

РАЗДЕЛ 1 (Задания по аудированию)

- 1 Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D, E. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1—6 **только один раз**. В задании есть **одно лишнее утверждение**.

The speaker talks about:

1. what attracts to the library
2. the type of books he/she likes best
3. the genre of books he/she likes/dislikes
4. the family that likes reading books
5. the school and teachers that can help in developing a reading habit
6. the importance of school libraries

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E
Утверждение					

РАЗДЕЛ 2 (Задания по чтению)

- 1 Прочитайте тексты на тему "Why is reading important?" и установите соответствие между текстами и их заголовками: к каждому тексту, обозначенному буквами А—Е, подберите соответствующий заголовок, обозначенный цифрами 1—6. Используйте каждую цифру **только один раз**. В задании есть **один лишний заголовок**.

1. Reading helps us explore the world
2. Reading helps develop the creative side of people
3. Reading is important in our everyday lives
4. Reading is a useful and pleasant way to spend your spare time
5. Reading improves our imagination and our minds
6. Without reading, a person can hardly achieve very much in his/her life

A. Reading is an important part of our life. There are many adults who cannot read well enough to understand the instructions on a medicine bottle. Understanding road or warning signs is difficult without reading well enough. Even using a map becomes a problem. Day-to-day activities can be embarrassing without understanding what is written here and there. Reading is an important skill for finding a good job. Many well-paid jobs need reading as a part of their job performance. A man can't succeed without reading.

B. Reading is important because it develops the thinking skills. Our mind needs exercise. Understanding the written word is one way for our mind to grow in its ability. Teaching young children to read helps them develop their language skills. It also helps them learn to listen. Everybody wants to talk, but few can really listen. Reading develops the imagination. TV and computer games contribute to developing our imagination, but they are more like entertainment. With reading, a person can go anywhere in the world ... or even out of it! They can be a king, or an adventurer, or a princess, or ... The opportunities are endless.

C. Why is reading important? Books, magazines, and even the Internet are great learning instruments which need the ability to read and understand what is read. A person who knows how to read can study any subject in any area of life they are interested in. We live in an age where we have a lot of information, but reading is the main way to take advantage of it. We get a lot of information from different spheres. It is how we discover new things. How can we do without reading then?

D. Reading is important in developing your own image. Non-readers or people who are not good at reading often don't have a high opinion of themselves and their abilities. Often they feel as if the world is against them. They feel as if they are all alone and no one is supporting them. They may have behaviour problems. They are not good at other subjects, because they cannot read and understand the material. People who cannot read feel helpless, and in difficult situations they often give up.

E. Why is reading important? Reading continues to be a favourite way of spending time for a large number of people. Books are their lifelong companions and their very good friends. Reading soon becomes the person's hobby. Nothing — absolutely nothing can be compared with reading. Reading takes us to a new world and helps us forget our problems. It is an activity that keeps us busy when we are free and results in the productive usage of time. It is one of the best ways of relaxation. The quickest and easiest way to gather yourself is to take a book, not any book, but a pleasant book, and relax on the sofa. Within a few minutes, you will recover from being upset, or tired or bored. Reading has always been a continually interesting way of spending time — and it will always be!

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

Текст	A	B	C	D	E
Заголовок					

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений A7–A14 соответствуют содержанию текста (1 – True), какие не соответствуют (2 – False) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (3 – Not stated).

George Orwell was a 20th century British author who is best known for writing the books *Animal Farm* and *Nineteen Eighty-Four*. These two books together have sold more copies than any two books by any other writer in the same century. They are about how society is controlled and the effects which this has on individuals.

Born Eric Arthur Blair in 1903, he used the name George Orwell as a pen name for his books. He chose the name 'Orwell' because he loved the River Orwell in Suffolk, England, where he lived with his parents during his early years as a writer. He was educated at Eton, England's most famous public school for boys from upper-class families, although his academic performance there was not very good. When he was 19, he took a job as a policeman in Burma, where his grandmother lived. He did well at this job and was admired by the local people for his sense of fairness. After falling ill, Orwell returned to England in his mid-twenties and became a writer.

His experiences as a policeman gave him ideas for his early work. In the beginning, he didn't have much success as a writer of novels and short stories; he did much better as a journalist. In fact, during most of his career, he was well known in this role and far less recognised as an author. His essays and newspaper columns focused mainly on the living and working conditions of poor people.

