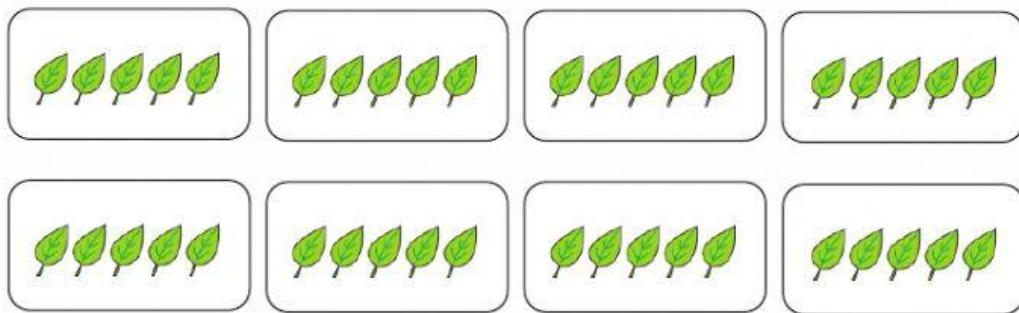


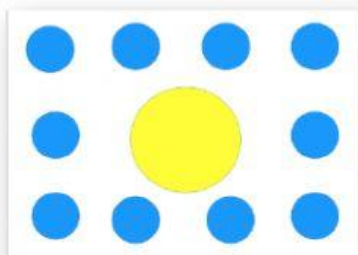
MULTIPLICACIÓN



$5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = 40$ → 8 veces 5 = 40 es decir, $8 \times 5 = 40$



1. Ahora trabajamos en el tablero Mckinder para completar la tabla del 8.



$8 \times 0 = \underline{\quad}$

$8 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

$8 \times 1 = \underline{\quad}$

$8 \times 7 = \underline{\quad}$

$8 \times 2 = \underline{\quad}$

$8 \times 8 = \underline{\quad}$

$8 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$

$8 \times 9 = \underline{\quad}$

$8 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$

$8 \times 10 = \underline{\quad}$

$8 \times 5 = \underline{\quad}$



2. Resuelve las multiplicaciones.



C	D	U
	1	1
		8

x

C	D	U
	2	0
		8

x

C	D	U
1	0	0
		8

x

C	D	U
	6	1
		8

x

C	D	U
1	1	1
		8

x

C	D	U
1	1	0
		8

x

