PRESENT PERFECT SIMPLE

FORM AND USES

We used the **Present Perfect** Tense to talk about past actions or states that are still **connected** to the present.

We form the present perfect with **HAVE** / **HAS** + PAST PARTICIPLE of the main verb.

Present perfect *yes / no* questions		
have	Subject	Past participle
Have	I / you / we / you / they	**fallen** in love?
Has	he / she / it	**fallen** in love?

Present perfect short answers	
Affirmative	Negative
Yes, I / you / we / you / they **have**.	No, I / you / we / you / they **haven't**.
Yes, he / she / it **has**.	No, he / she / it **hasn't**.

***Wh-* questions**
Where have your friends gone?
We don't use the words *do / don't* to form questions in the present perfect. We put *have / has* before the subject of the question.

Present perfect affirmative and negative			
Subject	*have*		Past participle
	Affirmative	Negative	
I	've / have	have not / haven't	talked.
You	've / have	have not / haven't	talked.
He / She / It	's / has	has not / hasn't	talked.
We / You / They	've / have	have not / haven't	talked.

been / gone
been = left and returned *I've been to Argentina.* = I went there and came back. ***gone*** = left and not returned *He's gone to Argentina.* = He went to Argentina and hasn't come back.

1 Choose the correct words.

1 Have you or Ian been to Spain?
No, we **hasn't** / **haven't**.

2 **Has** / **Have** Julieta bruised her arm?
Yes, she has.

3 Has your teacher given you extra homework?
No, she **haven't** / **hasn't**.

4 **Have** / **Has** your friends played volleyball?
No, they haven't.

5 Have you bought some new shoes?
Yes, I **have** / **haven't**.

6 Have they gone to school?
No, they **haven't** / **have**.

2 Complete the sentences with the correct present perfect forms of the verbs in brackets.

1 Tomás has eaten (eat) all the biscuits.

2 I _____ (clean) the kitchen for Mum.

3 Mum and Dad _____ (not see) this film.

4 Josefina _____ (not try) Japanese food.

5 Our grandparents _____ (buy) a new apartment.

6 I _____ (not meet) your brother.

7 We _____ (find) some great music online.

8 I _____ (not read) that new book.

3 **Complete the conversation with the words below.**

~~has~~ has been have you been have you met
I have I haven't she has

Lucía: [1] Has _____ Lara been to Spain?

Rosa: Yes, [2] _____. I think she's got family there. Why? [3] _____ to Spain?

Lucía: No, [4] _____. But I'd really like to go to Europe one day.

Rosa: I'd like to go Italy. I've always wanted to visit Rome.

Lucía: Oh! [5] _____ Ignacio? He's the new boy in my class.

Rosa: Yes, [6] _____. He was at basketball practice yesterday.

Lucía: That's right. Well, his cousins live in Rome!

Rosa: Really? Then I expect he [7] _____ there lots of times.

4 **Complete the present perfect sentences with the correct affirmative (✓) or negative (✗) verbs. Sometimes more than one answer is possible.**

1 Tomás has eaten _____ all the biscuits. There aren't any left! (✓)

2 Your shirt is clean now. I _____ it with special soap. (✓)

3 Mum and Dad _____ this film. They don't like Tom Cruise. (✗)

4 Josefina _____ to Japan. But she'd love to go one day. (✗)

5 Our grandparents _____ a new apartment. It was very expensive! (✓)

6 I _____ in Rosario all my life. I was born in Mendoza. (✗)

5 We use some time expressions with the present perfect and others with the past simple. Complete the table with time expressions from the box.

already at 8 o'clock in the morning
~~for ten years~~ ~~in 1996~~ last year since 2010
this week today two months ago yesterday yet

present perfect	past simple
for ten years	in 1996
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____