



Раздел 1 (задания по аудированию)

Вы услышите четыре коротких текста или диалога, обозначенных буквами **A, B, C, D**.
 В заданиях **1–4** запишите в поле ответа цифру **1, 2** или **3**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.
 Вы услышите запись дважды.

1. What allowed the people to build and develop computers?

1. The invention of Charles Babbage.
2. The invention of necessary materials and technologies.
3. The development of the Internet.

Ответ:

2. Where does the woman cook?

1. In the kitchen.
2. On the terrace.
3. In the kitchen area.

Ответ:

3. What happened to the woman?

1. She lost the money.
2. She lost her way.
3. She got lost.

Ответ:

4. What is the woman looking for?

1. A beauty hall.
2. A lift.
3. Furniture.

Ответ:

5. Вы готовите тематическую радиопередачу с высказываниями пяти разных людей, обозначенных буквами **A, B, C, D, E**. Подберите к каждому высказыванию соответствующую его содержанию тему из списка **1–6**. Используйте каждую тему из списка только один раз.

В списке есть **одна лишняя тема**. Вы услышите запись дважды.

1. The speaker was attacked by a dog in the street.
2. The speaker talks about a bank robbery attempt that morning.
3. The speaker talks about an earthquake that morning.
4. The speaker talks about the failure to keep people under control during the fire.
5. The speaker says the driver was injured in the car crash.
6. The speaker talks about his sport injury.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E
Тема					

6 - 11. Вы помогаете своему другу, юному радиожурналисту, проанализировать подготовленное им для передачи интервью. Прослушайте аудиозапись интервью и занесите данные в таблицу. Вы можете вписать **не более одного слова** (без артиклей) из прозвучавшего текста. Числа необходимо записывать буквами.

6. The girl hasn't seen a film for	weeks.
7. The nearest movies house shows the best film of	
8. The French film has been widely	
9. The cinema showing the French film is always	
10. The girl didn't wear her	
11. The girls said that she had a	evening.

Раздел 2 (задания по чтению)

12. Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы о Лос-Анжелесе. Определите, в каком из текстов **A–F** содержатся ответы на интересующие Вас вопросы **1–7**. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите Ваши ответы в таблицу.

- 1. The ecological problem**
- 2. The city of foreigners**
- 3. Deceptive luxury**
- 4. The place where you can touch the history of the cinema**
- 5. The diversity of names**
- 6. The main business of the city**
- 7. From the history of the city**

- A.** Los Angeles is the largest city in the state of California and the second most populous city in the United States. The Los Angeles area, which includes the city itself and its suburbs, has a population of 13.6 million. Los Angeles's nicknames are LA and the City of Angels. Some people also call it 'La-La Land' because they think the city is full of strange and crazy people. The inhabitants of Los Angeles are called Angelenos. Los Angeles is often called 'the entertainment capital of the world.'
- B.** The largest and most famous entertainment industries in LA are television and film production, so the city is full of celebrities and wannabe actors who come here hoping to attract attention of some Hollywood big shot. Hollywood is still the centre of American film industry, though many studios have moved out of it. The famous Hollywood sign is known all over the world. Each letter in the sign is 15.2 m tall.
- C.** Los Angeles is a multicultural city. About 100 languages can be heard on its streets! It has the largest number of Mexicans outside Mexico, Koreans outside Seoul and Iranians outside Teheran. There are some areas in LA where it seems that you are not in an English-speaking country at all. Little Tokyo, for example, has Japanese Buddhist temples, Japanese shops, karaoke clubs, sushi bars and rock gardens. In Little India you can find saris and sitars. There is even Little Russia in Los Angeles where everyone speaks Russian!
- D.** One striking thing about LA is that it doesn't seem to have a city at all. It keeps growing and spreading in all directions, even out into the desert! It seems that nobody walks in Los Angeles; there are a lot of beautiful cars driven by beautiful people. But with so many cars LA has the dirtiest air in the U S. The sunshine is hidden by the smog.
- E.** LA's most important street, Sunset Boulevard, is about 40 km long. Its most famous stretch, the Sunset Strip, passes through Hollywood. The Strip is known for its bright billboards and chic restaurants where the waiters are really wannabe actors or singers or scriptwriters. There are also modern apartment buildings with pools and palm trees but inside there are often six or more young hopefuls living together in two rooms to save money on rent.
- F.** Universal Studios in Hollywood is one of the most amazing places on earth. Not only does it have a theme park but it's also a working studio. A tram tour takes you past film sets where movies are being filmed and you can also see a lot of Hollywood history, including Alfred Hitchcock's old studio offices and the set where they filmed part of *Jaws* and the *Jurassic Park*. You can even bump into Steven Spielberg or Johnny Depp on their way to work... or to lunch (contrary to what their agents say, the stars are human, they have to eat).

