



Grammar

1. Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

1. The cameras **were being set up / have been set up** when we arrived.
2. They are **used / use** special lenses to show us how things look through the eyes of an animal.
3. **It is believed / believes** that some domestic cats visit several different houses regularly for food.
4. Imagine what it's like to **be looked at / look at** the world from eight- or ten-thousand metres high, like a bird!
5. Mum remembers a time when cameras **couldn't be / can't be** used underwater.
6. Has a film like this **ever made / been made** before?
7. The children **were being entertained / were entertained** by a comedy film when we arrived.
8. Sammi **teaches / was taught** how to use a digital SLR camera by an expert.

2. Complete the sentences with the correct active or passive form of the verbs in brackets.

9. Dolphins _____ (say) to have their own patterns of communication.
10. That's an amazing photograph! Do you know who it _____ (take) by?
11. Esther _____ (put) her wetsuit on and jumped off the side of the boat into the sea.
12. The cat ran up the tree because it _____ (chase) by a dog!
13. This map of Roman roads _____ (draw) by an ancient historian.
14. We _____ (learn) a lot from the teacher last week about how to get the best out of our digital cameras.
15. All the nuts that were lying on the ground _____ (collect) by the squirrels.



Vocabulary

3. Complete the sentences with the correct prepositions.

16. Do you study animal behaviour _____ school?
17. It's not unusual to see foxes _____ gardens near city centres these days.
18. Jake showed me some of the amazing photos he keeps _____ his mobile phone.
19. We crossed the road to the field _____ our house in order to film the hawks swooping above it.
20. Let's meet _____ the museum. I'll wait for you at the gates to the main entrance.
21. Have you been to the photography exhibition _____ Emerald Street yet?

4. Complete the text with these words.

**blur * by * narrative * no * perspective * point
* sequences * struggle * time**

My brother Freddie

My older brother, Freddie, is at university studying photography. He hopes that, (22) _____ the time he's twenty-three, he'll be a wildlife photographer. Right now, he's on the (23) _____ of taking his final exams. In (24) _____ time at all, he'll be a graduate looking for a job opportunity. I imagine it will be a (25) _____ for him to begin. But I've seen some of Freddie's work, and the films he makes are amazing! He does a lot of 'timelapse' photography, which means he slows things down; when animals move fast and he films them, he gets lots of detail instead of just a (26) _____. He also films animals from unusual angles and in different situations, so his films show a different (27) _____ on animal life. The way Freddie puts his film footage together is another thing that makes him stand out – he always creates a fascinating action (28) _____ in his films. He creates a brilliant (29) _____ of wildlife with every film he makes. I'm not very objective, but I believe that in no (30) _____ at all, Freddie Barker will be a well-known wildlife photographer!



Use of English

5. Complete the second sentence so that that is has a similar meaning to the first sentence using the word given. **DO NOT CHANGE THE WORD GIVEN.** Use between two and five words, including the word given.

31. The professor explained his theory of perception at our request. **HAD**

We _____ his theory of perception.

32. My project on miniature animals needs to be finished tonight. **MUST**

I really _____ miniature animals finished tonight.

33. Saskia's phone was stolen at the weekend. **HER**

Saskia _____ at the weekend.

34. Everyone at home was watching the film about the albatross. **BEING**

The film about the albatross _____ at home.

35. Dad said I should book tickets for the wildlife park as soon as possible. **GET**

Dad said _____ for the wildlife park as soon as possible.

6. Use the word given in capitals at the end of some lines to form a word that fits in the gap in the same line.

SEEING THE NATURAL WORLD

It isn't easy to say with complete (36) _____ exactly how other animals see the world.

ACCURATE

But thanks to research, we can be reasonable (37) _____ about the following information. It used to be thought that dogs only saw in black and white, but in fact they see a (38) _____ of colours like we do. However, their sight is not great and (39) _____ objects can look blurred to them. For birds, good eyesight is (40) _____ for safe flight, and for spotting food, sometimes from a great (41) _____. Without excellent vision, their (42) _____ is threatened.

CONFIDE

VARY

DISTANCE

ESSENCE

HIGH

SURVIVE

VISUAL

ENVIRONMENT

DEAD

What about insects? Well, flies have eyes that are adapted to the way they live - they have 'all-round' (43) _____ and can move fast if danger is approaching from any side. Eyesight is related to (44) _____ factors - snakes for example can 'see' heat!

They know when a (45) _____ predator is close because their eyes tell them!