

LATE AGRICULTURAL VILLAGE SOCIETIES

Read the following information.

They continued hunting some little animals and gathering wild fruits. Now they are professionals in agricultural techniques and they started to discover new technologies like pottery and weaving.

They lived in bigger villages with 500 people as maximum. They were more organized and have a better living style.

Look at the pictures and choose the best description for each one.



Step 1

For months, the bark of flexible fibers is collected and then separated into very thin strips.



Step 2

The strips are dyed with natural dyes to achieve different ornamental effects.



Step 3

The soaked fiber is woven in a spiral, until it reaches the size and desired shape.



Step 4

The baskets are tied and pressed down tightly, when soaked they expand like wood, become resistant to water and are used as pitchers or bowls.



Step 5

The laborious process of rolled weaving begins. It consists of covering the base with the finest fibers and turning it

