

Unit  
4

## Grammar

## Defining relative clauses

1a Complete the sentences with *who*, *which*, *where* or *whose*.

- Those are the girls \_\_\_\_\_ helped me when my car broke down.
- I love reading magazines \_\_\_\_\_ are about celebrities.
- That's the restaurant \_\_\_\_\_ my friend's parents took us.
- Do you know anyone \_\_\_\_\_ knows about learning difficulties?
- He's the man \_\_\_\_\_ wife started the Green project.
- Paris is definitely a city \_\_\_\_\_ I would like to live.
- The house \_\_\_\_\_ I was born in has been knocked down.

1b In which sentences can you use *that*?

## 1c In which sentence can you omit the pronoun?

## Non-defining relative clauses

## 2 Complete the sentences 1-8 with the relative clauses a)-h). Add commas where necessary.

- Jim \_\_\_\_\_ grew those vegetables.
- I often go to stay in Ireland \_\_\_\_\_.
- Ben \_\_\_\_\_ is a great footballer.
- Athens \_\_\_\_\_ is an amazing place to visit.
- I study in Bilbao \_\_\_\_\_.
- Gemma \_\_\_\_\_ is a doctor now.
- One of my friends at college is someone called Dan \_\_\_\_\_.
- Church Street \_\_\_\_\_ is in the centre of town.

- whose father is the football coach
- who always got top marks at school
- whose dad is a lecturer there
- who loves gardening
- which is the street I grew up in
- which is the capital city of Greece
- where I was born
- which is a 24-hour ferry crossing from England

## 3 Rewrite the sentences to make one sentence with a non-defining relative clause.

- Joe was born in Miami. He has always wanted to go back.  
Joe, who was born in Miami, has always wanted to go back.
- The team of trainees finished the project early. They were later offered full-time jobs.  
The team of trainees, who finished the project early, \_\_\_\_\_.
- Jan is a long-distance runner. She also loves rock climbing.  
Jan, \_\_\_\_\_, also loves rock climbing.
- The trekking team arrived at their base camp as it got dark. They were ready for a good meal.  
The trekking team, \_\_\_\_\_, were ready for a good meal.
- Josh is always on his phone. He bought it on Tuesday.  
Josh is always on his phone, \_\_\_\_\_.
- I hardly ever visit California. I grew up there.  
I hardly ever visit California, \_\_\_\_\_.
- Those two students are brothers. They live in the same flat.  
Those two students, \_\_\_\_\_.
- We work at this company. It is owned by a French family.  
We work at this company, \_\_\_\_\_.

## 4 Complete the information below about you.

- I'm a big fan of \_\_\_\_\_, who \_\_\_\_\_.
- One of the nicest places I've ever been to is \_\_\_\_\_, which \_\_\_\_\_.
- I have an old \_\_\_\_\_, which \_\_\_\_\_.
- I often go to \_\_\_\_\_, where \_\_\_\_\_.
- I know a lot about \_\_\_\_\_, which \_\_\_\_\_.
- I've got a friend called \_\_\_\_\_, whose \_\_\_\_\_.

## 5 Five of the sentences below contain mistakes. Tick the correct sentences. Correct the others.

- Could the person who suitcase was left in reception please contact the manager. ☐
- Cervinia, which is a town in Italy, has some impressive mountains nearby. ☐
- Dan Roderick, whose book I've read several times, is an experienced explorer. ☐
- Josie Kendall, which I've known since I was three years old, suggested going on a round-the-world trip. ☐
- The town where I grew up is very pretty, but quite quiet. ☐
- One sport who I've always wanted to try is sky-diving. ☐
- My backpack, which contained all my water and medicines, went missing. ☐
- We started our trek on a night that was dry and cool. ☐
- Mary Jonson, that is just 13 years old, has already won several national swimming championships. ☐
- People which run marathons in extreme environments have to do a lot of preparation. ☐

Modal verbs *must / have to*; semi-modal verbs *need to / needn't*; *allowed to*

6 Complete the blog with the words.

allowed to had to (x2) have must (x2) needed to (x2)  
needn't (x2) not allowed to

## Holidays? STRESS!



If you're looking for someone to go abroad on holiday with, you \_\_\_\_\_ ask me because I'll say no. Why? Because it's so stressful!

