

GRAMMAR

Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: My parents _____ in China.

A are born c B were born ✓ C was born c

- 1 I _____ my wallet when I was on holiday last year.
A lost c B 've been losing c C 've lost c
- 2 He _____ a lot of money when his grandfather died.
A 's inherited c B been inheriting c C inherited c
- 3 She _____ had a bank account for five years now.
A had c B has c C have c
- 4 I've been playing football _____ I was six years old.
A when c B since c C for c
- 5 Have you _____ been to South America?
A ever c B yet c C before c
- 6 Have you _____? There's blue paint in your hair!
A been painting c B painting c C painted c
- 7 It's 11.00 a.m. and I _____ half an hour of work this morning!
A did c B 've been doing c C 've done c
- 8 **A** Can I speak to Peter, please?
B Sorry, he's _____ gone out.
A just c B ever c C yet c
- 9 You look tired. What _____?
A you have been doing c B have you doing c C have you been doing c
- 10 Why is he asking for money again? I _____ him £50 two days ago!
A 've lent c B lent c C lend c
- 11 I haven't finished my exams _____. I've got two more next week.
A already c B yet c C soon c
- 12 How long have they _____ going out together?
A been c B already c C be c
- 13 Alan _____ a lot of money when he was a student.
A borrowed c B has borrowed c C has been borrowing c
- 14 **A** When _____ on holiday to Thailand?
B Two years ago.
A did you go c B have you gone c C you went c
- 15 She _____ saved enough money for a car. She needs another 500 euros.
A hadn't c B hasn't c C has c
- 16 We _____ far too much on our holiday last year.
A 've spent c B been spending c C spent c
- 17 How much money _____ you earn last month?
A did c B have c C do c
- 18 I haven't seen her _____ last summer. How is she?
A since c B for c C until c
- 19 We've been living in this house _____ four years now.
A from c B since c C for c
- 20 **A** Would you like a cup of tea?
B No, thanks. I've _____ one.
A just have c B had just c C just had c

VOCABULARY

a Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with money words.

Example: Could I _____ £10 until tomorrow, please?

A lend c B borrow ✓ C give c

- 1 My parents have just finished paying the _____ on their house.
A bill c B salary c C mortgage c
- 2 I want to _____ some money, so I'm looking for a high interest account.
A invest c B raise c C earn c
- 3 Here's the money you _____ me last week – thank you.
A lent c B borrowed c C owed c
- 4 This ring isn't _____ a lot of money, but I love it!

A cost c B afford c C worth c

5 I bought this book yesterday. It _____ £20.

A spent c B cost c C charged c

6 We can't afford the _____ for private education.

A costs c B fees c C charges c

7 We managed to get a _____ to buy a new car.

A loan c B mortgage c C cheque c

b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with the missing prepositions.

Example: She spent €500 _____ new shoes yesterday.

A from c B up c C on ✓

8 I hate shopping _____ clothes.

A to c B by c C for c

9 My brother borrowed £10 _____ me last month.

A from c B by c C to c

10 It isn't a good idea to get _____ debt.

A for c B into c C on c

11 He paid for dinner _____ cash.

A in c B for c C by c

12 The hotel charged me €25 _____ a two-minute phone call!

A for c B of c C from c

13 Tina still hasn't paid me _____ the money I lent her!

A with c B back c C up c

c Tick (✓) the synonym of the adjectives.

Example: very small

A tiny ✓ B terrified c C enormous c

14 very dirty

A furious c B filthy c C hilarious c

15 very angry

A positive c B starving c C furious c

16 very pleased

A delighted c B amazed c C delicious c

17 very hungry

A terrified c B starving c C boiling c

18 very big

A boiling c B awful c C enormous c

19 very funny

A positive c B hilarious c C delighted c

20 very cold

A boiling c B amazed c C freezing c

PRONUNCIATION

a Which word has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A van c B tram c C lane ✓

1 A dollar c B cost c C sold c

2 A some c B won c C honest c

3 A done c B loan c C owe c

4 A worth c B order c C afford c

5 A store c B work c C organized c

b Which is the stressed syllable? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A exciting ✓ B exciting c C exciting c

6 A furious c B furious c C furious c

7 A enormous c B enormous c C enormous c

8 A positive c B positive c C positive c

9 A delighted c B delighted c C delighted c

10 A terrified c B terrified c C terrified c