

ALMA
WORLD QUEST 3 MIDTERM TEST
UNITS 1-3

Name: _____

Score: ____/100

I. Replace the underlined words with an extreme adjective.

example: It was a very frightening movie.

terrifying

1. She was very tired after a long day at work.
2. He told me a very funny joke.
3. It's very cold outside. Put on your warmest jacket.
4. He lives in a very small flat.
5. The new shopping mall in the city centre is very big.

/5

II. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in bold.

example: That strange hat is a new fashion creation. **CREATE**

1. Our school theatre club gave a fantastic _____ of *Romeo and Juliet*. **PERFORM**
2. The festival wasn't a success because the _____ was terrible. **ORGANIZE**
3. There's a lot of _____ for young people in our town. **ENTERTAIN**
4. Our class won the dancing _____. **COMPETE**
5. The wedding _____ took place in a beautiful old building. **CELEBRATE**

/5

III. Translate into English.

gałąź -

zanieczyszczony -

film dokumentalny -

zdrowie -

piorun -

kamizelka ratunkowa -

atrakcja -

bezpieczeństwo -

malowniczy -

prom -

/10

IV. Complete. Use the correct form of the present simple or the present continuous.

Hi Luke,

How are you? At the moment, I _____ (listen) to The Arctic Monkeys' new CD.

I _____ (think) they're great! _____ (you/like) them? I usually

_____ (play) football on Saturdays, but today I _____ (stay) at

home because I'm ill. I _____ (watch) TV and _____ (read) books all day today. I'm really fed up!

What _____ (you/do) today? _____ (you/ work) on our school project? _____ (you/ want) me to find some pictures on the internet for it?

Write soon!

Alex

/20

V. Write the verbs in brackets in past simple or past continuous.

1. A: What _____ (you/do) when the accident happened?
B: I _____ (try) to change a light bulb that had burnt out.
2. Yesterday I _____ (find) a wallet full of money, so I _____ (go) to the police and _____ (turn) it in.
3. Sebastian _____ (arrive) at Susan's house a little before 7:00 p.m., but she _____ (be/not) there. She _____ (study) at the library for her final examination in French.
4. A: I _____ (call) you last night after dinner, but you were out. Where were you?
B: I _____ (walk) in the park with my grandma.

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VI. Write the verbs in brackets in present perfect or past simple.

1. How long _____ (Mary/be) a nurse?
2. Are you hungry? No, I _____ (just/have) a sandwich.
3. We _____ (build) our house in 1988.
4. I _____ (never/eat) sushi.
5. Jack _____ (see) Niagara Falls two years ago.
6. _____ (you/ ever/meet) somebody from Japan?
7. He _____ me a letter when he was at the camp. (not write)

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VII. Write *for* or *since*.

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| _____ three months | _____ my birthday |
| _____ a long time | _____ she was a little girl |

/4

VIII. Complete the sentences with the correct form of *will*, *be going to* or present continuous.

1. It's Julia's birthday next week, so _____ (buy) her some flowers.
2. Bridget _____ (see) her doctor on Friday.
3. Will you lend me £10? I promise I _____ (give) it back to you tomorrow.
4. 'Jim's starting university next week.' 'What _____ (he/study)?'
5. Do you think they _____ (like) the presents we got for them?
6. We _____ (take) the ten thirty train to Glasgow. We've bought the tickets.

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IX. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form using a gerund or infinitive.

1. We decided _____ (move) house in June.
2. My brother hates _____ (swim) in cold water.
3. Jacob enjoys _____ (drive) his Ferrari.
4. She promised _____ (send) me a postcard from Spain.
5. The boy is keen on _____ (play) cricket.

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