

Know Now

ENGLISH TEST



LISTENING

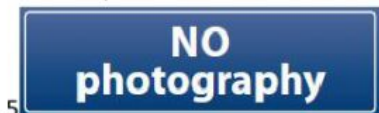
SIGNS



- 1
- A. on a wedding invitation
 - B. on a banner at a wedding reception
 - C. at the entrance to a church



- 2
- A. at a swimming pool
 - B. at a crime scene
 - C. in a department store



- 5
- A. in a park
 - B. in a restaurant
 - C. in an art gallery



- 3
- A. at a train station
 - B. in a flat
 - C. in a shop



- 4
- A. on a road sign
 - B. in a car park
 - C. in a complex



- 6
- A. in a sport stadium
 - B. outside an apartment building
 - C. in a shop

1



READING

Chose the best option A, B, C o D

Walt Disney was a pioneer of the Hollywood animated movie industry who is remembered for (0)_____ the charming cartoon mouse, Mickey Mouse, along with other much-loved characters such as Donald Duck, Goofy, and Pluto.

Disney achieved great success due to (6)_____ tenacity, imagination and use of technical innovations. In 1937, he released Snow White and the Seven Dwarves – the first feature-length animated movie to be (7) _____ in full color and sound. The movie had (8)_____ several years to complete, and cost far more to make (9)_____ Disney had estimated, but it was (10)_____ instant commercial and critical success. More successes followed with iconic animated movies (11)_____ Fantasia, Dumbo and Pinocchio. Walt Disney's company (12)_____ a number of setbacks In the 1940s, but (13)_____ the 1950s the studios were once again producing animated features such as Peter Pan, Sleeping Beauty and 101 Dalmatians. In 1968, the studios released Mary Poppins, which features a mix of live action and animation, and which was the last movie that Walt Disney (14)_____ produced. Nowadays, Disney's name is as much associated with theme parks as it is with his movies. His theme park Disneyland was opened in California in 1955 and, despite some early problems, became (15)_____ successful with millions of visitors each year. Construction of another entertainment complex, Disney World in Florida, began in the 1960s but unfortunately Walt Disney died in 1968, before the park was open. Today, there are other Disney attractions in Japan, France, China, Hong Kong and Hawaii.

- | | | | |
|----------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| 6. A. her | B. its | C. his | D. him |
| 7. A. released | B. given | C. sold | D. opened |
| 8. A. fallen | B. given | C. written | D. taken |
| 9. A. to | B. than | C. that | D. of |
| 10. A. an | B. a | C. the | D. any |
| 11. A. whereas | B. how | C. such as | D. while |
| 12. A. arrived | B. looked | C. found | D. searched |
| 13. A. to | B. since | C. before | D. by |
| 14. A. herself | B. himself | C. itself | D. themselves |
| 15. A. partly | B. hardly | C. very | D. slightly |

2

JOIN DESCRIPTIONS

- | | |
|---|----------------|
| 16. spend leisure time with friends | A. dance |
| 17. work out at the gym | B. do painting |
| 18. move in rhythm with music | C. collect |
| 19. bring together a number of things | D. hang out |
| 20. visit places of interest on holiday | E. keep fit |
| | F. sightseeing |
| | G. go camping |
| | H. skate |

COMPLETE THE CONVERSATIONS

21. Speaker 1: It's raining cats and dogs!

Speaker 2: _____

- A. We'd better get in! B. I am a cat lover! C. Let's play with them!

22. Speaker 1: Should I bring anything special for our day trip?

Speaker 2: _____

- A. Pack swim suits. B. See you soon! C. I'm looking forward to it.

23. Speaker 1: How did you get back to your hotel?

Speaker 2: _____

- A. It was too heavy. B. I was alone. C. I had to walk.

24. Speaker 1: The hotel couldn't find our reservation.

Speaker 2: _____

- A. I'm attending a wedding. B. Oh no! That's terrible. C. Good news!

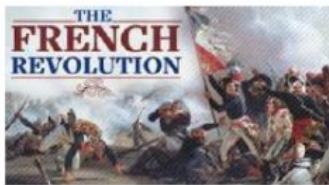
25. Speaker 1: Why did this happen?

Speaker 2: _____

- A. I don't know. B. My compliments. C. How lovely!

