## Passive: Inventors and Inventions

	Dad invention?	7 FYY 8 F F F F F F F	n
1000		(make) better every day thanks to inventions.	
		ppen when an invention (2)	
		Alfred Nobel, a Swedish scientist, invented a strong expli	
		namite and it revolutionized the world of engineering. At	
many bridges, tunn	els and other structures (4)	(build) with the help of dynamite. Ho	wever, dynamite
(5)	(also, use) to kill people	e in wars. This upset Nobel. Before his death, Nobel de	cided to use the
money from his fam	nous invention to make the world a better place.	A special fund (6)	(start) in Nobel's
name. Every year,	Nobel prizes (7)	(give) for extraordinary work in science,	-
medicine, literature	and the promotion of world peace.		
Where	ie the rice grown?		
	People usually think that rice (1)	(grow) in China.	
	But did you know the	at there's a place in Spain full of rice fields?	They (2)
C. 2000	4.4	(locate) in north-eastern Spain on the banks of t	he Ebro Delta at
	The second secon	tonnes of rice (3)	
Town to the second	The second second	(plant) here in 20	- 4.5
1412		(not use) in the fields before 2003 so the	
Lots of bi		(help) by the rice fields, including herons and	
		y many countries, including Germany. In 2004	
	(give) an organic		
Llow is	paper produced ?		
Flow is	paper produced t		
	add • dry • introduce • invent • mix	• not make • not need • produce • use (x2)	
Donor (f)	from wood The	fibres of wood from trees (2)	
		. This method of p	
		century BC in China. However, early writing	
<del></del>		od. In fact, the word paper comes from papyrus p	
		the Egyptians to make a form of paper in 3,000 B.C.	
		in the 19th century, paper becam	
The many		ne huge production of paper is that a chemical	
A Common	3 10 1	to make the paper white. Recycling is important, bec	
production and the major that describes A Progressive of Standard Assertion	1070	and less energy (10)	for
W	recycled paper.		

When was modern football game started?

0.014671.00.00	<b>3</b>	3.75.75.2		
	s, people had local games where			
	otball (f)			
	xciting and skilful sport (2)			NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.
	ars thirty-two countries (3)			
				in Brazil, and the matches (5)
		Street tables and street and the second of the second	STATE OF THE STATE	billion people. The sport (6)
				g more popular. The first Women's
	e in 1991 in China, where the co	mpetition <sup>(7)</sup>		(win) by a team from the
United States.				
W	ho doesn't like sweets			
u	Tho doesn't like sweets? Sweets	(n	(lo	ve) by people everywhere – and not
or or	ily by children. At our house, a sw	eet dessert	(2)	ve) by people everywhere – and not (enjoy) by
th	e whole family after every meal. I	My favourite dessert (3)		(invent) many
	ars ago – by mistake!		1000 00 110	
				de by an eleven-year old boy named
THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE				e drink froze. When the frozen drink
				e stick. That's how the first ice lolly
	tely. After all, their inventor was o			(not
900000	sweets creations (8)e  e vaccines a great innov			
	give kill make need Disease is one of man's gr	eatest enemies. Betwee	n 1347 and 1351, abo	out 25 million people in Europe (1) 1. Before vaccines, people (2)
VACCINE A	<u> </u>	from disease. 1	The first vaccine (3) _	in
Company of the second	about 1800, but the theory	(4)		for another 50 years. Today,
ad	vaccines (5)		to most children in a	leveloped world, but more vaccines
	(6)		in poorer countries.	
n.::				
Printing	make notteen brint	alta		- 1 m
	make not teach print			
				The second secon
				Control of the contro
	ortant people. Ordinary people (4)			THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O
The printing press	(5)		in 1450 by J	ohann
Gutenberg. He printed	l copies of the Bible. In the moder	n world, millions of book	s, magazines and newsp	papers
(6)	every day	•		Agence