QUESTION 1 - Complete the sentences using **can**, **be able to** or **could**. (10)

1) George has travelled a lot. He _____ speak four languages.
   a) could
   b) able to
   c) can

2) I used to _____ stand on my head but I can't do it now.
   a) could
   b) can
   c) be able to

3) When Tim was 16, he was a fast runner. He _____ run 100 metres in 11 seconds.
   a) could
   b) can
   c) able to

4) Sandra _____ drive but she hasn't got a car.
   a) can
   b) could
   c) able to

5) Ask Catherine about your problem. She might _____ help you.
   a) could
   b) can
   c) be able to

6) I was feeling sick yesterday. I _____ eat anything.
   a) can't
   b) haven't been able to
   c) couldn't

7) Sue wasn't at home when I phoned but I _____ contact her at her office.
   a) was able to
   b) could
   c) can

8) When we went into the house, we _____ smell burning.
   a) could
   b) can
   c) is able to

9) Will she _____ cope with the work?
   a) be able to
   b) can
   c) could

10) I can't see you on Friday but I _____ meet you on Saturday evening.
   a) am able to
   b) could
   c) can

QUESTION 2 – Complete with **can, could** or **will be able to. Pay close attention to the indicatives of time.** (30)

1. Tom is a clever boy and he _____ solve any problem very easily.
2. Andrew _____ phone you yesterday.
3. She _____ send us a parcel next week.

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4. She _____ do difficult exercises when she was young.
5. I _____ write this report right now.
6. Helen _____ take part in this competition tomorrow.
7. Alec _____ skate better when he was twelve.
8. She _____ dance quite well in a month.
9. Bill _____ play chess quite well now.
10. You _____ rewrite your test two days ago.
11. I _____ arrive in London next weekend.
12. He _____ use the computer when he was a child.
13. Nick is only three but he _____ count up to fifty.
14. I _____ pick you up in fifteen minutes.
15. She _____ swim very well last year.
16. Mary _____ finish her picture in a week.
17. Mona isn't busy today and she _____ help her mother at home.
18. He _____ eat a lot of lemons easily when he was six.
19. I _____ run five kilometers much quicker now.
20. Pam _____ sing professionally next year.
21. They _____ draw beautiful landscapes now.
22. Sam _____ speak about wild animals for hours last year.
23. He _____ repair our car in three days.
24. The weather is fine and we _____ play football every day.
25. He _____ ride a horse when he was five.
26. I _____ type the letter very quickly now.
27. Kate _____ buy a new coat in a month.
28. He got the license last year and he _____ drive the car.
29. I'm not busy so I _____ organize my room now.
30. She _____ travel to Japan next week.

QUESTION 3 – The word **CAN** has 4 possible meanings. Circle the correct use of "**can**" in each sentence. (10)

"A" if it is used to express ability
"W" if it is used to express willingness
"Per" if it is used to express permission
"Pos" if it is used to express possibility

1) I can tie my shoes.	A	W	Per	Pos
2) Can I have a piece of gum?	A	W	Per	Pos
3) If you ride a motorcycle, you can fall.	A	W	Per	Pos
4) Can you get me a drink of water?	A	W	Per	Pos
5) I can speak English well.	A	W	Per	Pos
6) He can use my basketball if he wants to.	A	W	Per	Pos
7) Can they clean my car while I am at work?	A	W	Per	Pos
8) Can squirrels fly?	A	W	Per	Pos
9) It can snow if it gets very cold.	A	W	Per	Pos
10) I can help you with your homework if you like.	A	W	Per	Pos

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QUESTION 3 – Complete the table with **AFFIRMATIVE, NEGATIVE** or **INTERRIGATIVE** as needed. (20)

AFFIRMATIVE	NEGATIVE	INTERROGATIVE
I can swim fast.		
	John could not play tennis when he was a child.	
She is able to paint well.		
		Can I go to the bathroom?
	I could not believe her.	
		Could you call Janet?
	I will not be able to go to the party tomorrow.	
He is able to lift 100 pounds.		
		Are you able to finish the cake in time for the party?
John can be a good friend to James.		

QUESTION 4 – Write the words in the correct order to make sentences. (10)

1. have / some / I / Can / water?

_____

2. able / make / coffee / the / Will / be / you / for / to / party?

_____

3. I / help / How / can / you?

_____

4. do / Could / a / favor? me / you

_____

5. able / you / me / help / Are / now? / to

_____

6. up / please? / me / Can / pick / you / later,

_____

7. explain / you / Could / this, / please?

_____

8. able / come / to / be / next / for / she / Will / dinner / week?

_____

9. festival? / I / see / before / Can / you / the /

_____

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10. me / help / the / exam? / you / Could / for / study

QUESTION 5 – Identifique e transcreva a RAIZ e o SUFFIXO de cada palavra. Complete a última coluna com o significado que cada sufixo tem. (30)

"mente"	"aquele que faz"	superlativo	substantivo → adjetivo	verbo → adjetivo
comparativo	"cheio de"	"sem"	adjetivo → substantivo	ter qualidade de

WORD	ROOT	SUFFIX	MEANING
confortable			
beautiful			
interesting			
homeless			
kindness			
stongest			
stronger			
strongly			
easy			
teacher			

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