# Worlds Apart pages 416

**Slavery in the United States**

1. What caused slavery to grow? _____
2. Northerners _____ slavery.

## The Growth of Slavery

1. What did George Mason call slavery? _____
2. The northern or New England factories needed more _____ for their factories.
3. What was the South's most important crop? _____
4. In 1790, about how many slaves were in the South? _____
5. In 1860, about how many slaves were in the South? _____

## Resistance to Slavery

1. In Virginia in 1831, a slave named _____, led a rebellion (a fight) against slave owners.
2. He and his followers killed _____ people before the police stopped them.
3. After Nat Turner's rebellion, _____ states passed _____to control both slaves and free blacks.
4. Southerners believed that _____ was too important to their economy to give up.
5. Northerners believed that _____ hurt the country's economy and didn't allow it to grow fast.
6. _____believed that slavery was unfair and wrong.

## North and South

1. The South's economy was _____.
2. Most southerners had large cotton _____.
3. Northerners economy was MOSTLY _____.

## The Tarriff

1. What is a tariff? _____
2. Tariffs were good for _____ industry (factories).
3. Tariffs did not help the _____.
4. Southerners had to pay _____ prices for the things they needs like _____ and _____.
5. Southerners blamed the high prices on _____

LIVEWORKSHEETS

## States' Rights

1. What southerner argued against tariffs? _____
2. He believed that the _____ government did not have the right to create tariffs.
3. He believed that the _____ should make decisions about tariffs.
4. He believed that the _____ should be able to _____ tariffs if they didn't like them.
5. _____ rights became very popular in the _____.
6. Loyalty to one part of the country is called _____.

LIVEWORKSHEETS