Name	Class	Date	

Question: How does natural selection work?

- 1. There are close to 10 million different SPECIES of life on Earth today.
- 2. Natural Selection is an **EXPLANATION** for where all of this life came from and what happened to all of the species that are no longer here.



A scientist named Charles Darwin went on a historic EXPEDITION around the world.



4. While he was in the Galapagos Islands, he noticed each of the islands had its own **UNIQUE** species of finch. They were all very similar to one another, but their beaks were radically **DIFFERENT** sizes and shapes.



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5.			longer beaks helped the	m pick
	out the seeds. On isla sharp beaks.	ands with lots of ins	sects, the finches had th	in,
6.	Darwin PROPOSED that SURVIVE .	in nature, certain var	iations would help organisr	ns
7.	environment, there may b	e a shortage of	_ competition for resources , or Plus, y	
	get eaten. Those are all			,
8.	Variation + Pressure =			
9.			living	
	State of the state	_ fish that lives there	too, and he likes to eat the	

Brainpop: Natural Selection

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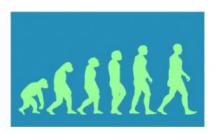
A fish, the same _____ as the reef is harder to spot. So, it's less likely to get eaten. It has a better chance of living long enough to

Over time, the _____ population may be the same color as the reef. This is called Natural Selection.

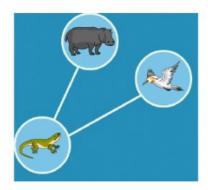
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Natural selection is the driving ______ behind Darwin's theory of evolution.

That's the idea that organisms _____ or evolve over time.



Pick any two species, and go back far enough in time, they'll have a _____ ancestor, just like Darwin's finches.



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