ĐỀ MINH HỌA SỐ 51
THEO HƯỚNG TINH GIẢN BÁM SÁT
ĐỀ MINH HỌA 2020

ĐỀ THI THỬ THPTQG NĂM 2020
CHUẨN CẤU TRÚC CỦA BỘ GIÁO DỤC
Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH
Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

Họ, tên thí sinh: .....
Số báo danh: .....

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1: **A.** thanked **B.** belonged **C.** cooked **D.** laughed

Question 2: **A.** sour **B.** hour **C.** pour **D.** flour

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position ofprimary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 3: **A.** verbal **B.** signal **C.** common **D.** attract

Question 4: **A.** academic **B.** inorganic **C.** understanding **D.** uncertainty

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 5: Everyone thinks that the concert last night was extremely successful,_____?

A.don't they **B.** doesn't he **C.**was it **D.** wasn't it

Question 6: If _____, that tree would look more impressive

A. it is done carefully **B.** being done careful

C. it were careful done **D.** it were done carefully

Question 7: By the year 2060, many people currently employed _____the job.

A. have lost **B.** will be losing **C.** will have lost **D.** are losing

Question 8: Nam is motivated to study _____he knows that a good education can improve his life.

A. so that **B.** therefore **C.** so **D.** because

Question 9: We should make full use _____the Internet as it is an endless source of information

A. of **B.** in **C.** with **D.** from

Question 10: A telephone is a machine .... for the purpose of talking to another person.

A. design B. designer C. designed D. designs.

Question 11: _____, she received a big applause.

A. Once finishing her lecture **B.** Speaking has finished

C. After she finishes speaking **D.** When the speaker finished

Question 12: The new students hope _____ in many of the school's social activities.

A. including **B.** being included **C.** to include **D.** to be included

Question 13: On Christmas Eve children go to bed full___excitement.

A. of B. with C. up D. in

Question 14: It's important to know about how developed countries have solved the urbanization problems and_____ some solutions to those in Viet Nam.

A. think **B.** advise **C.** expect **D.** propose

Question 15: Since he failed his exam, he had to_____for it again

A. pass **B.** make **C.** take **D.** sit

Question 16: Tim's encouraging words gave me_____to undertake the task once again.

A. a point **B.** an incentive **C.** a resolution **D.** a target

Question 17: I've just spent two weeks looking_____an aunt of mine who's been ill.

A. at B. for c. out for D. after

Question 18: You should start revising for your exam as soon as possible. Any delay will result in _____time being lost.

A. invaluable **B.** vital **C.** priceless **D.** conclusive

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 19: School uniform is **compulsory** in most of Vietnamese schools

A. depended **B.** paid **C.** required **D.** divided

Question 20: My sister said that the **journey by sea** was long and boring. However, I found it very interesting.

A. route **B.** flight **C.** excursion **D.** voyage

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 21: Mark was a **reckless** driver. He had been fined for speeding and had his licence suspended for 3 months.

A. dangerous **B.** cautious **C.** patient **D.** considerate

Question 22: Now, when so many frogs were killed, there were **more and more** insects.

A. lesser and lesser **B.** fewer and fewer **C.** lesser and fewer **D.** less and less

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 23: Jack is talking to Mary about watching TV.

- **Jack**: _____?
- **Mary**: Not now, but I used to.

A. Do you watch TV very often **B.** Won't you have some tea

C. Are you going to bed **D.** Did you enjoy it

Question 24: John was in Hanoi and wanted to send a parcel to his parents. He asked a local passer-by the way to the post-office.

- **John**: "Can you show me the way to the nearest post office, please?"
- **Passer-by**: "_____"

A. No way! I hate him. **B.** Just round the corner over there.

C. Look it up in a dictionary! **D.** There's no traffic near here.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 25 to 29.

The warming ot the Earth is caused by exhaust gas from automobile engines, factories and power (25) _____. Carbon dioxide goes up into the atmosphere, and it form a kind of screen that keeps or allows the sunshine in but stop the Earth heat (26) _____getting out. It works like a greenhouse, that's why we call (27) _____the Green House effect.

Because ot this effect, the Earth is getting warmer alt the time. This (28) _____in temperature will cause big changes to the world's climate. The sea level will increase as the ice (29) _____the poles will melt.

Question 25: A. companies **B.** factories **C.** sites **D.** stations

Question 26: A. from **B.** up **C.** against **D.** away

Question 27: A. is **B.** be **C.** it **D.** them

Question 28: A. raise **B.** rise **C.** drop **D.** fall

Question 29: A. covering **B.** covers **C.** covered **D.** cover

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 30 to 34.

In today's competitive world, what responsible parent would not want to give their children the best possible start in life? For this reason, many parents want their children, often as young as ten months old, to become familiar with computers. They seem to think that if their children grow up with computers, they will be better equipped to face the challenges of the future.

No one has proved that computers make children more creative or more intelligent. The truth may even be the opposite. Educational psychologists claim that too much exposure to computers, especially for the very young, may negatively affect normal brain development. Children gain valuable experience of the world from their interaction with physical objects. Ten- month-old babies may benefit more from bumping their heads or putting various objects in their mouths than **they** will from staring at eye-catching cartoons. A four-year-old child can improve hand-eye coordination and understand cause and effect better by experimenting with a crayon than by moving a cursor around a computer screen. So, as educational psychologists suggest, instead of government funding going to more and more computer classes, it might be better to devote resources to music and art programs.

