

## ALLER (To go)

'Aller' is an irregular and important verb in French. 'Irregular' means that it is not conjugated following a regular pattern. Here is the way it is conjugated, this is to be learnt very well as it is a useful verb that we need to use often:

<b>Je vais =</b>	I go/ I am going
<b>Tu vas =</b>	You go/ You are going (singular/informal)
<b>Il va =</b>	He goes/ He is going
<b>Elle va =</b>	She goes/ She is going
<b>On va =</b>	We go/ We are going
<b>Nous allons =</b>	We go/ We are going
<b>Vous allez =</b>	You go/ You are all going (plural/polite/formal)
<b>Ils vont =</b>	They go (all boys/ boys and girls)/ They are going
<b>Elles vont =</b>	They go (all girls)/ They are going

So usually we go to different places. Try to match these French places to their English equivalent. Put the correct English corresponding letter next to the French or, even better, write the English out under the French. This will make these sheets more useful for revision.

You will notice that some French places have 'à la' in front of the place, some have 'au', some have 'à l'...' and some have 'aux.'

'à la' = for those places that are feminine and have 'la' in front

'au' = for those places that are masculine and have 'le' in front. (à + le = au)

'aux' = for those places that are plural

'à l'...' = for those places that begin with a vowel

1.	À la piscine	A) To the cinema
2.	À la mosquée	B) To the church
3.	Au cinéma	C) To the supermarket
4.	Au centre ville	D) To the shops
5.	Au centre commercial	E) To the bowling alley
6.	À la boulangerie	F) To the swimming pool
7.	Au supermarché	G) To the museum
8.	Aux magasins	H) To the town centre
9.	À la plage	I) To the beach
10.	À l'église	J) To the mosque
11.	Au musée	K) To the café
12.	Au bowling	L) To the bakery
13.	Au café	M) To the leisure centre
14.	Au centre de loisirs	N) To the shopping centre

Now let's try to make some of our own sentences. Here are two examples to get you going:

**Ex.** He is going to the bakery = *Il va à la boulangerie.*

Ex. = We are going to the hairdresser = *Nous allons à la coiffeuse.*

**Maintenant à vous! Traduisez ces phrases en français:**

1. They (masculine) are going to the swimming pool.
2. We are going to the leisure centre.
3. She is going to the shopping centre.
4. You (singular/informal) are going to the church.
5. You (polite) are going to the bowling alley.
6. He is going to the supermarket.
7. We are going to the café.
8. They (all girls) are going to the cinema.
9. You (informal) are going to the shopping centre.
10. You (plural) are going to the shops.