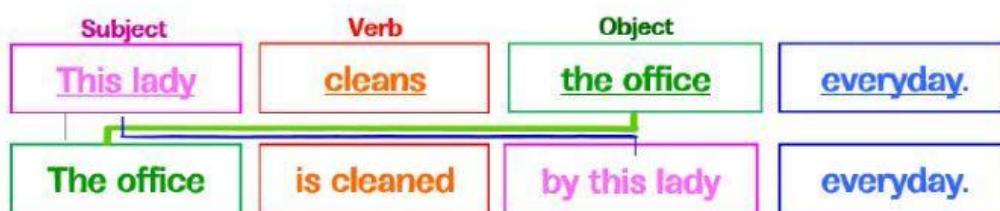


PRESENT PASSIVE VOICE



The **PASSIVE VOICE** is formed with the verb to be in the same tense of the active verb and the past participle of the main verb. The subject and the object change places. **By** comes before the agent.

Notes:

↳ The verb to be must agree with the new passive subject.

Someone **cleans** the **offices** **everyday**.

The **offices** **are cleaned** **everyday**.

↳ We omit the agent when it isn't important or specified.

Personal pronouns

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Object</u>
I	ME
YOU	YOU
HE	HIM
SHE	HER
IT	IT
WE	US
YOU	YOU
THEY	THEM

I. Identify if the sentences are active or passive voice.

1. The cat doesn't jump all over my clothes.	active	passive
2. A piece of paper is tossed on the ground.	active	passive
3. Nurses help many patients every day.	active	passive
4. Paula and Rick fly a kite at the park.	active	passive
5. Our city streets are kept clean.	active	passive
6. Whales don't swim close to the shore.	active	passive
7. William see his friend at the beach.	active	passive
8. The audience is surprised.	active	passive

II. The following sentences are written in active voice. Rewrite each sentence in **PASSIVE** voice.

1. Mark Lee writes that new book.

2. The audience applauds the performers.

3. Someone gives Brent a lot of money.

4. Do thunder scare the dogs?

5. They don't buy magazines.

III. The following sentences are written in passive voice. Rewrite each sentence in ACTIVE voice.

1. Food is placed in the bowl by Harry.

2. Plates are dropped by the girl.

3. A bike is ridden by Sandra.

4. The boat is driven by the captain.

5. The Magazine isn't read by the teacher.
