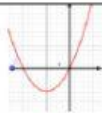
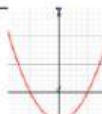
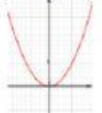


Algebrator 8 BIV 9th

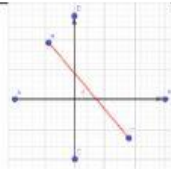
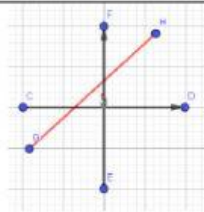
Selecciona el paso siguiente, entre los 3 propuestos, no se debe terminar el ejercicio.

Todo es con cálculo mental o simple análisis visual, no se requiere ningún cálculo escrito.

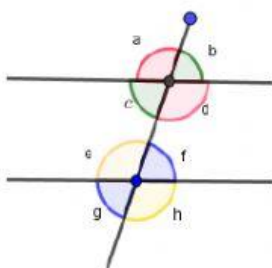
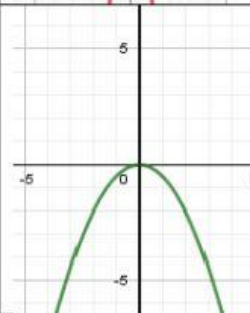
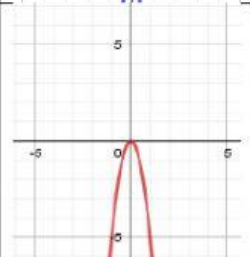
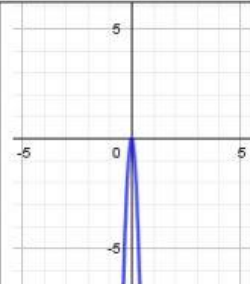
El tiempo utilizado debe ser de 5 minutos.

Indicar el : SCC _{80° 1'} =	100°	$\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{x^8}}$	$\frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{x}}$
	99° 59'		$\frac{\sqrt[3]{x^6}}{\sqrt{x^6}}$
	99° 60'		$\frac{5\sqrt[3]{7}}{5\sqrt[3]{7}}$
$512 \times 10^{-9} : 8 \times 10^{-6} =$	$9^2 \times 10^{-3}$	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{19 - \sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$
	$8^2 \times 10^{-15}$		$\frac{\sqrt{2} + 19}{19 + \sqrt{2}}$
	$8^2 \times 10^{-3}$		$\frac{19 - \sqrt{2}}{19 - \sqrt{2}}$
Log ₂ 0,250=	-2	h(x) = 10 - 0,75x m=	10
	4		-1/5
	2		-3/4
$(9x^{2a-5} + x^{a-3})^2 =$	$(9^2x^{4a-10} - x^{2a-6})$	f(x) = 3,1416..... m =	π
	$9^2x^{4a-10} + x^{2a-6} + 18x^{3a-8}$		0
	$9^2x^{2a+10} - x^{2a-6} + 18x^{3a-8}$		1
$f(x) = \frac{7}{13}x^2$		f(x) = -1	
			
			

$$f(x) = \sqrt{9} + 0.4x$$



$$q(x) = -0.003x^2$$

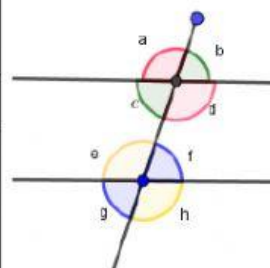


$\angle a$ y $\angle g$; $\angle b$ y $\angle h$

correspondientes

Conjugados externos

Alternos externos



$\angle c$ y $\angle g$; $\angle d$ y $\angle h$

Conjugados
externos

Correspondientes

Alternos externos

A  =

$$\frac{p \cdot ap}{2}$$

$$\frac{p \cdot a}{2}$$

$$\frac{6L \cdot a}{2}$$

A  =

$$\frac{l^3 \sqrt{3}}{4}$$

$$\frac{b \cdot h}{2}$$

$$\frac{l^2 \sqrt{3}}{4}$$