## **Using the Quotient rule to simplify Exponents**

Review the example below to understand why we <u>SUBTRACT</u> the Exponents when dividing powers with the same base.

Example: 1) 
$$2^6 \div 2^2 =$$

$$= \underbrace{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2}_{2 \times 2} = 2^4$$

$$= \underbrace{2^6 \div 2^2 = 2^{6-2}}_{2^6 = 2^4}$$

Simplify the following. fill in the boxes with the correct number.

(Use the quotient rule: keep the base, Subtract the exponents)

1) 
$$8^6 \div 8^4$$

2) 
$$b^8 \div b^5$$

3) 
$$11^9 \div 11^4$$

$$=b$$

$$=b$$

$$= 11$$

4) 
$$\frac{k^7}{K^5}$$

$$= k$$

$$= k$$

7) 
$$\frac{24b^{10}}{3b^3}$$

8) 
$$\frac{60a^5b^7}{12a^3b^5}$$

9) 
$$\frac{21x^3y}{7x^2y}$$

b

a b

x y

b

a b

x y