

Animal, Plant, and Fungi Kingdoms

There are five kingdoms. _____
are called kingdoms.

Fill in the blanks:

	Organisms from the Animal Kingdom are ____ cellular, eat other _____ things, and most animals can ____ around.
	Organisms from the Plant Kingdom are ____ cellular, _____ their own food (through the process of _____), and _____ move around because of their roots.
	Organisms from the Fungi Kingdom are ____ cellular and ____ cellular, _____ other living things, and _____ move.

Match the following tools for observation with their definition:

Magnifying glass	Used to view larger organisms, especially larger mammals that can be far away
Binoculars/telescopes	Used to observe smaller organisms like insects
Tracks/excrement	Used to identify where an animal has been (even if we cannot see them at the moment)

Animals are divided into two groups: _____ and _____.

Vertebrates have _____.

Invertebrates _____.

There are five categories of vertebrate animals:

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____



Plants can be divided into two groups: _____ and _____.

Non-seed plants reproduce using special cells, called _____.

Two examples of non-seed plants are _____ and _____.



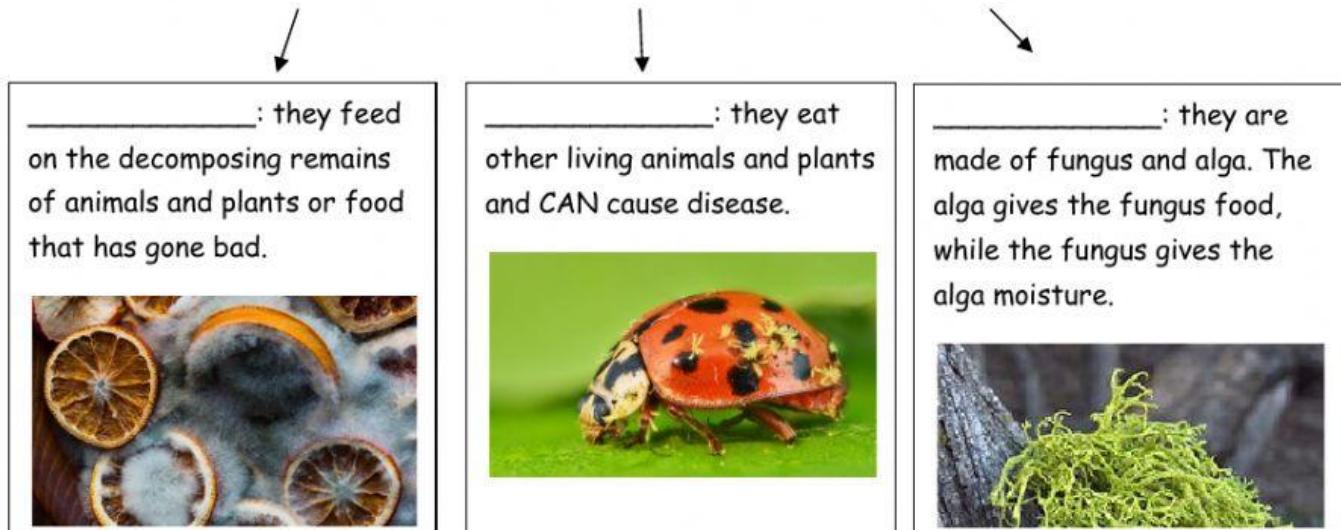
Seed plants reproduce using _____.

There are two categories of seed plants:

1. _____ that produce simple flowers (like bushes).
2. _____ are flowering plants (like fruit).

Fungi are separated into two groups: unicellular fungi (like _____) and _____ fungi (like mould and mushrooms).

Fungi feed on other living things. They are divided in 3 groups



Fungi can produce types of medicine (like _____), it can make different _____ (like bread or cheese), and it can make different drinks (like beer or _____. They are important for our ecosystems and without it, our _____ would change.