ĐỂ MINH HỌA SỐ 66 THEO HƯỚNG TINH GIẢN BÁM SÁT ĐỂ MINH HỌA BGD LẦN 2

ĐỂ THI THỬ THPTQG NĂM 2020 CHUẨN CẦU TRÚC CỦA BỘ GIÁO DỤC Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

| Họ, tên thí sinh: | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Waldalan A.R.C. B | , . | | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| Mark the letter A, B, C, or D | 40 ND 프랑이(1985) _ THE HOLD (19 NOT | | vnose underlined part differs |
| from the other three in pronun | | | n : |
| Question 1: A. days | B. speaks | | D. arrive <u>s</u> |
| Question 2. A. strength | B. event | C. athlete | D. wrestling |
| Mark the letter A, B, C, or D o | n your answer sheet to | o indicate the word tha | nt differs from the other three |
| in the position of primary stress | s in each of the follow | ing questions. | |
| Question 3. A. reserve | | C. wildlife | |
| Question 4. A. comfortable | B. excellent | C. attractive | D. confident |
| Mark the letter A, B, C, or I | D on your answer sh | eet to indicate the co | errect answer to each of the |
| following questions. | | | |
| Question 5. You are thirsty, | ? | | |
| A. don't you | B. aren't you | C. are you | D . are not you |
| Question 6: This is | | caten this food. | D. no article |
| Question 7: Don't you think you | | | D. no article |
| A. with | B. for | | D. in |
| | | | D. III |
| Question 8: Every day I spend to A . practise | | C. practising | D. practiced |
| Question 9: If you for | | | D. practiced |
| A. look | | C. looked | D. had looked |
| Question 10: She has not writte | en to me since we | last time. | |
| A. met | | C. will meet | |
| Question 11: True Blood is my | | | |
| A. although | B. before | C. because | D. yet |
| Question 12: He will take the d | og out for a walk | | |
| A. as soon as he finishes | | B. when I was fin | ishing dinner |
| C. until I finished dinner | C. until I finished dinner D. shall have fi | | shed |
| Question 13: My favourite hobby is watching the work | | _ by ShakeSpeare in the 20 | |
| century. | | | |
| A. written | B . is writing | C. writes | D. is written |
| Question 14. My sister is a wor | nan ofage | | |
| A. marriage | B. married | C. marrying | D. marriageable |
| Question 15: Those flowers are | e everyw | | |
| A. going over B. | | C. coming out | D. breaking out |
| Question 16: You'd better | | Č. | |

| A. promise | B. do | C. make | D. pull | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Question 17: People thought that n | naybe his novel might | one day be turned into | a film and become a | |
| Hollywood | | | | |
| A. best-seller | B. attraction | C. blockbuster | D. debut | |
| Question 18. People have used coa | l and oil to | electricity for a long | time. | |
| A. bred | B. raise | C. cultivate | D. generate | |
| Question 19: My mother doesn't _ | eye to eye v | vith my father sometim | nes. | |
| A. see | B. glance | C. look | D. agree | |
| Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on ye | our answer sheet to in | dicate the word(s) CL(| OSES T in meaning to the | |
| underlined word (s) in each of the | following questions. | | | |
| Question 20: This special offer is | exclusive to readers of | this magazine. | | |
| A. presentable | B. rewarding | C. attractive | D. limited | |
| Question 21: The repeated comme films. | rcials on TV distract r | many viewers from water | ching their favourite | |
| A. advertisements | B. contests | C. businesses | D. economics | |
| Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on | your answer sheet to | o indicate the word(s) | OPPOSITE in meaning | |
| to the underlined word(s) in each | of the following que | stions. | | |
| Question 22: His boss has had en | ough of his impuden | ce, and doesn't want to | hire him any more. | |
| A. respect | B. agreement | C. obedience | D. rudeness | |
| Question 23: She was like a cat of | | | D | |
| A. nervous | B . comfortable | C. depressed | D . relaxing | |
| Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on y the following exchanges. | our answer sheet to i | ndicate the sentence th | nat best completes each of | |
| Question 24: Jane is talking to Bi | lly about the meeting | | | |
| - Jane: "Is everybody happy with t | | • | | |
| - Billy: "". | ne decision: . | | | |
| A. That sounds like fun. | | B. Yes, it is certainly. | | |
| C. No, have you? | | D. Not really. | | |
| | iosion to play the | | | |
| Question 25: Lucy is asking for permission to play the guitar at Pete's home. | | | | |
| - Lucy: "Is it all right if I play the guitar in here while you're studying?". | | | | |
| - Pete: "". | | D W-11 114 41 | | |
| A. Oh, I wish you wouldn't. | : . : C | B. Well, I'd rather not. | | |
| C. Well, actually, I'd prefer | it if you didn't. | D. Well, if only you di | idn't. | |
| D | | | | |
| Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct | | | | |
| word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 26 to 30. | | | | |
| Coincident with concerns about the accelerating loss of species and habitats has been a growing appreciation of the importance of biological diversity, the (26) of species in a particular ecosystem, to the health of the Earth and human well-being. Much has been written about the | | | | |
| diversity of terrestrial organisms, particularly the exceptionally rich life associated tropical rain- | | | | |