It is **ludicrous** to think that children will fall behind if they are not exposed to computers from an early age. Time is too precious to spend with a "mouse". Now is the time when they should be out there learning to ride a bike. There will be time later on for them to start banging away at keyboards.

Question 30: What would be an appropriate title for this passage?

A. Never too early to start **B.** Let kids be kids

C. Computers in schools **D.** More computers mean brighter future

Question 31: Children who spend a lot of time on their computers _____.

A. do not necessarily make more progress than those who don't.

B. tend to like music and art more than those who don't.

C. will suffer from brain damage.

D. tend to have more accidents than those who don't.

Question 32: The pronoun "**they**" in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

A. heads **B.** babies **C.** objects **D.** mouths

Question 33: What is TRUE according to the passage?

A. It is better for children to take computer lessons than art lessons.

B. Parents should not put off buying a computer for their children.

C. Computers seriously harm children's eyesight.

D. There is no evidence that children who use computers are cleverer than those who do not.

Question 34: The word "**ludicrous**" paragraph 3 mostly means _____.

A. ridiculous **B.** humorous **C.** ironic **D.** sensible

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 35 to 42.

Because writing has become so important in our culture, we sometimes think of it as more real than speech. A little thought, however, will show why speech is primary and writing secondary to language. Human beings have been writing (as far as we can tell from surviving evidence) for at least 5000 years; but they have been talking for much longer, doubtless ever since there have been human beings.

When writing did develop, it was derived from and represented speech, although imperfectly. Even today there are spoken languages that have no written form. Furthermore, we all learn to talk well before we learn to write; any human child who is not severely handicapped physically or mentally will learn to talk: a normal

human being cannot be prevented from doing so. On the other hand, it takes a special effort to learn to write. In the past many intelligent and useful members of society did not acquire the skill, and even today many who speak languages with writing systems never learn to read or write, while some who learn the rudiments of those skills do so only imperfectly.

To affirm the primacy of speech over writing is not, however, to disparage the latter. One **advantage** writing has over speech is that it is more permanent and makes possible the records that any civilization must have. Thus, if speaking makes us human, writing makes us civilized

Question 35: We sometimes think of writing as more real than speech because _____.

A. writing is secondary to language
B. human beings have been writing for at least 5000 years
C. it has become very important in our culture
D. people have been writing since there have been human beings

Question 36: The author of the passage argues that _____.

A. speech is more basic to language than writing
B. writing has become too important in today's society
C. everyone who learns to speak must learn to write
D. all languages should have a written form

Question 37: According to the passage, writing _____.

A. is represented perfectly by speech
B. represents-speech, but not perfectly
C. developed from imperfect speech
D. is imperfect, but less so than speech

Question 38: Normal human beings

A. learn to talk after learning to write
B. learn to write before learning to talk
C. learn to write and to talk at the same time
D. learn to talk before learning to write

Question 39: Learning to write is _____.

A. easy **B.** quick **C.** not easy **D.** very easy

Question 40: In order to show that learning to write requires effort, the author gives the example of _____.

A. people who learn the rudiments of speech
B. severely handicapped children
C. intelligent people who couldn't write
D. people who speak many languages

Question 41: In the author's judgment _____.

A. writing has more advantages than speech
B. writing is more real than speech
C. speech conveys ideas less accurately than writing does
D. speech is essential but writing has important benefits

Question 42: The word "**advantage**" in the last paragraph most closely means

A. "rudiments" **B.** "skill" **C.** "domination" **D.** "benefit"

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43: **The Smiths** **travell rarely** to **the** United States **by plane**.
A **B** **C** **D**

Question 44: **Facebook.com's** server IP address **could not find** in Google Chrome browser
A **B**
because of the error of **Internet connection**.

C D

Question 45: **Whenever** my close friend has some troubles **solving** the **thorny** problems, I am

A B C

willing to give him **an arm**.

D

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 46: If you practise harder, you will have better results.

A. The harder you practise, the best results vou will have.

B. The more hardly you practise, the better results you will have.

C. The hardest you practise, the most results vou will have.

D. The harder you practise, the better results vou will have.

Question 47: "John left here an hour ago," said Jane.

A. Jane told me that John had left there an hour before.

B. Jane said John left there an hour before.

C. Jane told John to have left there an hour before.

D. Jane told me that John to leave there an hour before.

Question 48: It is possible that the fire in the ship was started by a bomb.

A. They say that a bomb started the fire in the ship

B. The fire in the ship might have been started by a bomb

C. It shall be said the fire in the ship had been started by a bomb

D. The fire in the ship is known to have been started by a bomb

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49: . John is fat because he eats so many chips.

A. If John doesn't eat so many chips, he will not be fat.

B. If John didn't eat so many chips, he would not be fat.

C. John is fat though he eats so many chips.

D. being fat, John eats so many chips

Question 50: Just after the play started there was a power failure.

A. No earlier had the play started than there was a power failure.

B. Hardly did the play start then there was a power failure.

C. No sooner did the play start before there was a power failure.

D. Hardly had the play started when there was a power failure.

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