3

READING COMPREHENSION 2



Historical events have had a huge impact in modern society but not many of them like the French Revolution. (0)_____ began in 1789 and lasted for ten years, was a world-changing event that not only redefined the politics and society of France but also had far-reaching influence on the (26)_____ of many other countries in the world. The main causes of the revolution were that the French king (27)_____ ruled as absolute monarch, with very (28)_____ restrictions on his power, and because a feudal system of land ownership put the peasants (29)_____ worked the land completely under the control of the aristocracy who owned it.

Furthermore, costly wars had bankrupted the French government, the king was regarded as (30)_____ and ineffectual, and a combination of bad harvests and rising prices in the 1780s caused hardship among ordinary French people. The Storming of the Bastille in July 1789, (31)_____ the people took control of this fortress and political prison in Paris, is (32)_____ by many as the single event that started the French Revolution. In 1793, the French king was executed and the monarchy was (33)_____, beginning a dark and bloody

period of the revolution known as The Terror, when thousands of aristocrats and political enemies of the increasingly extremist leaders of the revolution were executed. (34)___the brutality of The Terror, the basic (35)___ that inspired the French Revolution – liberty, freedom, and equal rights for all people – influenced the constitutions of many other countries, including the United States, and these principles are today widely accepted as providing the foundations of a fair society.

0. A. who **B. which** C. than D. where
 26. A. story B. tale C. anecdote D. history
 27. A. yet B. anymore C. still D. not yet
 28. A. a few B. few C. little D. much
 29. A. who B. whose C. which D. that
 30. A. weak B. strong C. healthy D. useful
 31. A. that B. which C. who D. when
 32. A. watched B. experienced C. regarded D. shown
 33. A. abolished B. started C. exterminated D. murdered
 34. A. Moreover B. Because C. Therefore D. Despite
 35. A. feelings B. principles C. standards D. mistakes



4

Pasta is one of the most popular foods in the world. However, the precise origins (0) _____ pasta in Italy are not known. Some people believe that the explorer Marco Polo brought pasta back to Italy from China (36) _____ the end of the 13th century, although there is evidence that pasta existed in some form in Italy much earlier than that. Pasta is a basic foodstuff that is (37) _____ by mixing flour and water or egg, then forming the dough (38) _____ shapes. The pasta can be cooked fresh (39) _____ it can be dried and stored for cooking later. Similar types of food have existed for centuries all over the world, but (40) _____ many people think of pasta as (41) _____ a typically Italian food. The warm (42) _____ in southern Italy is ideal for drying pasta, and also for growing the main ingredients of many classic pasta sauces, (43) _____ as tomatoes, vegetables and herbs.

0. A. of B. in C. to
 36. A. until B. towards C. over
 37. A. made B. make C. making
 38. A. inside B. around C. into
 39. A. or B. nor C. either

40. A. back then B. today C. eventually
 41. A. being B. been C. be
 42. A. water B. wind C. climate
 43. A. like B. such as C. different



44. What form of digital media uses file formats with the abbreviations JPEG and PNG ?

- A. Images
 B. Photographs
 C. Video
 D. Audio

45. With images, audio and video, what is the usual relationship between file size and media quality? (There is more than one correct answer.)

- A Smaller file = faster to download and better quality
 B Smaller file = faster to download but poorer quality
 C Bigger file = slower to download but better quality
 D Bigger file = slower to download and poorer quality

VIDEO 1.1



46. What is the definition of mass media?

- A. The creation of an advertising campaign.
 B. A marketing strategy used to market a product.
 C. The promotion of a product.
 D. The primary means of communication used to reach the vast majority of the general public.

47. Among the answers listed, which are platforms of mass media?

A. Radio B. Internet C. Television D. The answers listed are correct.

48. 2. What does the mass media have a major influence on?

A. On foreign affairs. B. The general public. C. Presidential debates. D. Answers listed are correct.

VIDEO 1.2



6

49. Which of the following is **NOT** a purpose for mass communication?

A. To enlighten B. To persuade C. To delegate D. To inform

50. 1. Which term refers to the means of communication, such as radio, television, magazines, or the Internet.

A. Media B. Multitasking C. Literacy D. Social media

51. Which of the following would involve simultaneous contact with two or more other forms of media?

A. mass media B. media multitasking C. digital literacy D. _____

SPEAKING

52. Gemma and Jack both had good holidays.
A True B. False
53. Jack enjoyed his French lesson.
A True B. False
54. Gemma thinks Madame Martin is a good teacher.
A True B. False
55. Jack doesn't like speaking French.
A True B. False
56. Jack is happy with his maths teacher.
A True B. False