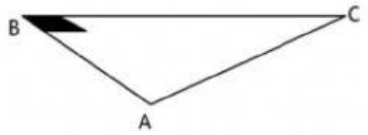
ANGULOS DIEDROS Y TRIEDROS

En un triángulo isósceles ABC, recto en B se levanta BE perpendicular al plano del triángulo, si BF=2; AB=$2\sqrt{2}$ Hallar el ángulo diedro formado por los planos ABC Y AFC.

Lee y comprende el problema, observa los pasos del desarrollo, completa los datos, realiza cálculos y averigua el valor de "α"

1



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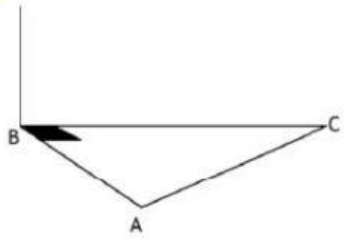

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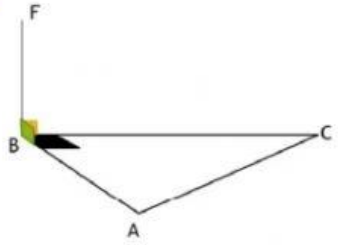

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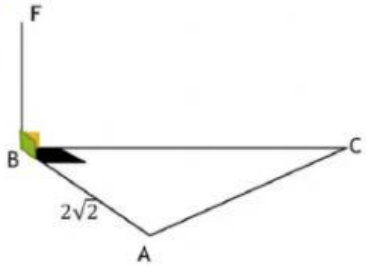

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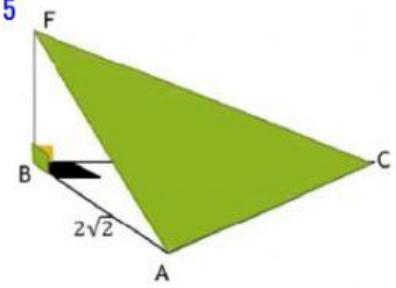

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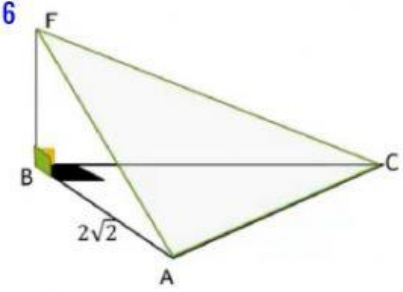

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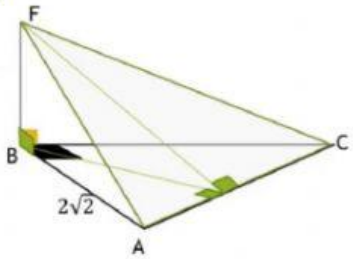

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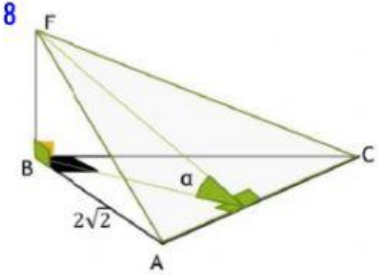

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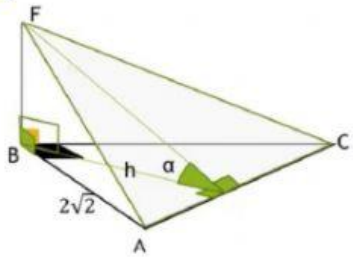

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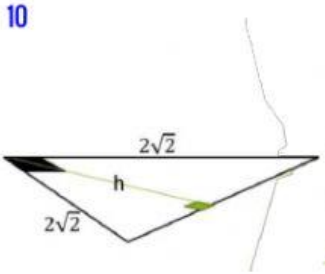

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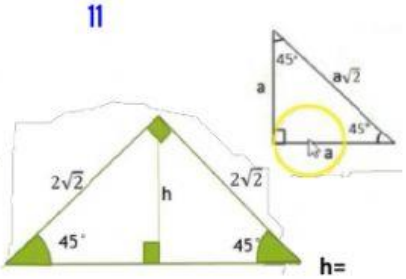

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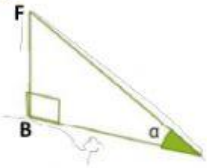

α =