



Chuyên cung cấp giáo viên gia sư ngoại ngữ chất lượng  
Mọi ngôn ngữ - Mọi trình độ - Mọi lứa tuổi  
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**Full name:** .....

**ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEST**

**Class:** .....

**Time: 45 minutes**

**I. LISTENING**

1. Listen to FIVE short conversations. Choose the main topic of each conversation. Circle A, B or C. You will listen TWICE.

1E. *What is the conversation about?*

- A. Steps to make a cake
- B. Ingredients to make a cake
- C. Steps to decorate a cake

2E. *What is the conversation about?*

- A. Steps to make toasted bread
- B. How to eat bread
- C. Ingredients to make bread

3M. *What is the conversation about?*

- A. Reasons for being late to school
- B. How to have lots of energy
- C. The importance of breakfasts

4M. *What is the conversation about?*

- A. Eating fruit and its benefits
- B. Drawbacks of eating too much fruit
- C. Advantages of vitamins

5D. *What is the conversation about?*

- A. Lifestyle in the future
- B. Eating habits in the future
- C. How to make food pills

2. Listen to a conversation between two friends about their travel experience. Fill each of the gaps with ONE word. You will listen TWICE.

Nick and Thomas spent one month travelling the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ Road, which is in China. It was opened more than 2,000 years ago. What is special is that they didn't travel by car but they (2) \_\_\_\_\_. They had to pack their bags carefully because they didn't want to take anything that they didn't need. Some days they travelled about 80 kilometres, but other days – when they were (3) \_\_\_\_\_ – they didn't go very far at all. And sometimes, they got lifts on trucks. They didn't plan the trip very carefully, and they often (4) \_\_\_\_\_ their plans. They slept in tents. The best thing about travelling this way is that they met (5) \_\_\_\_\_ people. They even saw inside a traditional home and had dinner with the family!

## II. READING

1. Match each statement (1. - 5) to one sign/ notice (A - F). There is one extra sign/ notice you DO NOT need to use. Write the letters in the space provided at the end of each statement.

A



1. We keep the room key for you. \_\_\_\_\_

B



2. You have to pay if you smoke. \_\_\_\_\_

C



3. You should leave the hotel by 11 am. \_\_\_\_\_

D



4. We serve your meal for a longer time at weekends. \_\_\_\_\_

E



5. Room cleaning is necessary. \_\_\_\_\_

F



2. Read the following passage and answer the questions. Circle A, B or C.

A Chinese tourist on holiday in Egypt was shocked to see graffiti in Chinese on a 3,500-year-old monument in Luxor. A photo of the graffiti was soon on his blog on the Internet. People in China couldn't believe it!

They were angry and there was a big hunt to find the person responsible. They could find him easily because the message wasn't very imaginative or clever. **It** was basically 'Ding Jinhao was here'. That was enough for Internet users to find this **particular** Ding Jinhao, a teenager in Nanjing. His parents were quick to tell a local newspaper that their son was very sorry for his actions.

Ding's graffiti was a terrible idea. It is a serious crime to write on a historic monument in Egypt. You can go to prison for a year for doing it. But in the past, people could write on monuments and no one was angry about it. At Giza there is an example of graffiti on a temple wall from 1244 BC. It says 'Hadnakhte ... came to make an excursion and amuse himself on the west of the Memphis, together with his brother, Panakhti'.

1. Why was it easy to find Ding Jinhao?

- A. Because it was on a monument.
- B. Because he wrote it on his blog.
- C. Because it was basic and clear.

2. What is the attitude today to tourist graffiti in Egypt?

A. People can't believe it.

B. It is considered a crime.

C. People are sorry for this action.

3. What does the pronoun "It" in the second paragraph refer to?

A. the monument

B. the message

C. the blog

4. What is the word "**particular**" in the second paragraph closest in meaning to?

A. specific

B. usual

C. definite

5. What is there at the top of Giza?

A. a drawing of the pyramid

B. a photo of graffiti

C. an example of graffiti

### III. WRITING

1. For each question, complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first. Use the word in brackets. You CANNOT change the word given. Write no more than FIVE words.

**Here is an example.**

0. The bookshop is opposite the library.

→ \_\_\_\_\_ a bookshop opposite the library. (THERE)

Answer: 0. *There is*

1E. The view of the mountains is very exciting and impressive.

→ The view \_\_\_\_\_. (BREATH TAKING)

2E. The souvenirs here are not expensive.

→ The prices of the souvenirs \_\_\_\_\_. (AFFORDABLE)

3M. We don't have to spend too much money to stay at this hotel.

→ Staying at this hotel \_\_\_\_\_. (BANK)

4M. The last time I travelled to Hong Kong was two years ago.

→ I haven't \_\_\_\_\_ two years. (FOR)

5D. Do you require a room and all meals?

→ Do you \_\_\_\_\_? (FULL)

2. Write a paragraph about a trip that you remember the most. Write 100 - 120 words.

***You should write about:***

- The time of the trip
- The length of the trip
- The place where you went
- The things you did
- The thing you liked the most

#### IV. LANGUAGE FOCUS

1. Choose the sentence which is different in tone in the underlined part. Circle A, B or C.

1E. A. Are you going to London?

B. Have you packed your luggage?

C. Which hotel do you like?

2E. A. What do you have for breakfast?

B. Do you like cheese?

C. Who do like travelling with?

3M. A. You are tired?

B. Are you seasick?

C. You don't like wind?

4M. A. What are you looking for?

B. When do you intend to go?

C. You're travelling on Friday 13<sup>th</sup>?

5D. A. I like travelling to different places.

B. You don't like visiting a strange place?

C. Where do you want to go?

2. Match the beginnings of the sentences in A with their endings in B. Draw lines.

#### A

1E. If teenagers want to become healthy,

2M. If you continue eating junk food,

3M. If this is the first time you try making sushi,

4D. If the right ingredients can't be found,

5D. If you skip breakfast,

#### B

A. you must follow the instructions carefully.

B. they shouldn't eat too much fast food.

C. you won't have enough energy to start a new day.

D. you might get overweight.

E. this dish may not be tasty.

3. Choose the best option to complete each sentence. Circle A, B, or C.

1. I'm afraid Ms Smith is away on \_\_\_\_\_ this week.

A. holiday

B. break

C. trip

2E. There's room for one more piece of \_\_\_\_\_.

A. suitcase

B. luggage

C. bag

3M. They spent ten days at a fashionable ski \_\_\_\_\_ in Switzerland.

A. place

B. resort

C. hotel

4M. Last year we had a great coach \_\_\_\_\_ of northern Finland.

A. holiday

B. trip

C. tour

5D. When I travelled to Greece, I bought this ring as a \_\_\_\_\_ of the country.

A. gift

B. souvenir

C. present

– The end –