It starts straightaway. You look at the hundreds of holidays available online and you \_\_\_\_\_ to choose one. Impossible! I hate making decisions, so I start to feel stressed straightaway.

Next there's packing. One thing you \_\_\_\_\_ take with you is your passport, or you won't be able to travel. I worry that I'll forget it! And then there are lots of items you're \_\_\_\_\_ take in your hand luggage, like liquids and toiletries. What am I \_\_\_\_\_ take and what am I not? More stress!

The last time I went on holiday was five years ago. When I finally got to my hotel, the receptionist told me I \_\_\_\_\_ get up before 8.30 if I wanted to have breakfast. 8.30? It's supposed to be a holiday!

I wanted to relax, so I spent my days at the hotel pool. I've got fair skin so I \_\_\_\_\_ spend the whole time putting suncream on. But I \_\_\_\_\_ have bothered – the sun was so strong, I still burnt! It was a two-week holiday but by the end of the first week, I was really homesick and I felt as though I \_\_\_\_\_ call home. Of course, this cost a fortune, and I \_\_\_\_\_ pay a huge phone bill.

Some people say they \_\_\_\_\_ go on holiday at least once a year, to relax. But not me – it's more relaxing to stay at home!

7 Complete the sentences with *had to*, *didn't have to*, *were allowed to*, *wasn't/weren't allowed to* and the verbs in brackets.

- My car broke down yesterday. I \_\_\_\_\_ to work. (walk)
- We \_\_\_\_\_ when we were kids. Parents were very strict. (shout)
- Thank you so much for the lovely flowers. But you \_\_\_\_\_ anything. (bring)
- \_\_\_\_\_ calculators in maths exams when you were at school? We weren't! (you / use)
- Yesterday was terrible. We \_\_\_\_\_ for hours while they sorted us into groups. (sit)
- There was a power cut at the college yesterday so we \_\_\_\_\_ the test. (do)
- 'I \_\_\_\_\_ photos in the museum.' 'Do you want to see mine?' (take)

Modal verbs *should / shouldn't*; semi-modal verbs *ought to*; *had better*

8 Complete the text with the phrases.

had better boil had better choose had better put ought to think  
ought to avoid should collect should look for should make  
shouldn't drink shouldn't underestimate shouldn't eat

## HOW TO SURVIVE IN THE JUNGLE!

Jungles may seem like magical places with tropical plants and beautiful birds and animals, but you \_\_\_\_\_ how dangerous they are too. A bite from a mosquito could cause serious trouble for you. Stay safe and follow our survival tips. You'll need to drink plenty of water so you don't get dehydrated. But you \_\_\_\_\_ water from a pond or a puddle – it could contain bacteria. Instead, you \_\_\_\_\_ rainwater in a tarpaulin or an open bottle. To be safe, you \_\_\_\_\_ the water before you drink it. You'll also need to find food. You \_\_\_\_\_ plants that have white berries – they can be deadly. And you \_\_\_\_\_ all mushrooms – the wrong kind can kill you. Instead, you \_\_\_\_\_ fruit that you recognise, like bananas or mangoes. And if you're really hungry, you \_\_\_\_\_ trying insects for dinner – they're a great source of protein. Finally, you \_\_\_\_\_ yourself a shelter. You can tie a rope between trees, or make a frame out of dead wood. Then put a tarpaulin or leaves over the top. You \_\_\_\_\_ a location for your shelter that is away from dangers like dead trees and cliff edges. Finally, don't expect a rescue helicopter to find you in the jungle – with all those trees, it's difficult to spot anyone from above. If you need to get out of the jungle, you \_\_\_\_\_ your boots on and start hiking.

## Grammar round-up

9 Complete the sentences with the words and verbs.

allowed to better must needn't ought to that  
where (x2) which (x2)

- You had \_\_\_\_\_ say sorry if you've upset Jade.
- The person \_\_\_\_\_ I trust most in the world is my mum.
- Were you \_\_\_\_\_ stay up late when you were young?
- The village \_\_\_\_\_ I live is very friendly.
- All applicants \_\_\_\_\_ complete an application form.
- We \_\_\_\_\_ leave now or we'll be late.
- I usually go away to the countryside, \_\_\_\_\_ it is easy to relax.
- This book \_\_\_\_\_ I read is the best ever.
- You \_\_\_\_\_ get your camera out – photos are not allowed.
- My great-uncle gave me £500 for my 18<sup>th</sup> birthday, \_\_\_\_\_ was amazing.

