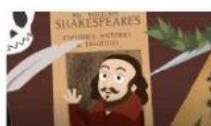


Year 9 – Set 8 – Revision + Past Simple

Hello everyone!

Task 1: We'll start this set with some **revision** from the first part of the year. **What do you remember about Macbeth and about William Shakespeare? Mark the sentences TRUE or FALSE.**

- 1- At the beginning of the story, Macbeth was a soldier. True
- 2- First, Macbeth and Banquo were friends. _____
- 3- Lady Macbeth killed King Duncan. _____
- 4- Macbeth's men killed Banquo, but Fleance escaped. _____
- 5- Macbeth saw the ghost of his father. _____
- 6- Macbeth talked to the witches again, and he didn't like their predictions. _____
- 7- Macbeth wasn't worried about the attack because his castle was strong. _____
- 8- Macduff fought against Macbeth, and he won. _____
- 9- William Shakespeare had two children. _____
- 10- Shakespeare wrote sonnets and plays for the theatre. _____



Task 2: Past Simple. Look at these sentences from Task 1. They all refer to the Past. That's why the **verbs** are in the **Past Simple** form:

*At the beginning of the story, Macbeth **was** a soldier.
First, Macbeth and Banquo **were** friends.
Negative: Macbeth **wasn't** worried about the attack.*

Verb in Present:	Verb in Past:
is	was
are	were
isn't	wasn't
aren't	weren't

*Macbeth's men **killed** Banquo, but Fleance **escaped**.*

kill	killed
escape	escaped
play	→ played
stop	→ stopped
study	→ studied
dance	→ danced

Regular verbs in the past add "ED":

fight → **fought**

win → **won**

have → **had**

*Macduff **fought** against Macbeth, and he **won**.*

*William Shakespeare **had** three children.*

Irregular verbs in the past change in different ways. There's a list on the next page:

go	→ went
do	→ did
get	→ got
write	→ wrote

Negative: Macbeth **talked to the witches again, and he **didn't like** their predictions.**

Use **didn't + verb for negatives in the past.**

We use the **Past Simple** for actions in the **past**.

To refer to the past, we can use these time expressions:

YESTERDAY

LAST class / summer / weekend

two days / three years / ten minutes AGO

Task 3 – Practice: WAS / WERE. Complete the spaces using **was / wasn't / were / weren't**.

present simple

My father's a painter.

1 Today is Monday.

2 Where are you now?

3 I'm in Italy.

4 Is it hot today?

5 The café isn't open now.

6 My neighbours aren't at home.

7 We're in Rome now.

8 They're tired.

past simple

My grandfather was a painter, too.

Yesterday _____ Sunday.

Where _____ you yesterday?

I _____ in Germany last month.

_____ it hot yesterday?

It _____ open this morning.

They _____ at home yesterday.

We _____ in Venice yesterday.

They _____ tired last week.

Task 4 – Practice: Regular verbs. Write the sentences 1 to 8 in the past.

Present

I watch TV.

1 We study English.

2 Do you listen to the news?

3 He doesn't cook dinner.

4 Does she play sport?

5 They work late.

6 I use the internet at work.

7 She chats to her friends.

8 My brother doesn't dance.

Past

I watched TV yesterday.

Task 5 – Practice: Irregular verbs. Complete the spaces with the verbs in the past. If you don't know the past forms, see the list on the next page.

Last weekend, I went (go) to London with some friends. We ¹ _____ (meet) at the train station at 7.30 a.m. Our train ² _____ (leave) at 7.45 a.m. In the morning, we ³ _____ (buy) some souvenirs. Then, we ⁴ _____ (have) lunch in an Italian restaurant. In the evening, we ⁵ _____ (see) a Shakespeare play at the Globe Theatre. We ⁶ _____ (get) home very late that night. We all ⁷ _____ (feel) very tired but very happy.

IRREGULAR VERBS LIST. This is the list of irregular verbs. It shows how verbs change for the past. There is no rule about how they change. You just have to study them.

Irregular verbs

PRESENT	PAST SIMPLE	PAST PARTICIPLE
He is in Rome. (be)	was	been
They are in Rome. (be)	were	been
The film begins at 7.00.	began	<u>begun</u>
She breaks his heart.	broke	<u>broken</u>
They bring the papers.	brought /brɔ:t/	<u>brought</u>
We build roads.	built /bilt/	<u>built</u>
I buy the bread.	bought /bo:t/	<u>bought</u>
I can swim.	could /kud/	—
They catch the bus.	caught /kɔ:t/	<u>caught</u>
She comes with her sister.	came	<u>come</u>
It costs a lot.	cost	<u>cost</u>
I do the housework.	did	<u>done</u> /dən/
They drink a lot of beer.	drank	<u>drunk</u>
He drives a Rolls.	drove	<u>driven</u>
I eat a lot.	ate	<u>eaten</u>
She falls in love.	fell	<u>fallen</u>
I feel angry.	felt	<u>felt</u>
He finds a job.	found	<u>found</u>
We fly with British Airways.	flew /flu:/	<u>flown</u> /fləʊn/
I forget things.	forgot	<u>forgotten</u>
I get e-mails.	got	<u>got</u>
He gives her presents.	gave	<u>given</u>
They go away every weekend.	went	<u>gone</u> /gɒn/
I have a car.	had	<u>had</u>
He hears a noise.	heard /hɜ:d/	<u>heard</u>
I know him well.	knew /nju:/	<u>known</u> /nəʊn/

PRESENT	PAST SIMPLE	PAST PARTICIPLE
The train leaves at 9.00. I lose my keys.	left lost	left lost
We make mistakes. They meet famous people.	made met	made met
I pay the phone bill. I put my car in the garage.	paid put /pot/	paid put
She reads <i>Time</i> magazine. I ring him every day. He runs marathons.	read /red/ rang ran	read /red/ rung run
He says hello. I see my friends every day. She sends a lot of e-mails. He sings very well. They sit on the sofa. I sleep for eight hours. We speak French. You spend a lot on clothes. She stands up. I swim every day.	said /sed/ saw /sɔ:/ sent sang sat slept spoke spent stood /stod/ swam	said seen sent sung sat slept spoken spent stood swum
I take the dog for a walk. They tell lies. She thinks of an idea. They throw tomatoes.	took /tok/ told thought /θɔ:t/ threw /θru:/	taken told thought thrown /θrəun/
I wake up in the night. He wears a hat. I win competitions. She writes to him.	woke wore won /wan/ wrote	woken worn won written