

Negative prefixes

Use negative prefixes (in-, dis-, un-, -less etc) to make the opposite meaning of the adjectives, then use the words to complete the sentences:

<i>patient</i>	<i>helpful</i>	<i>polite</i>	<i>comfortable</i>	<i>healthy</i>
<i>responsible</i>	<i>honest</i>	<i>tolerant</i>	<i>fit</i>	<i>loyal</i>
<i>attractive</i>	<i>mature</i>	<i>ambitious</i>		<i>sensitive</i>

1. Eating a lot of junk food is _____ for you.
2. Sam often tells lies. He is very _____.
3. Some of my friends are so _____, they hate waiting.
4. Mary had an _____ fear of cats.
5. It was _____ of him to leave his little brother alone.
6. Our new manager is _____ of stupid people.
7. He's a nice little boy, a bit _____, but very intelligent.
8. Peter often says mean things about his friends behind their backs.
He's very _____.
9. The authorities are being _____. They don't do anything about the problem.
10. This sofa is so _____, it's impossible to sit on it.
11. An _____ person doesn't think about other people's feelings.
12. It was very _____ of you to show your tongue to that old lady! Many children are so _____.
They are unable to do even basic exercises.
13. An _____ person does not have a strong wish to be successful, powerful, or rich.
14. I don't like this building. It's very _____.