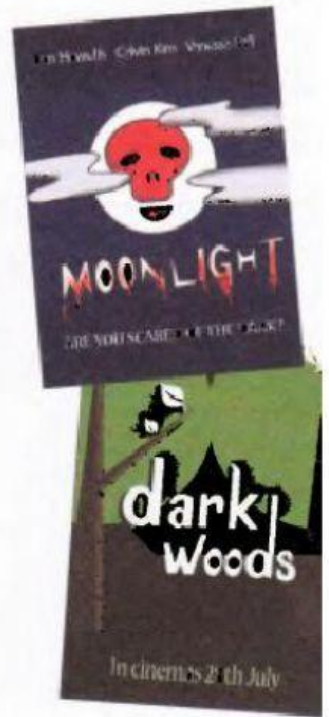


Which film?

Alice and Brenda are discussing which film to see. Complete their conversation using the comparative forms of the adjectives in brackets. Sometimes you must also use *than*.

- ALICE I want to see *Moonlight*, I think it'll be more exciting than ⁰ (exciting) *Dark Woods*.
- BRENDA Yes, but it'll be ¹ (scary). And you get ² (frightened) me in horror films, don't you?
- ALICE That's true. You're ³ (brave) me, and you're always ⁴ (calm).
- BRENDA I think we should see *Dark Woods*. The reviews say that it's ⁵ (funny) *Moonlight*.
- ALICE Yes, but *Moonlight* is ⁶ (popular), everyone's talking about it.
- BRENDA I know, but it'll be ⁷ (easy) to get tickets for *Dark Woods*.
..... ⁸ (Few) people want to see it.
- ALICE But I think *Moonlight* will be ⁹ (entertaining).
- BRENDA OK, we'll see *Moonlight*.



Comparing Tom and me

David is talking about his schoolfriend Tom. Complete his comparative sentences, using a comparative adjective and an object pronoun or a possessive pronoun.

- 0 He's not very tall. I am. I'm taller than him
- 1 He's good at maths. I'm not. He's
- 2 He lives in a big house. I don't. My house is
- 3 His family is rich. My family isn't. His family is
- 4 He lives near the school. I don't. He lives
- 5 He wears very fashionable clothes. I don't. His clothes are
- 6 I'm quite thin. He isn't. I'm
- 7 His parents are quite young. My parents aren't. His parents are

Working at home

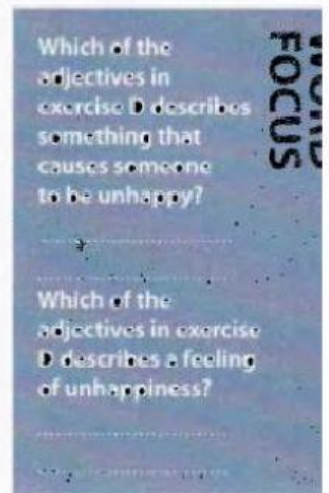
Complete this text about working at home, using the comparative forms of the adjectives in brackets. Sometimes you must also use *than*.

Some people say that working at home is better than ⁰ (good) going out to work. They say that people who work at home are ¹ (free), their hours are ² (flexible) and they are able to live ³ (relaxed) lives. They're ⁴ (happy) people who work in offices, and if they want, they can be ⁵ (lazy) too.

But other people say that working at home can be ⁶ (difficult) going out to work.

They say that for some people, working at home is ⁷ (stressful). People who do it are ⁸ (lonely) people who can talk to colleagues at work, and they also have to be ⁹ (organized).

Working at home instead of going out to work is getting ¹⁰ (common) in many parts of the world. But it doesn't suit everyone.



- 6 You earn a lot of money. I don't. → I you.
 7 Your bike is very good. My bike isn't. → My bike yours.
 8 You go to lots of parties. I don't. → I you.

