

1. Wybierz poprawne uzupełnienie zdania.

- a) A news also has to be an experienced journalist.
A reader B programmer C designer D secretary
- b) If I unemployed, I'll have to rely on my parents for help.
A get B become C be D grow
- c) I have a job. I earn a very good living.
A average B medium C well-paid D low-paid
- d) She's a very good and writes amazing books!
A actor B painter C director D novelist
- e) My brother is a and he makes amazing dishes!
A receptionist B chef C waiter D cashier
- f) You have to be very responsible to be a bank
A clerk B officer C agent D assistant
- g) He works in the because he loves books.
A university B library C court D laboratory
- h) I've got a job just for the summer months, but I don't earn much.
A voluntary B well-paid C temporary D permanent
- i) You have to really love animals to be a
A doctor B vet C nurse D dentist
- j) Waiters have to be very when they talk to difficult people.
A brave B caring C polite D organised

2. Wybierz właściwy wyraz.

- a) Ted got **fired** / **promoted** / **unemployed** from his job today.
- b) Rebecca is looking at job **commercials** / **adverts** / **interviews** on the internet.
- c) Can I **do** / **get** / **have** a day off work tomorrow, please?
- d) We have to **attend** / **go** / **meet** an important meeting next week.
- e) Lewis **gains** / **earns** / **wins** a living as a fire fighter.
- f) I'm working hard to **receive** / **get** / **make** a promotion!
- g) Barry wants to **teach** / **instruct** / **learn** students at university.
- h) My dad had a **temporary** / **permanent** / **bonus** job working abroad for three months.
- i) Dennis works as a security **fighter** / **clerk** / **guard** at the bank.
- j) Karen is a(n) **explorer** / **inventor** / **scientist** and spends all day in the lab.

3. Uzupełnij zdania odpowiednimi czasownikami.

work take apply report design get repair write start travel

- a) Sorry Scott, I can't time off work on Saturday.
- b) I can work on Tuesday if you want.
- c) Flight attendants have to long distances.
- d) We are looking for a babysitter to care of our children.
- e) Channel 7 needs journalists to the evening news.
- f) Sam really wants to for that job that he saw in the paper.
- g) My brother can that for you, he's a mechanic.
- h) Kevin has to long hours. He doesn't finish until 8pm.
- i) I clothes for a big fashion company.
- j) Can you help me my CV, so I can find a job?

4. Do każdej sytuacji wybierz właściwą reakcję.

- a) Kolega pyta Cię, o której godzinie przychodzisz do pracy. Jak mu odpowiesz?
A I work 8 hours a day.
B At 8 am usually.

C I leave home at 7 am.

b) Jesteś na rozmowie w sprawie pracy. Poproszono Cię o Twoje CV. Co powiesz?
A For my last job, I worked at a chemist's.
B Yes, of course. Here it is.

c) Szef zaoferował Ci podwyżkę. Chcesz się dowiedzieć, ile ona wyniesie. Jak sformułujesz pytanie?
A Will it cost a lot?
B Could I have a bonus?
C What's my new salary?

d) Koleżanka mówi, że wyglądasz na zmęczonego/ zmęczoną. Co jej powiesz?
A I had a busy day.
B I had a day off.
C I enjoyed it.

e) Chcesz zapytać kierownika sklepu, czy szuka nowego personelu. Jak to zrobisz?
A What's the salary?
B When can I start?
C Do you have any vacancies?

f) Spotkałeś znajomego i chcesz się dowiedzieć, gdzie teraz pracuje. Jakie pytanie mu zadasz?
A How do you make money?
B Where's your company?
C What company do you work for now?

g) Chcesz się dowiedzieć, ile dni w tygodniu pracuje Twoja koleżanka. Jak ją o to zapytasz?
A Do you work Monday to Friday?
B Have you worked there for long?
C When do you start work on the weekends?

h) Jesteś na rozmowie w sprawie pracy. Zapytano Cię, które z Twoich umiejętności sprawiają, że jesteś odpowiednim kandydatem. Jak odpowiesz?
A I'm very organised and a good leader.
B I have always wanted to do a job like this.
C I was promoted in my last job.

i) Koleżanka zaprosiła Cię na pokaz mody, ale nie możesz pójść. Co jej powiesz?
A Do they want to go?
B I'd love to, but I can't go.
C I don't want to go.

j) Twój szef ma jakiś problem. Jak zaproponujesz mu pomoc?
A Could you help us?
B Do you need some help?
C How do you do?

5. Uzupełnij tabelę, wpisując podane wyrazy w liczbie pojedynczej lub mnogiej.

| | |
|------------|----------|
| dress | |
| | feet |
| box | |
| university | |
| | potatoes |
| | mice |
| leaf | |
| sheep | |
| | people |
| toy | |
| tooth | |
| | loaves |
| | cities |

6. Uzupełnij zdania wyrazami *this, that, these, those*.

- a) →..... is a book.
- b) →→..... are her slippers.
- c) →..... are my sisters.
- d) →→..... are his new shoes.
- e) →→..... is my bike.

7. Wybierz właściwą formę czasownika.

- a) We'll call you as soon as we **will arrive / arrive**.
- b) Let's go and see that new play tonight. What time **will it start / does it start**?
- c) Dinner **will be ready** before you **will leave / leave**.
- d) I'll show you some photos when I **return / will return** from Glasgow.
- e) When **does / will** Katy return from the shops?

8. Wybierz poprawne uzupełnienie zdan.

- a) There are lots of clouds in the sky. It tonight.
A will rain B is going to rain C is raining
- b) Will you visit me when you in England?
A will arrive B arrive C are arriving
- c) Sam Maths when he finishes school next year. That's his plan!
A is studying B will study C is going to study
- d) I you some tea. Please have a rest.
A make B will make C am going to make
- e) Anna to Poland tomorrow; she has already bought the tickets.
A is flying B is going to fly C will fly

9. Wybierz właściwą formę czasownika.

Next Friday, Jason **is travelling / travels** to Munich for a business trip. His company have already booked the flight. His plane **will depart / departs** at one o'clock in the afternoon and a driver **will meet / is meeting** him at four o'clock at the airport. He **is going to stay / stays** at a hotel in the city centre. Jason doesn't know how long the meeting **will last**, but he **will email / emails** his boss as soon as he has some news.