

Superlatives and Comparatives

1. Check your grammar: true or false – comparatives and superlatives

Are these sentences *True* or *False*?

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| 1. | To compare two things, we add -er to many adjectives. | <i>True</i> | <i>False</i> |
| 2. | We add -est to make the superlative form of many adjectives. | <i>True</i> | <i>False</i> |
| 3. | We never change the spelling of the adjective before adding -er / -est . | <i>True</i> | <i>False</i> |
| 4. | We often use " <i>than</i> " after a comparative. | <i>True</i> | <i>False</i> |
| 5. | We often use " <i>the</i> " before a superlative. | <i>True</i> | <i>False</i> |
| 6. | With longer adjectives, we use " <i>more</i> " + adjective or " <i>most</i> " + adjective. | <i>True</i> | <i>False</i> |
| 7. | There are a lot of irregular comparatives and superlatives. | <i>True</i> | <i>False</i> |

Complete the sentences with the present simple form of the verbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible.

1. My sister thinks she's (intelligent) than me, but I don't agree!
2. *Avatar* is probably (bad) film I've seen!
3. What is (wet) month of the year in England?
4. Do you think the *Harry Potter* films are (good) than the books?
5. Who is (powerful) person in your country?
6. I think *Men in Black 1* was (funny) than *Men in Black 3*.
7. Is Angelina Jolie (old) than Sandra Bullock?
8. John is (nice) person that I know.

Fill in the gaps with the comparative form of the adjectives given.

1. A rock is than a leaf. (heavy)
2. Our house is than yours. (big)
3. The princess is than the witch. (beautiful)
4. Tom is a student than Mary. (good)
5. Bicycles are than motorbikes. (safe)

Fill in the gaps with the superlative form of the adjectives given.

1. It is the shop in town. (large)
2. Monday is the day of the week. (bad)
3. Ben was the person in his family. (noisy)
4. Sam is the in the class. (popular)
5. Which is the subject at school? (difficult)

Fill in the gaps with the comparative or the superlative form of the adjectives given.

1. This armchair is than the old one. (comfortable)
2. Trains are than aeroplanes. (slow)
3. I bought the souvenir I could afford. (expensive)
4. In this classroom there are girls than boys. (many)
5. Ann is the child in the family. (young)
6. That TV set is the of all. (cheap)