Interview with a travel writer

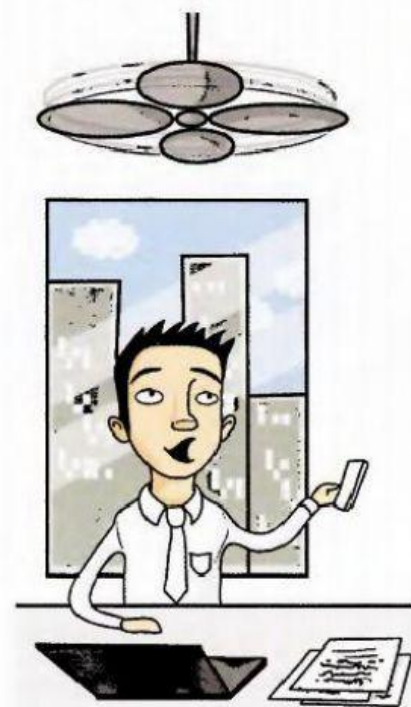
Complete the questions asked in an interview with a travel writer, using superlative forms of the adjectives in brackets.

- 0 What's the best (good) place you've ever been to?
 1 Tell me about (exciting) trip you've ever made.
 2 What do you think is (beautiful) place you've visited?
 3 Which hotel is (nice) one you've ever stayed in?
 4 What are (difficult) parts of your job?
 5 What's (funny) thing that's ever happened to you?
 6 Which city is (clean) and which one is (dirty)?
 7 Tell me about (hot) place you have ever been to and (cold) place.
 8 What's (bad) experience you've ever had on your travels?
 9 What's (interesting) thing that's happened to you?
 10 Which country has (friendly) people, in your opinion?

The company I work for

Adam is talking about his job. Complete what he says, using the words in brackets in the correct comparative or superlative forms and patterns.

This year I got a new job, and my new job is better than ⁰ (good) my old one. I now work for ¹ (big) company in this area, and my company is ² (successful) any other company in our industry. Our products are ³ (popular) the ones other companies sell and other companies don't have ⁴ (employees) us. This year was ⁵ (good) year in the company's history. Our sales were ⁶ (high) last year and the company is getting and ⁷ (big). My job is ⁸ (interesting) job I've ever had. My office is ⁹ (far) from my home than my previous one, so my journey to work is ¹⁰ (long), but my previous job was not ¹¹ (challenging) this one and I didn't earn ¹² (money) I earn now. I'm very happy now. My colleagues are ¹³ (nice) people I've ever met and I'm working for ¹⁴ (fine) company in this area.



COMPARATIVES AND SUPERLATIVES

Fill in the gaps with the comparative form of the adjectives given.

1. A rock is than a leaf. (heavy)
2. Our house is than yours. (big)
3. The princess is than the witch. (beautiful)
4. Tom is a student than Mary. (good)
5. Bicycles are than motorbikes. (safe)
6. July is than January. (hot)
7. A lion is than a cat. (dangerous)
8. Helen is than Mary. (happy)
9. Computers are than telephones. (expensive)
10. I think golf is than football. (boring)

Fill in the gaps with the superlative form of the adjectives given.

1. It is the shop in town. (large)
2. Monday is the day of the week. (bad)
3. Ben was the person in his family. (noisy)
4. Sam is the in the class. (popular)
5. Which is the subject at school? (difficult)
6. Jim is the player in the football team. (good)
7. Elephants are the animals. (heavy)
8. Let's pick the apple of the tree. (big)
9. Mary is the girl in the class. (thin)
10. That is the sofa in our house. (comfortable)

Fill in the gaps with the comparative or the superlative form of the adjectives given.

1. This armchair is than the old one. (comfortable)
2. Trains are than aeroplanes. (slow)
3. I bought the souvenir I could afford. (expensive)
4. In this classroom there are girls than boys. (many)
5. Ann is the child in the family. (young)
6. That TV set is the of all. (cheap)
7. You are here than there. (safe)
8. Fifi is than Kate. (pretty)
9. This is the film I have ever seen. (exciting)
10. Tim is than Peter. (talented)