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F
Вопрос						

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **13–19** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). Запишите в поле ответа цифру **1, 2** или **3**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

Terrible Twisters

Tornadoes, also known as twisters, are the most violent storms on our planet. Tornadoes form when a warm wind meets a cold one. As the two winds move around each other, a funnel of spinning air forms. The faster it spins, the more powerful it becomes.

At its base, a tornado can be from 100 metres to over 1 kilometre wide. The wider it is, the more

destructive it can be.

The most violent tornadoes have wind speeds of more than 400 kilometres an hour. As you can imagine, such a twister can destroy everything in its path. Tornadoes can pick up cars, houses and trains and put them down in the next street — or even in the next town. One tornado picked up a school house, turned it around, and then set it down backwards.

In Russia, during one tornado, people were amazed to see money falling out of the sky. At least a thousand coins dropped from the clouds. The winds had removed the earth from a buried treasure, then picked up the coins.

Once, a man from Texas opened the door of his house, and fell 10 metres to the ground! His house had already taken off. Luckily, the man remained alive.

Most tornadoes last a few minutes, but some can last several hours. Such tornadoes are especially destructive.

Some people think that you are safe from tornadoes if you are near rivers, lakes and mountains. How wrong they are! Tornadoes can go up 3,000-metre mountains, as well as across rivers and lakes.

Tornadoes occur almost everywhere in the world, but the country that sees the strongest twisters is the United States of America. About 800 tornadoes hit the country every year.

No two twisters are exactly alike. Each tornado has its own colour, sound and shape. Each tornado is filled with surprises because nobody can ever tell where it might go or what kinds of things it might do. This is why tornadoes are the most dangerous storms.

13. Tornadoes happen due to the winds' temperature differences.

1. True 2. False 3. Not stated **Ответ:**

14. The least destructive tornadoes are very wide at their base.

1. True 2. False 3. Not stated **Ответ:**

15. Tornadoes always put down everything they pick up in their movement.

1. True 2. False 3. Not stated **Ответ:**

16. The most unexpected things can fall on the ground during tornadoes.

1. True 2. False 3. Not stated **Ответ:**

17. Nobody has survived in a tornado.

1. True 2. False 3. Not stated **Ответ:**

18. Tornadoes can happen only on the flat land.

1. True 2. False 3. Not stated **Ответ:**

19. Tornadoes occur in all the states of the USA.

1. True 2. False 3. Not stated **Ответ:**

Раздел 3 (задания по грамматике и лексике)

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **20–28**, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию **20–28**.

20	Tracey Bennett moved about among the guests with the _____ smile of a queen.	ADMIRE	
21	She was happy to be surrounded by friends or admirers — young _____, lawyers, statesmen. But in that splendid crowd there was a man who watched her every move. It was Albert Kington. He followed her everywhere, not close but like a shadow.	BUSINESS	20
22	He _____ after her from place to place: upstairs	GO	21
23	and downstairs. _____ in corners with his eyes	STAND	22
24	_____ upon Tracey 's face, like a policeman on duty.	TURN	23
	From time to time Tracey came up to the edge of the roof and looked at the plain.		24
25	Why she did so no one _____ tell.	CAN	25
26	No one _____ in her movements except Albert Kington.	INTEREST	26
27	He had thoughts about it — thoughts he _____.	NOT LIKE	27
	Suddenly a group of moving objects appeared on the plain. «Wild horses!» said somebody.		28
28	«They _____ this way — straight to your place. Mr.Bennett.»	COME	

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **29–34** так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию **29–34**.

29	Four hundred years ago books were so _____, that only richest people could afford buying them.	EXPENSE	29
30	The man who had thirty books was _____ considered to have quite a library. As books were rare, rules were made for their use. They were not to be touched with _____ hands, not to be put on the table at meal time.	REAL	30
31		DIRT	31
32	Books were very _____ because every copy had to be written out by hand, and this was a _____ process. Monks spent their hours of leisure in copying. A _____ monastery that had a book was always being asked for copies.	PRICE	32
33		LENGTH	33
34		FAME	34

Press **FINISH** below