Lesson 5

Worksheet Grammar | 정리

반 번 이름

A 가주어 it

is a lot of fun to throw colorful powder at everyone.

It is a lot of fun to throw colorful powder at everyone.

It was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

It is difficult to shoot an arrow.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

was amazing to see my favorite singer in person.

(1) 가주어 it의 쓰임

- : to부정사구가 문장의 주어로 쓰여서 주어가 길어진 경우, 이것을 문장의 맨 뒤로 보내고, 주어 자리에 It을 쓴다. 이때 It을 가주어, 뒤로 보낸 to부정사구를 진주어라고 한다.
- (2) 가주어 it의 뜻: 가주어 it은 따로 해석하지 않는다. to부정사구를 주어로 해석한다.

It is necessary to improve my English skill.

It is important to have a balanced diet.

B 지각동사

	해석
You can hear musicians playing beautiful live music.	여러분은 음악가들이 아름다운 라이브 음악을 연주하는 것을 들을 수 있다.
People watch the artists shaping their works from beginning to end.	사람들은 예술가들이 그들의 작품을 만드는 것을 처음부터 끝까지 지켜본다.
The hunter felt someone following him in the woods.	그 사냥꾼은 숲에서 누군가가 그를 따라오는 것을 느꼈다.

(1) 지각동사의 개념

- : 지각동사는 눈으로 보고, 귀로 듣고, 피부로 느끼는 것 등과 같이 신체 감각과 관련된 동사이다. see, watch, hear, feel, smell, taste 등의 지각동사가 있다.
- (2) 지각동사의 뜻과 형태
 - : '…가 ~하는 것을 보다/듣다/느끼다'의 뜻으로, 「주어+지각동사+목적어+목적격보어」의 형태로 쓴다. 목적격보어로는 동사원형과 현재분사(-ing)를 모두 쓸 수 있다.

동작이 진행 중임을 강조할 때 현재분사를 쓴다.

I saw him entering the house.

She heard Tom play the violin in his room.

Check Up

A. 다음 문장에서 It으로 대신할 수 있는 부분에 밑줄을 그어 봅시다.

- 1. To take care of a pet is not easy.
- 2. To go out at night is dangerous.
- 3. To exercise regularly is important.

B. 다음 괄호 안에서 알맞은 것을 골라 봅시다.

- 1. He watched the students (solve / to solve) the problems.
- 2. I heard someone (to call / calling) my name.
- 3. I saw him (to walk / walking) along the street.

Lesson 5 Worksheet

1. It is fun play soccer.

Grammar | Level 1

반 번 이름

A 다음 문장에서 어법상 <u>어색한</u> 부분을 찾아 바르게 고쳐 써 봅시다.

	→
2.	It is exciting traveled by train.
3.	It is impossible to walking on water.
	
4.	He felt someone to touch his shoulder.
	-
5.	I saw him goes into the room.
	→
6.	I heard him talked about you.
	→
В	주어진 우리말과 같도록 괄호 안의 단어들을 바르게 배열해 봅시다.
1.	외국어를 공부하는 것은 어렵다. (a foreign language, study, to)
	→ It is difficult
2.	일찍 일어나는 것은 쉽지 않다. (get up, early, easy, to)
	→ It is not
3.	공기 없이 사는 것은 불가능하다. (air, live, is, without, impossible, to)
	→ lt
4.	나는 개 한 마리가 거리를 달려오는 것을 보았다. (down, running, the street)
	→ I saw a dog
5.	그는 부엌에서 뭔가 타는 냄새를 맡았다. (something, smelled, in the kitchen, burning)
	→ He
6.	나는 벽에 무언가가 부딪히는 소리를 들었다. (crash, heard, something, against the wall)
	→ I

Lesson 5	Worksheet				
	Grammar Level 2	반	번	이름	_

A 다음 표의 내용으로 문장을 완성해 봅시다.

	easy	difficult	important	exciting	boring
to eat breakfast			V		
to speak English		V			
to go hiking				V	
to stay at home on the weekend					٧
to make cookies	V				

1.	It is	important _				
2.	It is					
3.	It _					
4.						
5.						

B 다음 탐정 일지를 보고 문장을 완성해 봅시다.

Who	What happened?	
Sam	"Something was burning."	
Ms. Green	"A boy ran away from the restaurant."	
Kate	"Many people were screaming."	
Homin	"The restaurant was getting hot."	
Mr. Kim	"Someone shouted."	

1. Sam smelled	
2. Ms. Green saw	
3. Kate heard	
4. Homin felt	
5. Mr. Kim heard	