| forest habitats. Relatively little heven though coral reef systems are an An alien exploring Earth wo distinctive feature - the ocean. Hu way of truly examining global is occupy only one-third of the Earth that marine life lives at all levels of perhaps 100 times (30) that Earth even though the ocean has fer | comparable to rain for uld probably (28) mans have a bias to sues. Seen from far s surface. Given that the ocean, the total to an that of land and | rests in terms of richned priority to the plant away, it is easy to two thirds of the Ear hree-dimensional livi | ess of life. lanet's dominants - most _ sometimes gets in the realize that landmasses th's surface is water and ng space of the ocean is | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| | | Source: https://goo.91 | (GRvin7V) | |
| Question 26: A. number | B. each | C. amount | D. few | |
| | B. thus | | D. instead | |
| | B. have | | D. bring | |
| | B. when | | D. whose | |
| | B. bigger | | D. larger | |
| Question 50: A. nigher | b. bigger | C. greater | D. larger | |
| Read the following passage and m correct answer to each of the question History books recorded that the talkies, did not suddenly appear afte | ons from 36 to 42. first film with sound v | vas The Jazz Singer in | 1927. But sound films, or | |
| 1896, films were accompanied by a small band, or a full-scale orchestra; sound that was reproduced at exact began soon after the very first films or could sing and speak. As early as carrying music and dialogue, was use pictures could become unsynchroniz the projector changed. This system we find the "sound-on-film" system, are and by an optical sensor. These sign synchronization. Short feature films brought us "talking pictures". | nusic and sound effect large movie theatres ly at the same time a were shown. With syn 1896, the newly inved as a sound system. The red if, for example, the reas only effective for a sound was recorded a gnals would be placed were produced in this | tts. These were producted buy sound-effects the pictures - called chronized sound, characteristed gramophone, which biggest disadvantate gramophone needled single song or dialogues a series of marks on on the film alongside. | ced by a single pianist, a t machines. Research into I "synchronized sound" — acters on the movie screen thich played a large disc ge was that the sound and jumped or if the speed of e sequence. celluloid which could be the image, guaranteeing | |
| Question 31. The passage is mainly a | about the | | | |
| A: research into sound reproduction. | | | | |
| B: development of sound wit | | | | |
| C: disadvantages of synchronized sound. | | | | |
| D: history of silent movies. | | | | |
| Question 32. According to the passa | | effects were screened | | |
| A. as early as 1922 | B. in 1927 | C. before 1896 | D. as early as 1896 | |
| Question 33. The word "screenings" | | | Di as carry as 1000 | |
| A. projections | B. revelations | C. demonstrations | D. diversions | |
| Question 34. Which of the following | | | | |
| | | C. a gramophone | D. a small band | |
| A. a Jazz Singer | B. a single pianist | C. a gramophone | D. a Siliali vallu | |
| Question 35. The phrase "these signs | | <u> </u> | D | |
| A. sounds | B. marks | C. series | D. sensors | |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

There are three basic types of classroom learning styles: visual, auditory, and kinesthetic. These learning styles describe the most common ways that people learn. Individuals tend to instinctively prefer

one style over the others; thus each person has a learning style that is **dominant** even though he or she may also rely somewhat on the other approaches at different times and in different circumstances.

Visual learners prefer to sit somewhere in the classroom where no obstructions hinder their view of the lesson. They rely on the teacher's facial expressions and body language to aid their learning. They learn best from a **blend** of visual displays and presentations such as colorful videos, diagrams, and flip-charts. Often, these learners think in pictures and may even close their eyes to visualize or remember something. When they are bored, they look around for something to watch. Many visual learners lack confidence in their auditory memory skills and so may take detailed notes during classroom discussions and lectures. Auditory learners sit where they can hear well. They enjoy listening and talking, so discussions and verbal lectures stimulate them. Listening to what others have to say and then talking the subject through helps **them** process new information. These learners may be heard reading to themselves out loud because they can absorb written information better in this way. Sounding out spelling words, reciting mathematical theories, or talking their way across a map are examples of the types of activities that improve their understanding.

