NEWTON'S LAWS OF MOTION WORKSHOP

Choose the correct options

- 1. ______ is the process of an object changing its place or position
 - a. Friction
 - b. Motion
 - c. Speed
 - d. Force



- 2. Which is an example of an object in motion:
 - a. A basketball on a rack.
 - b. A soccer ball resting on the grass
 - c. A bowling ball rolling
 - d. A tennis ball sitting on a container.



- 3. What is a push or a pull upon an object?
 - a. Inertia
 - b. Motion
 - c. Friction
 - d. Force



- 4. What force is causing the soccer ball to move?
 - a. The wind
 - b. The growing grass
 - c. The moving foot
 - d. The moving hand.



- 5. Which of the following can happen as the result of friction?
 - a. An object can speed up
 - b. An object can slow down
 - c. An object can twice as fast
 - d. All of the above



- 6. According to Newton's third law of motion, what does every action have?
 - a. No reaction
 - b. An equal and opposite reaction.
 - c. The same reaction
 - d. A larger reaction



- 7. If you place a book on your desk, it will remain at rest on your desk unless a force causes it to move. Which of Newton's law does the example help explain?
 - a. Newton's gravitational force
 - b. Newton's first law of motion
 - c. Newton's second law of motion
 - d. Newton's third law of motion.



- 8. What is the force of an object equal according to according to Newton's second law of motion?
 - a. Its height added to its speed
 - b. Its weight divided by acceleration
 - c. Its mass times acceleration
 - d. Its width times its speed.



- 9. If you and a friend hold a book, a pencil, a paper clip and a crayon at the same height in the air, and drop the all, which item will hit the ground with the greatest force?
 - a. The book
 - b. The pencil
 - c. The paper clip
 - d. The crayon.



- 10. If you drop an object, it will fall directly to the ground because of
 - a. Friction
 - b. Gravity
 - c. Inertia
 - d. Work

