Part 1 Listen and fill in the blank with a suitable word or a number.

1. In total, Japan consists of almost _____ islands.
2. Tokyo has over _____ million people.
3. One of the best known _____ of Japan is Mount Fuji.
4. _____ is regarded as the national sport.
5. The most popular spectator sport is _____.

Part 2 Circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest.

1. **A**. you<u>th</u> **B**. clo<u>th</u> **C**. ba<u>the</u> **D**. mon<u>th</u>
2. **A**. m<u>u</u>seum **B**. <u>u</u>nit **C**. ref<u>u</u>se **D**. c<u>u</u>stomer
3. **A**. h<u>o</u>st **B**. <u>o</u>verseas **C**. rem<u>o</u>ve **D**. s<u>o</u>
4. **A**. l<u>u</u>ck **B**. str<u>u</u>cture **C**. p<u>u</u>sh **D**. str<u>u</u>ggle

Part 3 Circle the best answer to complete each of the following sentences.

1. You _____ miss any of the lectures. They're always very useful.

   A. needn't **B**. should **C**. shouldn't **D**. can

2. My sister is famous _____ her intelligence. She designs many special styles for Ao dai.

   A. in **B**. for **C**. with **D**. into

3. When having meals with British, you should never chew with your _____ open.

   A. hand **B**. eye **C**. finger **D**. mouth

4. My brother has been living in Hue for two years; _____, he has never been to Thien Mu pagoda.

   A. however **B**. although **C**. if **D**. because

5. _____ you study harder, you won't pass the final examination.

A. Unless **B**. Because **C**. If **D**. Without

6. We _____ wear uniform at school from Monday to Saturday.

A. have to **B**. haven't to **C**. could **D**. shouldn't

7. The Xoe dance is a _____ tradition of Thai ethnic people.

A. physical **B**. spiritual **C**. material **D**. practical

8. There are not a lot of carnivals in Viet Nam; _____, there are many special traditional festivals.

A. moreover **B**. while **C**. nevertheless **D**. although

9. People in this village _____ the Water God.

A. worship **B**. perform **C**. watch **D**. learn

10. _____ spring comes, many Vietnamese villages prepare for a new festival season.

A. While **B**. When **C**. Nevertheless **D**. However

Part 4 **Read the passage and answer the following questions.**

Mid-Autumn festival is a big festival of Vietnam held on the fifteenth day of lunar August. Children in Vietnam love this festival a lot because they can eat a lot of moon cakes and receive gifts from their parents or grandparents.

The festival is also an occasion for family to gather, eat moon cakes and enjoy the full moon. When I was a child, on the Mid-Autumn days, I used to have a mask on and hold a lantern, form a long line with other kids and parade noisily through all the streets that we can. When I grew up a little more and had a bike, my younger sister and I usually chased the lion dance troops.

Now I am adult and those games do not interest me so much. I often sit in a cafe, drink something and watch children parade through the streets every Mid-Autumn festival.

1. When is Mid - Autumn festival held?

→ .....

2. Why do Vietnamese children like this festival?

→ .....

3. Is this festival an occasion for family gatherings?

→ .....

4. What did the writer use to do when she was a child?

→ .....

5. What does she often do every Mid-Autumn festival?

→ .....

Part 5 **Combine each pair of sentences using the words given in brackets.**

1. They want to go camping. It is going to rain. **(however)**

→ .....

2. My mother wanted to travel around Vietnam. She started to save money. **(therefore)**

→ .....

3. You can go to the movies. You can go to the zoo. ***(otherwise)***

→ .....

4. Vu Lan is a time for people to show their gratitude towards their parents. It is a time for time to worship ghosts. ***(moreover)***

→ .....

Rewrite the following sentences using the word given.

5. My students are obligated to wear uniforms when they go to school. (**Have**)

→ .....

6. You are not allowed to talk in the class. (**Must'nt**)

→ .....