10 Write sentences about you. Write one or two things you:

have to do mustn't do are allowed to do  
aren't allowed to do don't have to do  
need to do soon should do had better do now



## Vocabulary

### Learning

#### 1 Circle the correct option.

- 1 It takes years of practice to *train* / *explain* / *show* someone to be a professional athlete.
- 2 If you *improve* / *gain* / *practise* regularly, you can get better at most sports.
- 3 In golf, you can only improve when you *make* / *master* / *coach* the technique of hitting the ball correctly.
- 4 It doesn't take long to *instruct* / *educate* / *acquire* a new skill.
- 5 'How's the football going?' 'Not bad. I think I'm making *progress* / *practice* / *knowledge*.'
- 6 I'm lucky because my swimming *coach* / *educator* / *master* is very patient with me.

#### 2 Complete the text with the words.

gain develop educate—explain shows

In Britain, the Education Act of 1988 introduced 'league tables' to show how well (or how badly) each school performs. One of the biggest criticisms of the system is that, in order to perform well, schools <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ children in exam subjects, but don't allow them to <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ in other areas. This is a problem because not every child can do well in exams, and school ought to be a place where they can <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ other skills that will help them in life. When a teacher <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a student how to do something it can be a great thing, even if it doesn't lead to exam passes. Also, when a teacher takes the time to <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ something to a student, that knowledge could last a lifetime but, again, there might not be a certificate at the end of it. Competition between schools, like everywhere else, creates winners. The problem is it also creates losers.

### Survival kit

#### 3 Complete the sentences with the words.

compass extinguisher flare matches mirror protection spade tyre

- 1 If you get lost in the desert, any shiny surface can be used as a \_\_\_\_\_ to signal for help.
- 2 A long-handled \_\_\_\_\_ can be used for digging out a car that is stuck, putting out a fire, or digging a channel round your tent to take away rainwater.
- 3 You can send up an emergency \_\_\_\_\_ if you're in trouble. People can see them for miles.
- 4 It's always a good idea to carry a fire \_\_\_\_\_ in the car. Be sure to get the type that can put out electrical fires.
- 5 A \_\_\_\_\_ and a map will quickly help you find the right direction to go in.
- 6 Make sure there is enough air in the spare \_\_\_\_\_ of your car.
- 7 If you're travelling to hot countries, take sun \_\_\_\_\_. Sunburn is painful and can be dangerous.
- 8 Camping stoves and cooking equipment are useless without \_\_\_\_\_! Make sure to take some and keep them dry in a plastic bag.

#### 4 Read the text and complete it with the words.

first-aid kit sleeping bag emergency flare  
camping stove spare tyre fuel tool kit  
tarpaulin high-energy food insect repellent

## ESSENTIAL SURVIVAL EQUIPMENT

- <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ If you're driving in remote places, you need to be prepared for any emergency. If you get a puncture, you'll need to change a wheel. Make sure you have one of these!
- <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ If you run out of petrol, it could be a disaster. Carry some of this with you!
- <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ You'll need this if you have to make repairs to your vehicle.
- <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ Find a light one so that it's not too difficult to carry. You can use it to sleep on (or under if there's rain), or even to collect rainwater.
- <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ After water, this is the most essential thing you need. If you're hungry, you might make bad decisions – and that can be deadly. You don't need much of this to keep you active and alert.
- <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ If you get bitten, it can make your trip miserable, but the bite might also give you a very serious illness.
- <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ Do not forget this. When you're miles from a doctor or chemist, small injuries can become life-threatening.
- <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ Often lighter and easier to carry than a blanket. Choose the most expensive one you can afford to keep you warm on the coldest of nights.
- <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ Sometimes, you just can't get a signal. One of these could save your life if you need to call for help.
- <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ We're not suggesting you cook a three-course meal, but hot food can be very welcome. Besides, you should boil all your water – just to be on the safe side.

SOURCE: SURE BOOK (HELBLING LANGUAGES BY MARTYN HOBBS & JULIA STARR KEDDLE)