, an excess of what is known as "street furniture" has made city centres ugly and confusing. Street furniture not only refers to benches, lights and lamps posts, but also to the hundreds of road signs, litter and 2_____ bins that clutter the roadside and block the pavement. There are signs for everything from speed limits to no parking, many of which are completely unnecessary and block important signs such as those for 3_____. In fact, a lot of the signs aimed at easing traffic 4_____ in city centres do the opposite. Drivers are distracted and accidents happen which cause more hold-ups.

This problem is not limited to busy city centres, but also affects towns and villages 5_____ once picturesque streets are 6_____ cluttered with ugly, unnecessary signs. There is, however, a sign of hope. The UK Government is looking 7_____ the problem and will be trying to cut 8_____ on the number of signs. It can definitely be done. One town in Germany has 9_____ rid of all street clutter. Since they did this, even 10_____ there is nothing to control the motorists apart from their own common sense, there have been 11_____ accidents at all! 12_____ that British motorists use their common sense too, there should be no problem for us either!

1. A little	B some	C much	D many
2. A recycling	B reuse	C environment	D household
3. A advertising	B detours	C backstreets	D traffic lights
4. A jam	B delay	C congestion	D running
5. A whose	B that	C who	D who's
6. A then	B now	C after	D again
7. A for	B up	C on	D into
8. A down	B through	C in	D out
9. A made	B got	C made	D caught
10. A that	B if	C when	D though
11. A no	B any	C none	D few
12. A Providing	B Although	C If	D However

2) For questions 13 to 24, read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap. (25 pts.)

Waste not, want not

Tristam Stuart spends a lot of his time _____ through rubbish bins outside supermarkets. He finds what he needs to live on from the stuff the rest of us throw _____. Tristam has found furniture and clothes, and he regularly cooks meals from food he has found in supermarket bins, food which was destined for the rubbish _____. He _____ to live very well _____ purchasing many items from the shops at all. It isn't a lack of money that _____ Tristam do this; it's a matter of principle. Tristam is a freegan. There are many definitions of freeganism, but for Tristam it's a way of protesting against the huge _____ of 5.4 million tonnes of food a year. This includes 1.6 billion untouched apples and a staggering 2.6 billion slices of bread! Tristam also points out that _____ we include all stages of the food supply chain, then as _____ as a third of global food supplies is actually wasted. It's almost beyond belief. Tristam has become an expert on how supermarkets handle their waste and believes that there _____ to be more publicity about it, and that only a _____ people realise how enormous the problem is. It is the belief of freegans the world over that if we didn't waste so much food, fewer people in the world _____ go hungry. It's a simple equation and it's hard to disagree with them.

3) For questions 25 to 34, read the text below. Use the word given between brackets to form a word that fits in the gap. (25 pts.)

When did you last eat a burger? Watch the _____ (high) successful film *Fast Food Nations* and you may never eat one again. It is a dark and _____ (depress) film about the meat-packing industry in the USA and follows an _____ (investigate) by one of the directors of a fast-food chain to find out how safe and _____ (health) the burgers really are. He uncovers a trail of surprises, not least of which is the _____ (alarm) high number of accidents that happen at the packing plant. The film also traces the lives of the illegal Mexican immigrants who work at the plant and the actions of the _____ (environment) protestors who are concerned about the welfare of the cattle and their _____ (free) to move around. The film is visually quite stunning too. Viewers are taken from the _____ (spectacle) scenes of the thousands of cattle grazing on the pastures to the claustrophobia of the cows' last moments in the plant. The impression many are left with at the end of the film is one of an overwhelming sense of _____ (cruel) and the realisation that no one is particularly concerned about finding a _____ (solve).

4) For questions 35 to 42, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one using the word given. Do not change the word given. Use between two and five words, including the word given. (25 pts.)

1. There's some confusion about the meeting and I need to check what's happening.

SORT

There's some confusion about the meeting times and I need to _____.

2. We should be home by 7.30 if the plane arrives on time.

LONG

We should be home by 7.30 _____ the plane arrives on time.

3. The dog isn't allowed to go in the bedrooms.

LET

We _____ in the bedrooms.

4. After the sprint finish, Mike was completely breathless for a few minutes.

BREATH

After the sprint finish, Mike was completely _____ for a few minutes.

5. Lucy doesn't take criticism easily.

GOOD

Lucy isn't _____ criticism.

6. My workload is too heavy, but I really love my job.

IN

_____ my workload, I really love my job.

7. Jackie and Ben live in a very isolated area.

MIDDLE

Jackie and Ben live _____.

8. Car manufacturers need to build even more fuel-efficient cars to improve air pollution.

WHEN

Air pollution will improve _____ even more fuel-efficient cars.