In the 1930s, he went to Spain to fight in the Spanish Civil War. There, he saw how different people supporting the Republican army spent more time arguing with and lying about each other than fighting the enemy. While fighting in this war, he was wounded in the neck and had to return to England. Although Orwell never lost his sympathy for working-class people, his wartime experiences changed how he felt about their political leaders.

These new feelings were clearly shown when he wrote his two most famous books. The first one, *Animal Farm*, is about a group of animals, all with human characteristics and roles, on a farm which the animals have taken over from its human owner. A small group of pigs gain more and more power, and treat the other animals far worse than the human farmer did. His second famous book, *Nineteen Eighty-Four*, is about a man who works for an all-powerful government that controls every part of people's lives. The main character, Winston Smith, is unhappy with the situation and struggles to change things that can't be changed.

These two books show us important things about society in a clear and thrilling way. Both are still taught in British and American schools, and they remain Orwell's greatest gift to future generations.

- A7** George Orwell wrote more books than any other 20th century writer.
1) True 2) False 3) Not stated
- A8** As a student at Eton, he soon showed how clever he was.
1) True 2) False 3) Not stated
- A9** As a young man, Orwell left England and became a policeman.
1) True 2) False 3) Not stated
- A10** Orwell wanted to do more than journalism in his early writing career.
1) True 2) False 3) Not stated
- A11** People living in poor conditions often praised Orwell for his work.
1) True 2) False 3) Not stated
- A12** His time in Spain changed his feelings about working-class people.
1) True 2) False 3) Not stated
- A13** Orwell wrote *Nineteen Eighty-Four* five years after writing *Animal Farm*.
1) True 2) False 3) Not stated
- A14** Orwell wanted his books to be used in classrooms.
1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

РАЗДЕЛ 3 (Задания по грамматике и лексике)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **1–11**, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию **1–11**.

1	The Eurovision Song Contest _____	START
2	on the 24th of May, 1956. On that day Europe _____	SEE
3	the first ever Eurovision Song Contest. The contest _____ a modern classic today.	BECOME
4	The number of Eurovision Song Contest facts and stories is huge! A true fan _____ how many points Luxembourg got in 1980 and who came last in 1972.	KNOW
5	The Eurovision Song Contest _____ every year since 1956, which makes it one of the longest-running television programmes in the world. In 2003, the first ever Junior Eurovision Song Contest _____.	HOLD
6	Many singers think that it's worth _____ in the competition because it _____ throughout Europe. And very soon people in Australia, Canada, Egypt, Hong Kong, India, Jordan, Korea, New Zealand and the United States _____ an opportunity to see it, these are the countries that _____ in the contest. Next year more than 50 countries _____ in the contest.	TAKE PLACE TAKE PART SHOW
7		HAVE NEVER TAKE PART
8		COMPETE
9		
10		
11		

Прочитайте приведённые ниже тексты. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 12–23, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 12–23.

12	Denis Matsuev is a famous Russian _____ who won the first prize in the International Tchaikovsky _____ in Moscow in 1998.	PIANO COMPETE
13		
14	Denis Matsuev was born in Irkutsk into a family of _____. His mother was a piano teacher and his father was a _____.	MUSIC COMPOSE
15	Denis Matsuev started learning to play the piano in his early _____. His father was his first music teacher.	CHILD
16		
17	In 1990 Matsuev and his parents moved to Moscow and Denis continued his education there. His victory of 1998 changed his life and career. He started playing with world-famous _____ like Evgeny Svetlanov, Vladimir Spivakov and Claudio Abbado.	CONDUCT
18		
19	J. R. R. Tolkien is a best known fantasy _____. He spent his life writing in the <i>Lord of the Rings</i> world. His _____ helped him invent new lands and languages. All his characters live in the imagined world. Most of them are looking for the way to freedom and happiness though _____ ghosts stand in the way. <i>The Hobbit</i> and <i>The Lord of the Rings</i> are his most _____ works. The books have been translated in more than 100 languages. Their plots are so _____ that you can't stop reading.	NOVEL IMAGINE
20		POWER
21		SUCCESS
22		INVENT
23	In 2008, J. R. R. Tolkien was sixth on the list of "The 50 greatest British _____ since 1945".	WRITE

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