

FIRST COLONIES: THE PHOENICIANS, THE GREEKS AND THE CARTHAGINIANS.

25. Which colony came first? The
26. And then? The
27. And finally? The

THE PHOENICIANS

28. When did the Phoenicians arrive to the Iberian Peninsula? They arrived about years ago.

29. Where did the Phoenicians come from? They came from .

30. Where did the Phoenicians settle? They settled on the coast of the Iberian Peninsula.

31. Why did the Phoenicians come to the Iberian Peninsula? Because they wanted to with people of the Iberian Peninsula.

32. Where did the Phoenicians live? They lived in .

33. What trading colonies did the Phoenicians found? They founded the colonies of Malaka (Málaga), Sexi () and Gadir (Cádiz).

34. What were the two main jobs of the Phoenicians? They were and merchants.

35. What did the Phoenicians develop? They developed the first version of our

THE GREEKS

36. When did the Greeks arrive on the Iberian Peninsula? They arrived around 600 B.C.

37. Where did the Greeks come from? They came from the Eastern Sea.

38. Where did the Greeks live? They lived in small city-states called .

39. What were the main characteristics of the city-states/polis? Each of them had their own governors, laws and .

40. How were new governors chosen? They were elected by .

41. What were the first city-states/polis? They were and Sparta.

42. Why were the Greek polis the origin of democracy? Because their were elected by free citizens.

43. Where did the Greeks expand their territory? They expanded their territory through the Mediterranean Sea.

44. What colonies did the Greeks found on the Iberian Peninsula? They founded Rhode (), Emporion (Ampurias), Sagunto and Hemeroskopeion (Denia).

45. What did the Greeks bring to the Iberian Peninsula? The ancient Greeks took their government, culture and beliefs to their colonies. They also brought important things such as the potter's to help make pottery and money, to help commerce.

46. How important were the acropolis and the agora? They were very important because life was organized around them.

47. What was the acropolis? The most important _____ like the temple.

48. What was the agora? It was a _____ where citizens walked and debated.

THE CARTHAGINIANS

49. When did the Carthaginians come to the Iberian Peninsula? They came about _____ years ago.

50. Where did the Carthaginians come from? They came from the north of _____.

51. Where did the Carthaginians settle when they arrived to the Iberian Peninsula? They settled in some of the old _____ colonies.

52. Why did the Carthaginians come to the Iberian Peninsula? Because they wanted to trade _____.

53. What new colonies did the Carthaginians found? They founded new colonies like Cartago Nova (Cartagena) and Ebusus (____).

54. What were the Carthaginians main jobs? They were traders, _____ and warriors.

55. Who fought with the Romans to rule the Mediterranean? The _____.

56. What caused the end of the Carthaginian civilization? The Victory of the _____.