Kinesthetic learners may find it difficult to sit still in a conventional classroom. They need to be physically active and take frequent breaks. When they are bored, they fidget in their seats. They prefer to sit someplace where there is room to move about. They benefit from manipulating materials and learn best when classroom subjects such as math, science, and reading are processed through hands-on experiences. Incorporating arts-and-crafts activities, building projects, and sports into lessons helps kinesthetic learners process new information. Physical expressions of encouragement, such as a pat on the back, are often appreciated.

In addition to these traditional ways of describing learning styles, educators have identified other ways some students prefer to learn. Verbal learners, for example, enjoy using words, both written and spoken. Logical learners are strong in the areas of logic and reasoning, Social learners do best when working in groups, whereas solitary learners prefer to work alone. Research shows that each of these learning styles, as well as the visual, auditory, and kinesthetic styles, uses different parts of the brain. Students may prefer to focus on just one style, but practicing other styles involves more of the brain's potential and therefore helps students remember more of what they learn.

(Adapted from Essential words for the JELTS by Dr. Lin Lougheed)

| Question 30. What topic of | loes the passage mainly discuss? |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A. Fundamental kir | nds of learning approaches |
| B. Different classro | ooms for different learner groups |
| C. The most com | non way to learn |

| D. Basic classrooms for | individuals | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Question 37: The word "don | ninant" in the firs | st paragraph is closes | t in meaning to |
| A. successful | B. foremost | C. familiar | D. distinctive |
| Question 38: According to the s | second paragraph, vi | sual learners | |
| A. have a preference for s | sitting at the backs o | f the classrooms, | |
| B. must keep an eye on the | ne pictures to memor | rize the content of the le | essons. |
| C. are easy to get fed up | with the lessons. | | |
| D. are not confident in re | membering what the | ey have listened. | |
| Question 39: The word "blend" | ' in paragraph 2 cou | ld be best replaced by | |
| A. division | B. list | C. mixture | D. separation |
| Question 40: What does the word "them" in paragraph 3 refer to? | | | |
| A. auditory learners | B. discussions | C. verbal lectures | D.others |
| Question 41: Which of the follo | wing is NOT true al | out auditory learners? | |
| A. They get information a | and the content of th | e lecturers aurally and o | orally. |
| B. Reciting the lessons al | oud is an effective w | vay to understand the su | ibjects. |
| C. They always fidget wh | en they are indiffere | ent to the lectures. | |
| D. They merely learn we | ell when they are ab | ole to listen to the less | ons clearly. |
| Question 42: The following are | suggested methods to | o attract kinesthetic lear | mers, EXCEPT . |

- A. merging arts-and-crafts activities
- B. integrating projects and sports into the lessons
- C. stimulating them by physical expressions
- D. isolating them in a customary classroom

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: The world is becoming more <u>industrialized</u> and the number of animal <u>species</u> that have becoming <u>extinct</u> <u>have increased</u>.

A. industrialized

B. species

C. extinct

D. have

Question 44: Dams are used to control flooding, provide water for <u>irrigation</u>, and <u>generating</u> electricity for the surrounding area.

A. to control flooding

B. irrigation

C. generating

D. surrounding area

Question 45: It is an interested book which I bought at Ngoc Binh Store last Sunday

A. interested

B. which

C. at

D. last Sunday

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 46: My father is less friendly than my mother.

A.My mother is not as friendly as my father.

B. My mother is less friendly than my father.

C. My father is more friendly than my mother.

D. My father is not as friendly as my mother

Question 47: "I bought these books last week". He said

A. He said he bought these books last week.

B. He said he had bought those books the week before.

C. He said he had bought these books last week

D. He said he bought these books the week before.

Question 48: She probably buys this house next week.

A. She may buy this house next week

B. She must buy this house nexk week

C. She should buy next house next week.

D. She doesn't have to buy this house next week.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49: You can stay in the flat for free, you pay the bills.

- A. Whether you pay the bills or stay in the flat, it is free.
- B. Without the bills paid, you can stay in the free flat.
- C. Unless the flat is free of bills, you cannot stay in it.
- D. Provided you pay the bills, you can stay in the flat for free.

Question 50: It is such an interesting book. I have read it three times

- **A.** Such was the interesting book that I have read it three times.
- B. Should the book be interesting, I have read it three times.
- C. Such interesting was book that I have read it three times.
- **D.** Only if it is an interesting book have I read it three times.